



THE

POETICAL, DRAMATIC,

AND

MISCELLANEOUS WORKS

OF

JOHN GAY.



PRESS NEW YORK



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AND

MISCELLANEOUS WORKS

OF

JOHN GAY.

IN SIX VOLUMES.

TO WHICH IS PREFIXED.

DR. JOHNSON'S

BIOGRAPHICAL AND CRITICAL PREFACE.

YOLUME THE FOURTHDED

CONTAINING

P NORMANDALY STATE JUNIOR COLLEGE 9700 FRANCE AVENUE SOUTH BLOOMINGTON, M.NNESOTA 55431

LONDON:

Printed for EDWARD JEFFERY, opposite Carlton Houses
Pall-Mall.

M.DCC.XCV.

[Price in Boards One Pound Four Shillings.]

Reprinted from a copy in the Harvard College Library

Reprinted from the edition of 1795, London First AMS EDITION published 1970 Manufactured in the United States of America

International Standard Book Number:
Complete Set 0-404-02790-3
Volume 4 0-404-02794-6

Library of Congress Number: 73-137415

AMS PRESS INC. NEW YORK, N.Y. 10003

AN

ACCOUNT

OF THE

LIFE AND WRITINGS

OF THE

AUTHOR.

TR. JOHN GAY was born at or near Barn-I stable, in Devonshire, and educated at the freeschool there, under Mr. William Rayner, the master, who was well qualified to give him a just taste of clasfical learning. Being descended of an ancient family, whose estate was greatly impaired, his friends thought proper to place him in a way of improving his fortune by trade. In this defign he was put apprentice to a filk mercer in London. But this station not suiting his liberal spirit, he began to shew his disgust to a shop, almost from his first entrance therein; and giving little attendance, and less attention to the business, he in a few years procured a release upon easy terms, and took a final leave of his mafter. Having thus honourably got free from all restraint, he followed the bent of his genius, and foon gave the public some admirable proofs of the character for which he was formed by nature; by writing his Rural Sports, a georgic, which he address'd to Mr. Pope.

These first specimens of his poetical talents, added to the sweetness of his temper, and an almost unexampled simplicity of manners, immediately procured him the esteem and affection of his brother poets; and A 3 particularly

particularly endeared him to Mr. Pope, who was of the fame age with him. In the society of such friends he passed a few years, cultivating his muse in that kind of improvident indolence and independency, which alone could make him perfectly happy. But his taste of life being too elegant for his fortune, he gladly accepted an offer made him in 1712, of living with the duchess of Monmouth, as her secretary. This situation set him at sull leisure to indulge his poetic vein; and the year following he composed his Shepterd's Week, and publish'd it, with a dedication to lord Bolingbroke, in 1714. The same year he resign'd his post under the duchess, being appointed to attend the earl of Clarendon, in the like character, on an embassy from queen Anne, to the court of Hanover.

The queen's death put an end to all his towering hopes: however, upon his return home, he was receiv'd with the warmest welcome, by his friend beforemention'd; who advised him to push the advantage which his last employ had given him, of being perfonally known to the new fovereign, and his family. Accordingly he foon after took the opportunity of making his court to the princess of Wales, afterwards queen Carcline, on the arrival of her royal highuess in England. This compliment was well received, and our author's farce, call'd The What d'ye Call it, being brought on the stage before the end of the season, both their toyal highnesses honoured it with their presence. The very kind reception he met with from persons of the first distinction at this time, fill'd him with hopes of more substantial favours; and the failure of these made too deep an impression upon his tender nature, which upon that account was but ill-fuited to the wavering state of a stender fortune. To divert this melancholy, Mr. Pulteney took our author with him to Aix, in France, in the year 1717, and the following year, he was invited by lord Harcourt to his feat in Oxfordkire.

In 1720, he published his poems, in quarto, by subscription, with good success; but this was presently fently damp'd, by the losses that befel him in the stocks that remarkable year; so that by degrees, he sell into such an utter despondency, as being attended with the cholic, brought his life in danger. In this unhappy situation he removed, for the benesit of the air, in 1722, to Hampstead. Recovering from this disorder, in 1724, he sinished his tragedy, call'd The Captives; and having the honour of reading it to her royal highness the princess of Wales, he was farther encouraged to write a set of Fables in verse, for the use of the late duke of Cumberland: these he publish'd in 1726, with a suitable dedication to that prince, who was then very young.

Upon the accession of his late majesty to the crown, the following year, in settling the queen's houshold, the post of gentleman usher to the princess Louisa was mark'd out for Mr. Gay; but he declin'd the offer, as unworthy of him: and being much disfatisfied at not being better provided for, the following copy of verses were soon after handed about in manuscript, which having never been printed, are here presented to the reader.

A mother who vast pleasure finds. In forming of her children's minds ; In midst of whom with vast delight, She passed many a winter's night; Mingles in every play, to find What bias nature gave the mind; Resolving thence to take her aim, To guide them to the realms of fame; And wifely make those realms their way To those of everlasting day; Each boist'rous passion she'd controul, And early humanise the soul, The noblest notions would inspire, As they were sitting by the fire; Her offspring, conscious of her care, Transported hung around her chair. Of Scripture heroes would she tell, Whose names they'd lisp, ere they could spell;

A 4

Then the delighted mother smiles, And shews the story in the tiles. At other times her themes would be, The sages of antiquity; Who lest a glorious name behind, By being blessings to their kind: Again she'd take a noble scope, And tell of Addison and Pope.

This happy mother met one day, A book of fables writ by Gay; And told her children, Here's a treasure, A fund of wifdom, and of pleafure. Such decency! such elegance! Such morals, such exalted sense ! Well has the poet found the art, To raise the mind, and mend the heart. Her favourite boy the author feiz'd. And as he read, feem'd highly pleas'd a Made such restections every page, The mother thought above his age: Delighted read, but scarce was able To finish the concluding fable. What ails my child? the mother cries. Whose forrows now have fill'd your eyes? Oh! dear mamma, can he want friends. Who writes for fuch exalted ends. Oh! bale degenerate human kind, Had I a fortune to my mind, Shou d Gay complain? but now alas, Through what a world am I to pass! Where friendship's but an empty name, And merit's scarcely paid in same.

Refolv'd to lull his woes to rest, She told him he should hope the best; That who instruct the royal race, Can't fail of some distinguish'd place. Mamma, if you were queen, says he, And such a book was writ for me; I know 'tis so much to your taste, 'That Gay would keep his coach at least. My child, what you suppose is true;. I see its excellence in you; Poets whose writings mend the mind, A noble recompence should find: But I am barr'd by fortune's frowns, From the best privilege of crowns; The glorious godlike power to bless. And raise up mericin distress.

But dear mamma, I long to know, Were that the case, what you'd bestow: What I'd bestow, says she, my dear, At least sive hundred pounds a year.

The famous Beggar's Opera appeared upon the slage early in the ensuing season; and was received with greater applause than was ever known: besides being asted in London 63 nights without interruption, and renewed the next season with equal applause, it spread into all the great towns of England; was play'd in many places to the 30th and 40th time; and at. Earb and Brissol 50 times.

The ladies carried about with them the favourite fongs of it in fans, and houses were furnish'd with it in screens. The same of it was not confined to the author only. The person who acted Polly, 'til then obscure, became all at once the favourite of the town; her pictures were engraved, and fold in great numhers; her life written; books of letters and verses to her published, and pamphlets made even of her sayings and jests. Furthermore, it drove out of England, for that season, the Italian opera, which had carried all before it for several years. Dr. Savist attributes this unprecedented, and almost incredible success, to a peculiar merit in the performance; wherein what we call the point of humour is exactly hit: a point, he observes, which whoever can rightly touch, will never fail of pleasing a great majority; and which in its perfection, is allowed to be much preferable to wit, if it be not rather the most useful and agreeable species of it.

A 5

The unparalleled success of that piece induced him, in 1729, to write a second part, call'd Polly; the representation of which on the stage, being torbid by the lord chamberlain, our author thought proper to print it by subscription, in quarto; and the advantage he made of it, that way, was deem'd a sufficient ballance for any supposed damage from the prohibition, especially as he was taken immediately into the protection of the duke and duches of Queenfberry, who made his case their own, and used him with an uncommon degree of kindness.

But all these extraordinary favours were not able entirely to remove a certain painful sense of his ill fortune at court. In a little time he relapsed into his old distemper, the cholic; after which he lived, or rather languished the remainder of his days, under an incurable dejection of spirits, residing mostly at Amesbury, a seat of his noble patrons, near Stonebenge, upon Salisbury plain; in so sweet a retirement, he was not without some chearful intervals, which he still enjoyed in the company of his muse. In the winter seasons he came with the family to London, and was at their house in Burlington-Gardens, when he was suddenly seized with a violent inflammatory sever, which in three days put a period to his life, on the 4th of December, 1732; and his body was interred. on the 23d of the same month, in Westminster-Abbey, the pall being supported by the earl of Chesterfield, lord viscount Cornbury, the honourable Mr. Berkley, general Dormer, Mr. Gore, and Mr. Pope; the fervice being performed by the dean, the choir attending.

An elegant monument is fince erected to his memory, with the following infeription, written by Mr. Pope.

Of manners gentle, of affections mild,
In wit a man, simplicity a child;
Above temptation in a low estate,
And uncorrupted e'en among the great.
A safe companion, and an easy friend,
Unblam'd through life, lamented in thy end:
These are thy honours! not that here thy bust
Is mix'd with heroes, or with kings thy dust;
But that the worthy and the good shall say,
Striking their pensive bosoms—— Here lies GAX.

Here lie the ashes of Mr. John Gay,
The warmest friend;
The most benevolent man:
Who maintained
Independency
In low circumstances of fortune;
Integrity
In the midst of a corrupt age;
And that equal ferenity of mind,
Which conscious goodness alone can give,
Through the whole course of his life.

Favourite of the Muses,
He was led by them to every elegant art;
Refin'd in taste,
And fraught with graces all his own:
In various kinds of poetry
Superior to many,
Inserior to none,
His works continue to inspire
What his example taught,
Contempt of folly, however adorn'd;
Detestation of vice, however disgraced.
Reverence of virtue, however disgraced.

Charles and Catherine, duke and duches of Queenfberry, who loved this excellent man living, and regret him dead; have caused this monument to be erected so his memory. Mr. Gay died intestate, so that his fortune fell, as he desired it should, to his two widow sisters. The week before his death, he gave the play-house his opera, call'd Achilles, which was acted soon after with great applause. He lest behind him a comedy, call'd The Distress'd Wise; the second edition of which was printed in 1750; and a humorous farce, call'd The Rehearsal at Gotham; both which are printed at the end of this volume,

THE

CAPTIVES.

A

TRAGEDY.

Splendidè mendax, & in omne Virgo Nobilis ævum. Hon.



HER ROYAL HIGHNESS

THE

PRINCESS.

MADAM,

ROYAL HIGHNESS, in being permitted to read this play to you before it was acted, made me more happy than any other success that could have happened to me. If it had the good fortune to gain Your ROYAL HIGHNESS'S approbation, I have been often reflecting to what to impute it, and I think, it must have been the Catastrophe of the fable,

DEDICATION.

fable, the rewarding virtue, and the relieving the distressed: For that could not fail to give you some pleasure in siction, which, it is plain, gives you the greatest in reality; or else Your ROYAL HIGH-NESS would not (as you always have done) make it your daily practice.

I am,

MADAM,

Your Royal Highness's

most dutiful

and most humbly devoted Servant,.

JOHN GAY.

PROLOGUE.

SPOKEN BY MR. WILKS.

I Wish some author, careless of renown,
Would without formal prologue risque the town. For what is told you by this useless ditty? Only that tragedy should move your pity: That ruhen you fee theatric heroes shown, Their virtues you should strive to make your own. What gain we by this folemn way of teaching? Our precepts mend your lives no move than preaching: Since then our Bard declines this beaten path; What if we lash'd the critics into wrath? Poets should ne'er be drones; mean, barmless things; But guard, like bees, their labours by their stings. That mortal sure must all ambition smother, Who dares not burt one man to please another. What, fink a joke! That's but a mere pretence? He shows most wit, who gives the most offence. But still our squeamish author satire leaths, As children, physic; or as women, oaths. He knows be's at the bar, and must submit ; For ev'ry man is born a judge of wit. How can you err? Plays are like paintings try'ds. You first enquire the band, and then decide: Yet judge bim not before the curtain draws,

Lest a fair hearing should reverse the cause.

Dramatis Personæ.

MEN.

Phraortes, Mr. Wilks.
Sophernes, Mr. Booth.
Hydarnes, Mr. Mills.
Araxes, Mr. Williams.
Orbasius, Mr. Bridgewater
Magi.

Conspirators.

WOMEN.

Astarbe, Mrs. Porter.
Captive, Mrs. Oldfield.
Doraspe, Mrs. Campbell.

THE

CAPTIVES.

ACTI.

SCENE, The Palace.

HYDARNES, CONSPIRATORS.

oft Conspirator.

Is night near spent?

2d Confp. 'Tis yet the dead of night;
And not a glimm'ring ray behind you hills

Fore runs the morning's dawn.

1st Consp. Thus far w'are safe.

2d Confp. Silence and sleep throughout the palace reign.

1st Consp. Success is now secure. 2d Consp. Are all assembled?

1st Consp. Our number's not complete. 2d Consp. What, not yet come!

Those two were over-zealous. It looks ill.

1st Consp. Why fear yet I'm their pledge. I know them brave.

They'll soon be with us and partake our glory.

Hyd. What mean these murmurs?

Our enterprize is foil'd, and we are lost,

Hyd. My vengeful heart pants for the glorious deed, And my thirst quickens for Phraestes' blood. Why stops the lazy night?—O morning, rife; Call up the drowly priess to the day's task;

The king to day the holy hill ascends, And proftrate falls before the rising sun.

If Confp. The fun shall rise, but rise to him no more.

For as he passes from the royal chamber. This strikes him home.

2d Con/p. Let cach man give him death.

We cannot be too fure.

Hyd. Revenge is mine.

By him my father fell, by him my brothers;

They fail'd, they perish'd in the great design:
Success and vengeance are reserved for me.

My father led the Median hosts to battle,
And all the hosts of Media sung his triumphs.

Ist Consp. The people's hearts were his.

Hyd. The people saw
His royal virtues. He, to please his country,
Grasp'd at the sceptre which Phraortes holds.
For this he susser'd ignominious death:
His house was raz'd; my brave, unhappy brothers
Fell in his ruin; I alone escap'd;
In banishment I've sigh'd whole years away,
Unknown, forgot.—But now, even in his glory,
Now, while he leads the Persan princes captive,
And overslows whole nations with his armies,
I'll stab him to the heart.

2d Confp. What found was that?

1/f Confp. Lights pass across the rooms, and hasty steps

Move to the king's apartment. Sleep is fled, And all the palace lives; Phraortes wakes.

2d Consp. Hush! hark again!

1st Consp. The ecchoes of the night

Catch ev'ry whisper.

2d Consp. Some have overheard us.

if Coup. It must be so. The guards have took the

Our lives, (what's worse) our enterprize is lost!

2d Confp. Retreat, my friends; let us reserve ourselves. For some more prosp'rous hour.

Hyd. You raise up phantoms,

Then start at them yourselves. Some sickly qualm Has wan't the king too soon. Hencespring your sears,

Hence grows this mean surprize. Are these your boasts? Danger but whets the edge of resolution, And at each noise I grasp my dagger faster. Is every thing dispos'd to give th' alarm Among the Persian captives? Hope of freedom Will arm them on our side.

Ist Consp. Were the blow struck, The rest would follow.

Hyd. See a gleam of light

Darts from the king's apartment. Man your hearts, Be firm, be ready. Let not trembling fear Misguide your aim; let ev'ry wound be mortal.

1st Confp. This way and that way danger presses

Where shall we fly? The tread of nimble feet Hurries from room to room, and all the palace Swarms as at noon.

2d Confp. Let us consult our safety.

1/f Con/p. To stay and to be taken is despair; And what's despair? but poor, mean cowardice. By timely caution heroes are preserv'd For glorious enterprize, and mighty kingdoms Are levell'd with the dust.

Hyd. Withdraw yourselves. Be still, and listen. These will best inform us If still it may be done; or if the blow Must be deserr'd. But hush, they come upon us.

Enter Orbasius, Araxes, at one door; two Magi at the other, servants with lights. Hydarnes and Conspirators listning.

Ara. Whence come ye, rev'rend fathers; why these looks

Of terror and amaze? why gaze ye back
As if the strides of Death stalk'd close behind you?

1/1 Mag. The king ev'n at this solemn hour of night Sent privately to call us to his presence.

Ye Gods preserve him!

Ara. Why this wild confusion? In ev'ry passing face I read suspicion,

[People crossing the stage.

And haggard sear. Has sickness seiz'd the king,

And groans he with the latest pang of death? Speak forth your terrors.

2d Mag. May Phraories live!

Orba. Tell us the cause. If violence or treachery,

Our duty bids us interpose our lives

Between the king and death. O heaven, defend him!

1st Mag. The king, disturb'd by visionary dreams,
Bade the most learn'd magicians stand before him.

We stood before the king; and the king trembled
While he declar'd his dream; and thus I spoke:

O may the great Phraortes live for ever!

· Avert the dire presages of the dream!

This night the Gods have warn'd thee to beware

Of deep-laid treasons, ripe for execution;

Affassination lurks within the palace,

And murder grasps the dagger for the blow.
If the king trust his steps beyond his chamber,

I see him bleed! I hear his dying groan!

Obey the voice of Heaven. 2d Mag. The king is wife;

And therefore to the will of Heaven affented;
Nor will he trust his life, a nation's safety,
From out the royal chamber. See the dawn
Breaks in the East, and calls us to devotion.
It is not man, but 'tis the Gods he scars. [Ex. Magi.

Hyd. Let's quit the palace while retreat is fafe.

The deed must be deferr'd. Revenge, be calm.

This day is his, to-morrow shall be ours.

[Ex. Conspirators on one side. Enter guards on the other.
Orba. See that each centinel is on strict watch.
Let all the guards be doubled; bar the gates.
That not a man pass forth without observance.

[Ex. a party of foldiers.

Go you; and with the utmost vigilance Search ev'ry room; for treason lies in wait,

[Ex. a party of foldiers.

Ara. Divide yourselves this instant o'er the palace,

Think Media is in danger; and remember

That he who takes a traytor, faves the king.

[Excunt foldiers.

Orba. Whence can these dangers threaten?

Ara. From the Persians.

Captivity's a yoke that galls the shoulders

Of new-made flaves, and makes them bold and refty. He that is born in chains may tamely bear them; But he that once has breath'd the air of freedom, Knows life is nothing when deprived of that. Our lord the king has made a people flaves, And every flave is virtuously rebellious. I fear the Persian prince.

Orba. You injure him.

I know him, have convers'd with him whole days, And ev'ry day I stronger grew in virtue.

Load not th' unhappy with unjust suspicion; Adversity ne'er shakes the heart of honour:

He who is found a villain in distress,

Was never virtuous.

Ara. Who suspects his virtue? 'Tis not dishonest to demand our right; And freedom is the property of man.

Orba. That glorious day when Persia was subdu'd, Sophernes fought amidst a host of foce, Distaining to survive his country's fate: When the whole torrent of the war rush'd on, Phraortes interpos'd his shield, and sav'd him. And canst thou think this brave, this gen'rous prince Would stab the man to whom he owes his life?

Ara. Whoever is, must feel himself, a slave, And 'tis worth struggling to shake off his chains.

Orba. But gratitude has cool'd his foul to patience. Ingratitude's a crime the Persians hate; Their laws are wise, and punish it with death.

Enter Guards with Sophernes.

Ara. Behold, Orbasius; have I wrong'd your friend? Behold a slave oblig'd by gratitude
To wear his chains with patience! This is he
Phraortes honours with his royal favours!
This is the man that I accus'd unjustly!
Soldiers, advance, and bring the prisoner near us.
Soph. Why am I thus insulted? why this force?
If this a crime to be unfortunate.

If 'tis a crime to be unfortunate,

I well deserve this usage.

Ara. 'Tis our duty.

If you are innocent, let justice c'ear you.

Orbasius, to your charge I leave the prince; Mean while I'll fearch the palace. On this instant Perhaps the fasety of the king depends. Come, foldiers, there are others to be taken, Mine be that care. I'll bring them face to face, When each man conscious of the other's crime. Shall in his guilty look confess his own. Guard him with strictness, as you prize your life.

Exit Araxes.

Orba. Keep off a while, and leave us to ourselves. Guards retire to the back part of the flage. I own, I think this rash suspicion wrongs you; For murder is the mean revenge of cowards, And you are brave.

Soph. By whom am I accus'd? Let him stand forth. Of murder, murder-fay you? Bear I the marks of an abandon'd wretch? How little man can fearch the heart of man!

Orba. Our priests are train'd up spies by education: They pry into the secrets of the state, And then, by way of prophecy, reveal them: 'Tis by such artifice they govern kings. The last night's rumour of conspiracy Form'd the king's dream, and from that very rumour They venture to speak out, what we but whisper'd. 'Twas they that call'd us to this early watch. 'Twas they inform'd us that affaffination Lies hid, ev'n now, within the palace walls. And we but execute the king's command In feizing all we find.

Sopb. It is your duty, And I submit. You cannot be too watchful To guard the life of such a worthy prince. I saw his prowess in the rage of battle, I found his mercy in the flush of conquest. Do not I share his palace, though a captive? What can set limits to his gen'rous soul, Or close his lib'ral hand? Am I a viper, To sting the man that warms me in his bosom?

Orba. Why is power given into the hands of kings. But to distinguish virtue and protect it? If then Phraeries loves and honours you,

Thy feek you thus to nourish your missortunes With midnight walks and pensive solitude?

Soph. To lose the pomp and glories of a crown, Is not a circumstance so soon forgot!
But I have humbled me to this affliction.
To lead the slower of Fersia forth to battle, And meet with overthrow and soul deseat, Is no such trisse in a soldier's breast!
But I submit; for 'tis the will of Heaven.
To see a father bleed amidst the carnage, Must touch the heart of silial piety.
Why was his lot not mine? His fall was glorious. To see my brave, but now unhappy people Bow down their necks in shameful servitude, Is not a spectacle of slight compassion.
All these calamities I have subdu'd, But—my dear wise! Cylene!

Orba. Still there's hope.

Can you support the load of real ills,

And fink beneath imaginary forrows?

Perhaps she still may live. Soph. Had I that hope,

'Twou'd banish from my heart all other cares.
Perhaps she still may live! no: 'tis impossible.
When storms of arrows clatter'd on our shields,
Love arm'd her breast, and where I led, she follow'd;
Then vict'ry broke our ranks, and like a torrent
Bore my Cylene from my sight for ever.
But say, she did survive that satal day;
Was she not then the spoil of some rude soldier,
Whose blood was riotous and hot with conquest?
—Who can gaze on her beauty and resist it!
Methinks I see her now, ev'n now before me,
The hand of lust is tangled in her hair
And drags her to his arms:—
I see her snatch the dagger from his grasp,
And resolutely plunge it in her bosom.

Orba. Yet think the may have found a milder fate. All foldiers are not of that favage temper; May the not chance to be some brave man's captive? And valour ever lov'd to shield distress.

Sepb. Can I think thus? I cannot be so happy.

Orba. Is still the king a stranger to this forrow,
That day and night lies rankling in your breast?
Soph. A grateful heart is all I've lest to pay him.
Phraortes is as liberal as Heaven,
And daily pours new benefits upon me.
Last night he led me to the royal garden,
(His talk all bent to soften my missortunes)
Like a fond friend he grew inquisitive,

And drew the story from me. Orba. All his heart

Is turn'd to your relief. What further happen'd?
Soph. The king was mov'd. and straight sent forth
commands

That all the female captives of his triumph Should stand before his presence. Thus (says he) Unhappy prince, I may retrieve your peace, And give Cylene to your arms again. O source of light! O Sun, whose piercing eye Views all below on earth, in sea or air; Who at one glance can comprehend the globe, Who ev'ry where art present, point me out Where my Cylene mourns her bitter bondage; If she yet live!

Orba. Why will you fear the worst?
Why seek you to anticipate missortune?
The king commands. Obedience on swift wing
Flies through his whole dominions to redress you;
From hence you soon will learn what chance befell her.
'Tis soon enough to seel our adverse fortune
When there's no room for hope. This last distress
I know must move the king to tend'rest pity.

Sopb. He dwelt on ev'ry little circumstance,

And as I talk'd, he sigh'd.

Orba. It reach'd his heart.

A tale of love is suel to a lover.

Phraortes dotes with such excess of fondness,

All his pursuits are lost in that of love.

Astarbe suffers him to hold the sceptre,

But she directs his hand which way to point.

The king's decrees were firm and absolute,

Not the whole earth's consederate powers could shake

'em':

But now a frown, a smile, from fair Aftarte, Renders them light as air.

Soph. If you have lov'd, You cannot think this strange.

Orba. Yet this same woman,
'To whom the king has given up all himself,
Can scarce prevail upon her haughty temper
'To show dissembled love. She loves his power,
She loves his treasures; but she loaths his person:
'Thus ev'ry day he buys dissimulation.
Whene'er a woman knows you in her power,
She never fails to use it.

Soph. That's a fure proof
Of cold indifference and fixt dislike.
In love both parties have the power to govern,
But neither claims it. Love is all compliance.
Astarbe seem'd to me of gentlest manners,
A tender softness languish'd in her eyes,
Her voice, her words, bespoke an easy temper.
I thought I scarce had ever seen till then

Such beauty and humility together.

Orba. How beauty can mif-lead and cheat our reason! The queen knows all the ways to use her charms In their full force, and Media scels their power. Whoever dares dispute her hourly will, Wakens a busy fury in her bosom. Sure, never love exerted greater sway; For her he breaks through all the regal customs, For she is not confin'd like former queens, But with controling power enjoys full freedom. I am to blame, to talk upon this subject.

Soph. My innocence had made me quite forget
That I'm your prisoner. Load me with distresses,
'They better suit my state. I've lost my kingdom,
A palace ill besits me. I'm a captive,
And captives should wear chains. My fellow soldiers
Now pine in dungeons, and are gall'd with irons,
And I the cause of all! Why live I thus
Amidst the pomp and honours of a court?
Why breathe I morn and ev'n in fragrant bewers?
Why am I suffer'd to behold the day?
For I am lost to ev'ry sense of pleasure.

B 2

Give me a dungeon, give me chains and darkness; Nor courts, nor fragrant bowers, nor air, nor day-light Give me one glimpse of joy—O lost Cylene!

Orba. Misfortunes are the common lot of man, And each man has his share of diffrent kinds: He who has learnt to bear them best is happiest. But see, Araxes comes with guards and prisoners.

Enter Araxes, Hydarnes, Conspirators, with guards.

Arax. Behold your leader. Where are now your hopes
[To the Conspirators.

Of murd'ring kings and over-turning nations? See with what stedsast eyes they gaze upon him, As thinking him the man that has betray'd them. Angry suspicion frowns on ev'ry brow; They know their guilt, and each mistrusts the other. We seiz'd them in th' attempt to make escape, All arm'd, all desperate, all of them unknown, And ev'ry one is obstinately dumb. [To Orba. I charge you, speak. Know you that prisoner there? Ay, view him well. Confess, and merit grace. What, not a word! Will you accept of life? [To Hyd. Speak, and 'tis granted. Tortures shall compel you. Will you, or you, or you, or any of you? What, all resolv'd on death! Bring forth the chains.

[Exit soldier.

Orba. Be not too rash, nor treat the prince too roughly.

He may be innocent.

Arax. You are too partial. I know my duty. Just ce treats alike Those who alike offend, without regard To dignity or office. Bring the chains.

[Enter feldiers with chains.
Orba. This over zeal perhaps may give offence,
The prince is treated like no common flave.
Phraortes thives to lessen his assistion,
Nor would he add a sigh to his distresses:
Astarbe too will talk to him whole hours,
With all the tender manners of her sex,
To shorten the long tedious days of bondage.
I'll be his guard. My life shall answer for him.

Ara. My life must answer for him. He's my charge, And this is not a time for courtesy.

Are you still resolute and bent on death?

[To the Conspirators.

Once more I offer mercy. When the torture Cracks all your finews and disjoints your bones, And death grins on you, arm'd with all his terrors, "Twill loofe your stubborn tongue. Know ye this man? Hyd. We know him not; nor why we wear these chains.

We ask no mercy, but appeal to justice.

Now you know all we know: lead to our dungeons.

[Ex. Hyd. and Conspirators, guarded. Orba. How have you wrong'd the prince! their

shameful irons

Should not difgrace the hands of innocence. Let's fet him free.

Let's let nim free.

Ara. This is all artifice,

To let their leader 'scape. Guards, take him hence, And let him be confin'd till further orders.

Soph. Who shall plead for me in a foreign land! My words will find no faith; for I'm a stranger: And who holds friendship with adversity? So fate may do its worst. I'm tir'd of life.

[Exit, guarded.

Ara. I've done my duty, and I've done no more. Why wear you that concern upon your brow? It misbecomes you in this time of joy. Straight let us to the king, and learn his pleasure. Justice is ours, but mercy's lodg'd in him.

Orba. I never can believe the prince so vile To mix with common murderers and assassins. I think him virtuous, and I share his suff'rings. All generous souls must strong reluctance sind, In heaping sorrows on th' asslicted mind. [Excunts.]

A C T II.

SCENE, The Queen's Apartment.

ASTARBE.

And make it seem a day! a tedious day!
What not yet come! the wonted hour is past:
In vain I turn my eye from walk to walk,
Sophernes is not there.—Here, every morn
I watch his pensive steps along the garden,
And gaze and wish ill I am lost in love!
What not yet come! But hark! methinks I hear
'The sound of seet! How my heart pants and slutters!
No. 'Twas the wind that shook yon cypress boughs.
Where are my views of wealth, of power, of state?

They're blotted from my mind. I've lost ambition.
O love, thou hast me all. My dreams, my thoughts,
My every wish is center'd in Sophernes.
Hence, Shame, thou rigid tyrant of our sex,
I throw thee off—and I'll avow my passion.
Dorape. I can bear to think no longer. [Sits agair.

Enter Doraspe.

Dor. Why fits the queen thus overcast with thought? Is majesty all plac'd in outward pomp? Is it a queen, to have superior cares? And to excell in sorrows and distresses? 'Tis in your power to have superior pleasures, And seel yourself a queen.

Aft. This mighty empire
I know I do command, and him that rules it.
That was a pleasure once, but now 'tis past!
To you alone I have disclos'd my heart.
I know you faithful.

Der. What avails my service?

Can I redress you? can I calm your mind?

Ast. Thou know'st, Doraspe, amidst all this power, That I'm a slave, the very worst of slaves.

The yoke of bondage, and the dungeon's horrors, Are easy suff'rings, if compar'd with mine. I am confin'd to dwell with one I hate, Confin'd fer life to suffer nauseous love, Like a poor mercenary prostitute: His fondness is my torture.

Dor. Love is a pleasure for inferior minds; Your lot is rais'd above that vulgar passion. Ambition is the pleasure of the great, That fills the heart, and leaves no room for love. Think you're a queen, enjoy your pomp, your power; Love is the paradise of simple shepherds.

You hold a iceptre.

Aft. O insipid greatness! She who has never lov'd, has never liv'd. All other views are artificial pleasures For fluggish minds, incapable of love. My feul is form'd for this sublimer passion: My heart is temper'd for the real joy; I figh, I pant, I burn, I'm fick of love! Yes, Media, I renounce thy purple honours. Rifes. Farewell the pomp, the pageantry of state, Farewell ambition, and the lust of empire; I've now no passion, no desire but love. O may my eyes have power!—I ask no more. Where stays Sophernes? Were he now before me, My tongue should own what oft my eyes have spoke, For love has humbled pride.—Why this intrusion? Who call'd you here a witness to my frailties? Away and leave me.

Dor. I obey my queen.

Aft. Doraspe, stay. Excuse this start of passion; My mind is torn with wishes, doubts, and sears; I had forgot myself.—Should fortune frown, And tear the diadem from off my brow, Couldst thou be follower of my adverse sortune? I think thou couldst.

Dor. If I might give that proof, Without your fufferings, I could wish the trial; So firm I know my heart.

Aft. Life, like the seasons, Is intermix'd with sun-shine days and tempests.

Prosperity has many thousand friends; They swarm around us in our summer hours, But vanish in the storm.

Dor. What means my queen,

To wound her faithful fervant with suspicion?

Ast. Whene'er my mind is vex'd and torn with troubles,

In thee I always find the balm of counsel: And can I then mistrust thee? No, Dorasse, Suspicion ne'er with-held a thought from thee, Thou know'st the close recesses of my heart: And now, ev'n now, I sty to thee for comfort.

Dor. How my foul longs to learn the queen's-

Aft. When conquest over-power'd my father's legions, We were made captives of the war together; Phraortes saw me, rais'd me to his throne; Heav'n knows with what reluctance I consented ! For my heart loath'd him. But, O curs'd ambition ! I gave myself a victim to his love, To be a queen, the outside of a queen. I then was, what I'm now, a wretch at heart! Whene'er I was condemn'd to hours of dalliance. All Media's gems lay glitt'ring at my feet, To buy a finile, and bribe me to compliance. But what's ambition, glory, riches, empire? The wish of misers, and old doating courtiers; My heart is fill'd with love-Go, my Doraspe, Enquire the cause that has detain'd Sophernes From his accustom'd walk. --- I'm fix'd, determin'd, To give up all for love. — A life of love. With what impatience shall I wait thy coming ! Dor. Happy Suphernes!

L'st. If you chance to meet him,
'Talk of me to him, watch his words, his eyes;
Let all you say be turn'd to weak desire;
Prepare him for the happy interview,
For my heart bursts, and I must tell it all.
To what an abject state am I reduc'd?
'To proffer love! Was beauty given for this?
Yes. 'Tis more gen'rous; and I'll freely give

What kneeling monarchs had implor'd in vain.

Dor. This well rewards him for an empire lost.

Aft. Have I not caught the eyes of wond'ring nations,. While warm desire has glow'd on ev'ry cheek,. Ev'n when I wore the pride of majesty?. When opportunity awakes desire,
Can he then gaze, insensible of beauty?
When ardent wishes speak in ev'ry glance,
When love and shame by turns in their full force,
Now pale, now red, possess my guilty cheek;
When heaving breasts, and sighs, and kindling blushess
Give the most strong assurance of consent,
In the convincing eloquence of love;
Will he then want a proof that's less sincere?
And must I speak?—O love, direct my lips,
And give me courage in that hour of shame!

Enter Doraspe.

Dor. May the queen never know a moment's forrow; Nor let my words offend!—the prince Sophernes, Leagu'd with a crew of daring desperate men, Had meditated to destroy Phraortes, And let loose war and rapine o'er the land. But Heav'n has made their machinations vain; And they now groan in dungeons.

Ast. Then I'm wretched,.
And ev'ry pleasing view of life is lost.
Was it confirm'd? or was it only rumour?

Der. Araxes said Sophernes was his prisoner.
My haste would not allow me further question:
And this is all I learnt.

Aft. Have I not power? I have. Why then, I'll give Sophernes freedom, I'll give him life.—I think you nam'd Araxes; That man to me owes all his growth of fortune; And if I judge him right, he's very grateful. Tell him the queen admits him to her presence.

O Heaven! I thank thee for this blest occasion. Did ever proof of fondness equal mine? And sure so strong a proof must find return. With what excess of transport shall I go

B 5

To lead him forth from heavy chains and darkness, To liberty and love !- But see, Araxes.

Enter Araxes.

Ara. All health attend the mighty queen of Media. Aft. I'm told, Araxes, that the Persian prince Hath join'd in horrid league, and hath conspir'd The murther of my lord and king Phraortes. Speak forth; fay what thou know'ft.

Ara. The hand of heaven Protects the king; and all the black design

Is shewn in open daylight. The foul traitor Is taken in the snares of death he laid. Sophernes is my charge. O base ingratitude, That he, whom the king honour'd next himself, That he, whom the king's mercy spar'd in battle, Should mix with vile affaffins! Justice longs To punish the vast crime.

Ait. Owns he the guilt?

Ara. No. With the calmest face of innocence, With looks known only to hypocrify, He folemnly deny'd it.

Aft. Is he confin'd?

Ara. Yes, with the strictest guard and heaviest irons. The prison joining to the queen's apartment Lodges the horrid crew in sep'rate dungeons. To-day the king will mount the judgment-feat, And death shall be their portion.

Aft. Is Sopbernes Stubborn and fullen? made he no confession? I often have convers'd with that vile man. That hypocrite, whose talk was always honest. How have I been deceiv'd !- Yet, ere his sentence. With secrecy I fain once more would see him.

Ara. I'm happy to obey my queen's commands. His prison lies so close to these apartments. That unobserv'd I can conduct him hither.

Aft. I know thee faithful, and fuch ready zeal Shall always find reward. [Exit.

Ara. The queen is gracious.

Aft. Now my defign is ripe for execution. Then let Doraspe well consult her heart, If the will thare with me all change of fortune.

Dor. Doubt not your faithful servant. I'm prepar'd. I know, however heinous is his crime, Your intercession always must prevail. His gratitude will kindle into love, And in possession every wish be lost.

Aft. How little thou hast div'd into my thoughts! My purpoles are otherways determin'd. I'll shake off bondage, and abandon empire; For him disrobe myself of majesty; Then to my native Parthia will I fly,

With all my foul holds dear-my guide Sophernes. Dor. Let me not find my gracious queen's displeasure If I diffent, and offer other counsel. Why will you quit your crown; why fly from Media?

Does jealousy restrain your liberty? Your love, your empire, both are in your power.

Aft. Mine's not the common passion of our sex, Which ev'ry day we can command at pleasure And shift and vary as occasion offers. My love is real and unchangeable, Controuls my heart, and governs absolute. My eyes, words, actions, are no more my own: My cv'ry thought's Sophernes. - Other women, Who have the power to practife little arts To cheat a husband, and delude his fondness, Ne'er knew the burning passion that I feel. Those are the triffing wanton airs of women, All vanity, and only love in name. No. She who loves, must give up all herself: She ne'er can be content with a stol'n minute, Then pass whole days and nights with him she hates. Advise no further - for I am determin'd.

Dor. Araxes, with the Perfian prince!

Aft. Retire. [Exit Doraspe.

Enter Araxes and Sophernes.

It is not meet, while in the royal presence, That he should wear these irons: take them off.

[Ara. takes off the chains. Now leave me; and without attend my pleasure.

Exit Araxes. Be not surpriz'd that I have call'd you hither,

Most noble prince, in this your hour of trouble;
For I ev'n bear a part in your missortunes.
Who's your accuser i—whence those shameful chains?
Soph. I'm charg'd with crimes of the most heinous nature:

If 'tis Heaven's will to try me with afflictions, I will not, like a dastard, sink beneath them, But resolutely strive to stem the torrent. Not the dark dungeon, nor the sharpest torture, Can russe the sweet calm of innocence.

My chains are grievous, but my conscience free.

Ast. llong have mark'd your virtues, and admir'd them.

Against a resolute and steady mind
The tempest of affliction beats in vain.
When we behold the hero's manly patience,
We feel his suff'rings; and my tears have own'd,
That what you bore with courage, touch'd my heart.
And when compassion once has reach'd the mind.
It spurs us on to charity and kindness:

Instruct me then which way to cure your forrows.

Soph. The queen is gracious, and delights in mercy.

Af. I speak with the fincerity of friendship.
Friendship is free and open, and requires not
Such distant homage and respectful duty.
Forget that I'm a queen: I have forgot it;
And all my thoughts are fix'd on thy relief.
Draw near me then, and as from friend to friend,
Let us discharge our hearts of all their cares.

Soph. How beautiful a virtue is compassion!
It gives new grace to every charm of woman!
When lovely scatures hide a tender soul,
She looks, she speaks, all harmony divine.

Aft. Tell me, Sopherner, does not flav'ry's yoke-Gall more and more through ev'ry pace of life? I am a flave like you. And though a queen, Possess of all the richest gems of Media, I know no pleasure; this distasteful thought Imbitters all my hours; the royal bed Is loathsome, and a stranger to delight. I'm made the drudge to serve another's pleasure. O when shall I be free! take, take your empire, And give me peace and liberty again.

Soph. The strokes of fortune must be born with

patience.

All. But I have lost all patience.—Give me counsel, Give me thy friendship, and assist a wretch

Who thirsts and pants for freedom.

Sopb. Who feeks fuccour

From one whose hands are bound in double irons?

I am a flave, and captive of the war, Accus'd of treason and ingratitude,

And must from hence go back to chains and darkness. 'But had I power, such beauty might command it.

AR. But I have power, and all my power is thine.

If I had arm'd myself with resolution To quit the pompous load of majesty, To fly far off from this detelted empire, To feek repose within my native land,

Wouldit thou then be companion of my flight. And share in my distresses and my fortune?

Soph. The queen intends to try a wretched man.

Whether he'd break all hospitable laws, The strictest naths and tyes of gratitude, To facrifice his honour to fuch beauty

That can command all hearts. AR. Tell me directly,

Wouldst thou accept of freedom on these terms?

Soph. How shall I answer? Aft. Is thy heart of ice?

Or are my features so contemptible,

That thou disdain'st to fix thy eyes upon me? Can you receive this offer with fuch coldness? I make it from my heart; my warm heart speaks: What, not a word! no answer! Distrust me not.

Soph. O may the queen excuse her prostrate servant.

And urge no more a trial too severe.

Aft. What means Sophernes ? Why this abject posture ?. 'Tis I should kneel; 'tis I that want compassion.

Gives bim ber bande

Thou art unpractis'd in the ways of women, To judge that I could trifle on this subject. Think how severe a conflict I have conquer'd, To over-rule ev'n nature and my fex; Think what confusion rises in my face,

To ask what (to be ask'd) would kindle blushes

In ev'ry modest check!—where's shame? where's pride?
Sophernes has subdu'd them. Women, I own,
Are vers'd in little frauds, and sly dissemblings:
But can we rule the motions of the blood?
These eyes,—this pulse—these tremblings—this confusion,

Make truth conspicuous, and disclose the soul. Think not I say with man for his protection; For only you I could renounce a kingdom, For you, ev'n in the wild and barren desart, Forget I was a queen! ev'n then more happy Than seated on a throne. Say, wilt thou chuse Or liberty, and life, and poor Astarbe; Or dungeons, chains, and ignominious death!

Soph. O how I struggle in the snares of beauty! Those eyes could warm pale elders to desire; I feel them at my heart; the sever rages, And if I gaze again — how shall I answer!

Ast. How is my pride brought low! how vilely treated!

The worst of scorn is cold deliberation.

Soph. Cylene may be found. What take me from her? How can I go and leave my hopes for ever? Can I renounce my love, my faith, my all? Who can refift those eyes?—I go—I'm lost? Cylene holds me back, and curbs desire.

[Aside.

Ast. Resolve and answer me. For soon as night Favours our slight I'll gather up my treasures: Prepare thee then, lest death should intercept thee,

And murder all my quiet.

Soph. If in her fight

I've favour found, the queen will hear me speak.

How can my heart refuse her i how obey her?

Can I deny such generous elemency?

Join'd with all beauties ever found in woman?

Yet think on my unhappy circumstance.

I've giv'n my word, the strictest tye of honour,

Never to pass beyond my bounds prescrib'd;

And shall I break my faith? Who holds society

With one who's branded with that infamy?

Did not Phraorter, in the heat of battle,

Stay the keen sword that o'er me menac'd death?

Do not I share his palace, and his friendship?

Does he not strive, by daily curteses,
To banish all the bitter cares of bondage?
And shall I seize and tear his tend'rest heart-string?
Shall I conspire to rob him of all peace?
For on the queen hangs ev'ry earthly joy,
His ev'ry pleasure is comprized in you!
What virtue can resist such strong temptation?
O raise not thus a tempest in my bosom!
What shall I do?—my soul abhors ingratitude.
Should I consent, you must detest and loath me,
And I should well deserve those chains, and death.

Ast. Is this thy best return for proffer'd love? Such coldness, such indifference, such contempt! Rise, all ye Furies, from th' infernal regions, And prompt me to some great, some glorious vengeance? Vengeance is in my power, and I'll enjoy it. But majesty perhaps might awe his passion, And fear forbid him to reveal his wishes. That could not be. I heard, I saw him scorn me; All his disdainful words his eyes confirm'd. Ungrateful man! Hence, traytor, from my sight. Revenge be ready. Slighted love invokes thee. Of all the injuries that rack the soul, Mine is most exquisite! Hence, to thy dungeon. Araxes!

Enter Araxes.

Take the villain from my presence; His crimes are black as hell. I'll turn away, Lest my heart melt and cool into compassion. His sight offends me. Bind his irons fast.

[Ara. puts on bis irons. So: lead him hence; and let Doraspe know

The queen permits her entrance.

[Exeunt Araxes and Sophernes.

Enter Doraspe.

Dor. What's the queen's pleasure? See your fervant ready.

Why are your eyes thus fix'd upon the ground?
Why that deep figh? and why these trembling lips?
This sudden paleness, and these starts of frenzy?
You're sick at heart.

Ast. Yes; I will be reveng'd.

Dor. Lift up your eyes, and know me. 'Tis Doraspier.

Ast. Look on me, tell me, is my beauty blighted?

And shrunk at once into deformity?
Slighted! despis'd! my charms all set at nought!
Yes. I will be reveng'd.——O my Doraspe,
I've met with soul contempt, and sold distain:

I've met with foul contempt, and cold disdain:

And shall the wretch who gave me guilt and shame,.

The wretch who's conscious of my infamy,

Out-live that crime? he must not, nay, he shall not...

Dor. Let reason mitigate and quell this fever:

The fafest, surest, is the cool revenge. Rash anger, like the hasty scorpion's fury, Torments and wounds itself.

Aft. It is in vain.

The torrent rushes on; it swells, ferments,. And strongly bears away all opposition.
What means that hurry in the antichamber?
What are those crowds?

Dor. The king intends to mount the judgment-feat;.

And the conspirators now wait their sentence.

Ast. Go, tell Araxes (if with privacy He could conduct him) I would see their chief; The desp'rate instrument of this bold scheme; This instant; ere he stands before the presence.

[Exit Doraspes.

Revenge, I thank thee for this ready thought:
Death now shall reach Sophernes, shameful death;
Thus will I satiate love. His death alone
Can raze him from my heart, and give me peace.

Araxes conducts in Hydarnes, and retires.

The king is gracious, and delights in mercy; And know, that free confession merits life: I'll intercede. Know you the prince Sophernes? You are unhappy men betray'd to ruin: And will ye suffer for another's crime? Speak of him, as ye ought; 'twas he betray'd you.

Hyd. If racks and tortures cannot tear confession From innocence, shall woman's flattery do it? No; my heart's firm, and I can smile on death.

Aft. Think not to hide what is already known Tis to Sephernes that you owe those chains:

We've fathom'd his defigus, they're all laid open; We know him turbulent and enterprizing. By the foul murder of my lord the king. He meant to fet his captive nation free. Unfold this truth, and I'll insure thy pardon.

Hyd. What! lead a hateful life of ignominy!
And live the bane of all fociety!
Shun'd like a pestilence, a curst informer!
Yet since the sate of kingdoms may depend
On what I speak; truth shall direct my lips.
The queen has offer'd grace. I know the terms.
Ast. By the king's life, I swear.

Enter Araxes.

Ara. Excuse this entrance, The pris'ner must attend.

Ast. I'm satisfy'd.

This man feems open, and may be of fervice.

[Exeunt Araxes and Hydarnes.]

How my heart bleeds, thus to pursue revenge Against the man I love! But me he scorns; And from my beauty turns his head away With saucy arrogance and proud contempt. I could forgive him ev'ry other crime, Ev'n the base murder of my dearest friend; But slighted love, no woman can forgive: For thro' our life we feel the bitter smart, And guilt and shame lie fest'ring at the heart.



A C T III.

SCENE, A Room of State with a Throne.

HYDARNES, Conspirators, ORBASIUS, Guards.

1st Conspirator.

HE information of those two vile cowards, Who mingled with us brave and active spirits, Hath giv'n us death. Let those mean creatures live,. They're fitter for the world. 2d Con/p. Lead us to death.

Hyd. Death is pronounc'd on you, on me, on all. Would I could take your guilt upon myself, So to preserve some virtue in the world:
But those informers have deny'd me that;
We all must perish, and fall unreveng'd.
But since I cannot take your crimes upon me;
I'll live, and execute our great design,
And thus revenge your deaths.

1/f Confp. Could this be done!

Hyd. It can.

1st Consp. You flatter us. Hyd. I say, I'll do it.

Soon as the king returns to fign our sentence, Only confirm the words which I shall speak, And I'll revenge you soon, and soon be with you.

Talks to them apart.

Orba. The guilty perish; innocence is freed.
Suspicion has not cast the smallest stain
Upon the virtuous Persian. Those accusers,
Who have condemn'd their fellows, know him not.
Of all the pleasures that a monarch tastes,
Sure mercy is most sweet! 'Tis heavenly pleasure,
To take the galling chains from off the hands
Of injur'd innocence! That privilege
O'er-balances the cares that load a crown.

Enter Phraortes, who feats himself on the throne; Magi, Araxes, Sophernes, Guards, and Attendants.

Ara. Make room: The Perfian prince attends his fentence.

Phra. Most noble prince, I grieve that you were

injur'd.

When foul conspiracy molests a state,
The ear of kings is open to suspicion,
And we grow jealous of our bosom friends.
When calumny would blast a virtuous man,
And justice has made clear his innocence;
It only throws a brighter lustre on him,
And serves to make his virtues more conspicuous.
Approach the throne; and let the king's embrace
Make some atonement for your shameful bonds.

I feel your fuff'rings, and my heart grows fonder. Now bring the pris'ners to receive their fentence. Justice cries loud for vengeance on your crimes: Say, have you ought to plead to ward the blow, Ere I enroll your names among the dead?

Hyd. That I design'd to bathe these hands in blood, Even in thy blood, O king, I dare confess, And glory in th' attempt. I know thy power; I know that death, with all his dreadful tortures, Stands ready at thy nod. Give then the signal, For I unmov'd can face the ghastly terror. How is thy wisdom soil'd! Prepare to follow. Think not with us our enterprize is lost: A king shall bleed to pacify our ghosts. Come, lead to death. Spend all thy wrath on us. The raging tyger bites the shaft that wounds him, And spares the man who threw it. I have done.

Phra. These are the starts and ravings of despair. Think'st thou by threats to force me into mercy?

Hyd. I grow impatient; lead me to my fate.

Phra. Know you that I have life within my power?

Hyd. I know the utmost of thy power is death.

Mag. Ye Gods avert his words, and fave the king!

Phra. What said he? Speak again.

Hyd. Death is my choice. Phra. I will be satisfy'd. Hyd. I've said too much.

Phra. Say more, or torture shall extort it from you. Hyd. Let torture do its worst. You dare not try it. Mag. If memory can recal the solemn speech,

These were his very words:

· A king shall bleed to pacify our ghosts.

The raging tyger bites the shaft that wounds him,
But spares the man who threw it.' Was it thus?
Hyd. Now let your wisdom fathom this deep secret.
I answer no more questions.

Phra. Reverend fathers,

What may these words portend? Expound the mystery.

Mag. Thy sacred life, O king, is still in danger.

While justice pours down vengeance on these wretches,
These mean subservient instruments of mischief,
Their leader 'scapes, and lives for suture crimes.

Hyd. Go on. .

Mag. The words imply no more.

Hyd. 'Tis well.

All's safe.-I'm ready.-Why is death delay'd?

Phra. Thus speaks the voice of mercy from my lips. Th' irrevocable sentence is not sign'd. And still there's room for hope. Attend, and live: By this bright sceptre, by the throne of Media, By you great light that rules the rolling year, If you lay ope the depth of this foul treason, And point me out that undetected villain, I swear, to grant you life and liberty. Speak now, or death shall seal your lips for ever.

Hyd. The royal word is giv'n, and I accept it. The king shall live, and all his foes shall perish. Danger stands near the throne. How blind is justice?

The Persian prince!

Phra. Sophernes! Hyd. He's a traytor.

'Twas he that put the dagger in my hand. So. Now I have betray'd. O love of life I Where was my resolution? I'm a coward; And cowards can endure a life of shame.

Phra. Sophernes!—Let strong proof confirm your charge;

I must have proof.

Hyd. Call in my fellow-prisoners.

Soph. What can fet bounds to man's impiety, And where is virtue fase? Accus'd thus falsely, With all the strongest circumstance of guilt, By one I know not! Heav'n has then determin'd That I must fall. Shall man contest with Jove? Tis all in vain. The will of Fate be done.

Hyd. Those who accus'd us, brib'd with Persian gold ..

Conceal'd the author of our enterprize.

Enter Conspirators.

Know ye that man?

1/t Confp. Would he had been unknown.

Hyd. The king has trac'd our mischief to the source;

Who was it prompted you to this attempt?

Had ye not views to set a nation free?

And to restore him to his crown and kingdom?

7,7 Confp. By him we fell, 'tis just that he fall with us.
2d Confp. So, now one ruin has involv'd us all.
Phra. Death is the lot of those that thirst for blood.
Conduct them hence.—This hour prepare to suffer,
[Execute Conspirators.]

Ungrateful prince!
Scph. Since 'tis the will of heaven
To load me with calamities and shame,
Since the most searching eye cannot discern
The heart of man; O where shall I find justice!
I am a stranger, in adversity,
Berest of wealth and power, without a friend.

Phra. Hence, base dissembler. Take him from my

presence.

When hypocrites are stript of virtue's plumes, Vice then appears more hideous and deform'd. Back to thy dungeon, to remorse and death.

Soph. Vain are excuse and solemn protestation; How shall my words prevail, and truth appear, When there's a crowd of witnesses against me! The guilty perish with remorse and horror, But innocence ne'er feels the sting of death. Death is a blessing to adversity; Anxiety, calamity, and sorrow, And all the daily fretting cares of life, Are shook from off our shoulders, and we rest.

[Exit Sophernes guarded.

Hid. Safety now guards the throne, and Media's

happy.

Phea. I ratify my word, and give you life, I give you liberty; but on conditions. Those I shall send you soon, and then you're free. O Sun! I thank thee; thy all-seeing eye Has trac'd the villain through his secret ways, And now the hand of justice is upon him.

Ara. Media rejoice.

All. May the king live for ever!

Phra. Proclaim a festival for seven days space; Let the court shine in all its pomp and lustre: Let all our streets resound with shouts of joy; Let musick's care-dispelling voice be heard; The sumptuous banquet and the slowing goblet Shall warm the cheek, and fill the heart with gladness:
For Media's foes are put to shame and death.

Astarbe shall sit sovercign of the seast,
That queen of beauty shall direct our pleasures.

I'll to her bower.—I would have no attendance.

[Exeunt Phraortes, &c.

Enter Doraspe.

Dor. Inform me, what has past?

Ara. The queen's conjectures

The king has now confirm'd. The Persian prince,
That hypocrite, is known, and prov'd a traytor,
And leader of that crew of vile assassins.

But see the queen. – The king is gone to seek her.
Excuse my haste; for duty calls me hence. [Exis.]

Enter Astarbe.

Aft. 'Twas downright arrogance. I saw his scorn. A lover reads the thought of every look, And needs no comment or interpreter. What woman can forgive that worst of insults? Not ev'n the most detorm'd of all our sex Can bear contempt. And shall I pardon it? 'To pardon it, is to insult myself, And own that I deserve it. [aside.] Know you ought Of what the king in judgment has determin'd?

Dor. Sophernes was accus'd.

Aft. Was he found guilty ?

Dor. Yes, prov'd a traytor.

Aft. Then I'm fatisfy'd.

Dor. How one affliction crowds upon another, To punish this ungrateful man!

Aft. What mean you?

Dor. It is confirm'd among the captive women (Who now attend to pass before the presence) His wife was slain in battle.

Aft. Would he were dead!

Yet were he dead, would he die in my thoughts? Talk to me, speak; leave me not to reflection.

Yet what will talk avail?—I've lost attention.

Were her words soft and soothing as the lyre,

Or strong and sprightly as th' enlivening trumpet, I could hear nought but conscience. Would he were dead! You shall not leave me.

Dor. Sec, the king returns.

[Exit.

Enter Phraortes.

Phra. Welcome, my queen; how my heart springs to meet thee!

Each day, each hour, thy beauty grows upon me, Ev'n while I gaze, fome undiscover'd charm Opens itself, and wounds my heart anew. Rejoice, Astarbe; Media is deliver'd: The gathering storm that threaten'd desolation, Is over-blown, and all is now serene. Then let us give our future days to pleasure; My ev'ry pleasure is compris'd in thee.

Ast. Be firm in justice, nor give way to mercy, 'Tis the mind's frailty, and the nurse of crimes. Punish: and root out treason from the land.

Phra. Sophernes was their chief.

Ast. Ungrateful villain!
Phra. How he deceiv'd me!

Aft. Your too easy nature
Must always harbour mischiefs in your empire.
Does he still live?

Phra. His death is fix'd and fign'd.

Aft. Each hour he lives, your people doubt your justice.

Would you deter the populace from crimes, Let punishment be sudden. That's true mercy.

Phra. He never shall behold another sun. But why should cares of state intrude upon us?

Ast. Why this reproof? In what have I deserv'd it? All my concern was for the peace of Media, And for your safety. I have said too much.

Phra. What has Astarbe ask'd, that I refus'd? Thy beauty has all power. Who waits without? Go; let the captives be dismis'd the palace,

[Speaks at the door.] The king refigns his privilege of choice. Should the felected beauties of the world [To Astarbe. In full temptation stand before my presence.

Still would my heart and eye be fixt on thee. Thy charms would (like the fun's all-powerful rays) Make all those little stars of beauty fade. Why that dejected look? that thoughtful figh? In what have I offended? If to love, Be to offend, Phracrtes is most wretched.

Enter Araxes.

Ara. I spoke the king's commands; when from the crowd

One of the captives rose, and humbly pray'd Admission to the throne.

Phra. I hear no suits.

Ara. She wish'd to speak a matter of importance.

Phra. Dismiss them all. Let us retire, my queen.

Ast. Araxes, stay.

[Araxes going out.

Phra. What is Astarbe's pleasure?

Aft. This matter should be search'd. The fate of empires

Turns often on the flightest information; And were my counsel worthy to be heard, I would admit her.

Phra. Let her be admitted. [Exit Araxes. [Phraortes feats Astarbe on the throne, then places himself by her. The guards enter, and range them-felves on each side.

Enter Captive, Doraspe, and Attendants.

Phra. Arife, fair maid; and let thy suit be heard. Cap. The King has done his prostrate servant justice. [Kneeling.

Thus low I pay my thanks to heaven and you.

Phra. Rife from that humble posture, and speak forth.

Cap. The Persian prince, to whom we owe our bondage,

[Rifes.

Tis faid, is doom'd to death for horrid treachery.

Phra. He well descrives it. If you fall before me,

To melt me into mercy with your tears,

Woman, your tears are frustrate. Take her hence.

Cop. I speak for mercy! No, I sue for tortures.

With rapture I could gaze upon his sufferings,

Enjoy his agonics and dying groans,

And then this haud could slab him to the heart.

Phra. Whence rose this surious spirit of revenge? Cap. By brutal violence he slew my husband. Excuse my tears; Love calls them from my eyes. With him I lost all joy, all peace and comfort.

Phra. What mov'd Sophernes to the barbarous deed?

Cap. My husband was distinguish'd in his armies;

With him I always shar'd the toils of war,

The tedious marches, and the scorching suns,

For love makes all fatigues seem light and easy.

Sophernes saw me, sigh'd, and spoke his passion.

I spurn'd his offers, and despis'd his suit.

He still persisted, and my virtue strengthen'd:

'Till on a day, instam'd with loose desire,

He sent my lord upon some feign'd command;

I in his tent sat waiting his return,

Then suddenly the ravisher rush'd in.

Phra. Go on.

Cap. He seiz'd me, tore me, dragg'd me to his arms; In vain I struggled; by resistance weaken'd I lost all strength, and so—he spoil'd my honour.

O shame! O brutal force!

Phase Unhappy woman!

Phra. Unhappy woman!

Proceed.

Cap. Just in the moment of my shame
My husband enter'd. Strait the villain left me,
And, desperate by the stings of guilt and terror,
He stabb'd him to the heart.

[Weeps.

Phra. Most monstrous villain! His life's a series of the blackest crimes.

Cap. I in the hurry of the murder fled,
And 'scap'd the tyrant's power. Alone, disguis'd,
I've past away my restless hours in forrow.
Revenge was all my wish, and all my comfort;
For that I've watch'd him through long weary marches;
And revenge gave me strength and resolution.
Why fell he not by me? His crime requir'd it.
Vengeance o'ertakes him for another guilt,
And I have lost revenge. O may he feel
The pain and horror due to both his crimes.

Phra. His death is sign'd.

Cap. That is his due for treachery.

Phra. What would revenge have more? Th' offender's blood

Allays its strongest thirst.

Cap. Most gracious king, [Kacels.]

Hear an unhappy woman's just petition,

And may my prayer find favour and acceptance!

Grant me to see him in his latest gasp;

Let my appearance strike him with consusion;

Let me awake fresh terrors in his conscience,

And bring my murder'd husband to his view.

Entrust the sword of justice in my hand;

The stroke shall then be sure.

Phra. What fortitude
Lies hid beneath that face of fostest seature!
The death of his consederates is sign'd,
And he with privacy this very evening
Shall be dispatch'd in prison. Now you're satisfy'd.

Cap. O, were that office mine!

Aft. For such offence

He cannot feel too much; her suit is just. Then let me intercede in her behalf; Grant her request. Give her the fatal signet; Give her the dagger.—Such revenge is virtue.

Phra. Take this: your boon is granted. Soon my orders [Gives her his dagger. Shall (end you to revence a hulband's murder.

Shall send you to revenge a husband's murder. Let her attend without. Draw near, Araxes.

[Exit Captive.

[Phraortes talks afide to Araxes.

Aft. What, fue to her! and when I fued distain me!

How my disgrace grows on me! Let him perish,

And perish by that woman. My resentment

Kindles and burns, to take her charge upon me.

Yet still, would he resent, I could forgive him.

Dor. His wife is dead on whom his heart was fix'd:

That obstacle's remov'd.

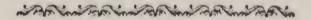
Ast. And death hangs o'er him.
That fight perhaps may shake his resolution.
If I could hope, I would delay his sentence.
I dread his death. What is there to be done?
I'll see him ere he dies. O abject thought!
Yes, I will see him, and renew my offers

In his last moments; for whene'er he dies
My mind will ne'er know peace. I will defer it.
I'll footh the king in his soft hours of love,
When all his strongest purposes are nothing.
When 'tis deferr'd—Would I could cease from thought!

Phra. Tell her, as foon as just ce is perform'd,
The king requires her thanks—She's wond'rous fair!
You know my will; these are my last commands,
Let punctual care and diligence obey me. [Ex. Araxes.
Go, bid the priest prepare the facrifice;
This ev'ning shall the fragrance of devotion
Smoak in our temples, and perfume the skies.
Phraortes shall attend the solemn rites,
To pay his grateful thanks in songs of joy.

[Exeunt Doraspe and Attendants.

Asterbe, come.—One glance of those bright eyes
Dispells all care, and empires are forgot.
In what is man superior to the brute?
Brutes eat, drink, sleep; like us, have all the senses.
The male and semale meet, then coldly part,
Part with indifference, and defire is cloy'd:
In love alone we feel the immortal part,
And that celestial fire refines the heart.



A C T IV.

SCENE, a Prison.

HYDARNES, Conspirators.

Hyd. Shall furvive but for a little space;
Doubt not my plighted faith, and die in peace,
What is an hour of life! an hour of torment.
Think then what I shall suffer for your sake,
How I shall long and pant to be among you!
To him who sears not death revenge is sute;
To him who fears not death revenge is speedy.
Soon as the chains are struck from off these hands,
I'll dye them purple in the royal blood;

A'll watch all time. The throne shall not secure him; The solemn temple, even that sacred ground, Shall not protest him from my resolution.

Would it were done; that we might fall together!

1/f Confp. May all fuccess attend thy glorious purpose!

Thinking upon thy brave undaunted spirit,

I shall forget my pains, and smile in torture, Ev'n when the sharpest pang of death is on me.

Hyd. Ere you are cold, my ghost shall overtake you, And bring the welcome news.—Impatience racks me. 2d Confp. We thank our bold revenger, and will die

Like men that well deserv'd so great a chief.

3d Confp. Farewell. And when you lift the dagger for the blow.

Think on my friendship.

4th Consp. And on mine.

5th Consp. And mine.

if Confp. Think of us all, and give him death for each. Hyd. Farewell, unhappy friends; you're brave and true.

And you entrust one who deserves such friendships. Your prayers and wishes shall direct the dagger Deep in his heart. And when this deed is done, I've done my task of life, and I'll resign it.

Enter Araxes, and officers.

Ara. Time presses on us, and your hour is come. We must obey our orders. Lead them hence. Torture and death expect you.

1st Consp. Well. Lead on.

Ara. 'Tis your last moment.

1st Consp. We're impatient for it.

Ara. Stay here till my return. To you, my message

Is of a sweeter sound: 'tis life, 'tis freedom.

I'll see them to the scassold; then discharge you.

[Exeunt Araxes, Conspirators, and Officers. Hyd. What's death to that I feel within! "Tis nothing. Tortures but tear the flesh, and crush the bones; But guilt and horror tear my restless soul, And ev'ry thought's an arrow in my heart. Sophernes is condemn'd, and I accus'd him.

For what?—For means to fatiate my revenge,
And that's fufficient.—O revenge, support me!
What, am I grown a coward? Does repentance,
Does vile contrition fink my boasted courage?
Does resolution stagger! Hence, away,
I will not hear thee, dastard, meddling Conscience!
No. I'll go on, I feel my spirits rise;
My heart grows harder, and I scorn remorse;
That's the poor whining resuge of a coward.
My friends are now expiring. Hark, their groans
Start me from thought, and summon me to vengeance!
I come, my friends; in that great deed I'll fall.

Enter Araxes.

Ara. Phraertes sends you life and liberty. Twelve days are granted you to pass the confines Of his domains: to stay beyond that time Annuls his pardon, and your life is forfeit. You're now discharg'd. Be grateful for this mercy, Pray for the peace of Media, and repent.

Hyd. Media, farewell. With all the wings of speed. I fly thy bounds. Let me forget thy name;

Twill bring to my remembrance my lost friends.

Ara. Come forth, unhappy prince; excuse my words:

[Unlocks the dungeon.

Tis with resuctance that I bring the message.

Your death's at hand.

Sopb. Death is the only friend
That I have left; thy message is most welcome.
My friend's at hand; O how long I to meet him L
In him is all my hope, in him my resuge,
He shall disburthen me of all missortune,
He shall wipe off calamity and forrow,
And give me peace and everlasting rest.
I thank thee for the news.

Ara. Such unconcern, Such steady fortitude amidst afflictions, Was never seen till now.

Sopb. My wife is dead!
And I have no attachment to the world.
What is't to live? And who counts life a bleffing?

It is to fee injustice hold the scale, And weigh with partial hand the deeds of men; It is to fee a race of servile flatterers Worship the author of all mischief, gold; To fee oppression rich, and virtue starving. Death only closes this distasteful scene.

Ara. This fcorn of death appears like innocence. Soph. All mortal justice errs. Heaven knows the heart. 'Tis easy in my circumstance to dye,
For I have no possessions to forego:
My kingdom is another's; round my couch
No faithful fervants stand with weeping eyes;
No darling children cling around my neck.
And with fond kisses warm my hollow cheek;
No wife, who (worn, and wearied out with grief.)
Faints in my arms. These give the pangs of death;
These make us covet life. But I leave nothing.

Ara. What manly resolution! I grieve for you. Saph. At death's approach the guilty conscience trembles,

But I have not those horrors.—Hark, he knocks. [Knocking heard.

With what impatient joy I come to meet thee?

Ara. Farewell, thou most unfortunate of men;
A mind so great, unshaken by distress,
Deserv'd a nobler end. Forgive my duty,
It seems severe, but 'tis the king's command;
The dungeon must confine you.

Sopb. I submit. [Araxes locks bim in the dungeon.

Enter Captive.

Cap. This letter will instruct you in your duty.

Ara. The prisoner shall be given into your hands.

Cap. And he shall perish by an injur'd woman.

Thus has the king decreed; so shall he suffer,

Both for his treason, and my murder'd lord.

To see me arm'd with such just resolution,

My husband's ghost is pleas'd, and smiles upon me.

Phraortes gave this dagger: this shall end him.

Ara. Within that iron gate he mourns in darkness.

[Gives the kys.

This will conduct you.—'Tis the king's command,

Scon as the bloody office is perform'd,

That you present yourself once more before him.

Cap. His will shall be obey'd. Ara. He's now your charge.

Cap. And foon my charge shall end .- Leave me to

justice. How will my fight dismay his guilty soul! Ev'n while that terror preys upon his heart, I'll hurl him to the deepest shades below. But I delay: and justice grows impatient. I'd be alone. You now have done your duty.

[Exit Araxes.

Unlocks the dungeon. Cap. Come forth, Sophernes.

Soph. I will meet thee, death.

Cap. Draw near.

Sopb. Hark! was it not a woman's voice? That voice no more is sweet; - Cylene's dead. Yes. 'Tis the queen. Here fatiate thy revenge. My bosom heaves, and longs to meet the dagger. Why is thy hand fo flow?

Cap. Look on this face. [Lists up ber veil. Is not thy heart acquainted with these eyes? And is thy ear a stranger to this voice? What, not a word!

Soph. O dear delusion!

[Faintso-

Cyl. Wake.

'Tis thy Cylene calls, thy lost Cylene. Cannot this bosom warm thee into life? Cannot this voice recall thy finking spirits? Cannot these lips restore thee? O look up; Thy voice, thy lips, could call me from the dead. Look up, and give me comfort.

Soph. 'Tis Cylene.

'Tis no delusion. Do I live to see thee? And must I be torn from thee? cruel thought! O tyrant death, now thou hast made me fear thee !!

Cyl. When will misfortunes leave us?

Sopb. Death must end them.

'Twas said you fell in battle; from that time I lost all pleasure, and defire of life.

Cyl. In that fad day of our advertity, When Persia was made captive, every e e

Wept for the fall of my dear lord Sophernes,
For you they forrow'd, and forgot their bondage.
I lost myself in heart-consuming grief,
And, lest a conqueror's arrogance and pride
Should tempt them to condemn a captive queen
To his loose hours, industriously I spread
The rumour of my death; and by those means
Have figh'd away my days obscure, unknown.

Seph. How gain'd you this access? and why that

dagger?

Cyl. This is no time for talk; consult thy safety. Catch at the present moment, for the next May throw us back again into despair.

Soph. What means, my love? No innocence can stand

Against the voice of perjur'd calumny.

Cyl. This dagger was design'd to murder thee;
And I am sent upon that bloody errand:
This hand that now is thrown about thy neck,
Was to have done the deed. O horrid thought!
Unknown, among a train of captive women,
They brought me to the palace: there I learnt
The tale of thy unhappy sufferings,
And how the king had sign'd the stall sentence.
I sell before the throne, extoll'd his justice;
Then, with seign'd tears, and well-dissembled speech,
Charg'd thee with violation of my honour,
And murder of a husband. He was mov'd;
Pleas'd with my bold request, he heard my prayer,
And for revenge and justice gave me this.

[Shews the dagger.

But the time flies. I come, my lord, to fave thee.

Tis by that hope, I live. Sofb. That hope is past:

It is impossible. Resentment, power,
And perjury, all work against my life.
O how I fear to die! for thee, I fear;
To leave thee thus expos'd, a helpless captive,
In a strange land, and not one friend to cheer thee!

Cyl I think thou lov'st me.

Soph. Sure thou long hast known it.

Cyl. Is there ought that I could deny Sephernes? No. I have try'd my heart! Soph. What mean these doubts?

I never gave you cause.

Cyl. Then promise, swear,

That you will not refuse me what I ask; Thus on her knees Cylene begs it of you.

Soph. Does this appear like love? speak, and 'tis

Cyl. I thank thee. Thou hast given me all my wishes.

For now thy life is sase; and sav'd by me. Here, take this veil; this shall secure thy slight,. With this thou shalt deceive the watchful guard. O blest occasion! sly, my lord, with speed; I never wish'd to part till now.

Soph. What, go and leave thee thus! my heart forbids it.

No. Death is all that I am doom'd to fuffer; But thy diffres is more.

Cyl. Dispute it not.

Soph. What never can be done.

Why wilt thou force severer torture on me?
No. Give me death; I chuse the slighter pain.
When I am dead, may the just Gods relieve thee.

Cyl. Was ever love thus obstinately cruel! Only thy life can fave me; think on that.

[Sophernes fixes bis eyes on the grounds Like the deaf rock he stands immoveable. How my fears grow, and chill my shiv'ring heart! Has then thy stubbornness resolv'd to kill me?

Sopb. Shall I, that was her shield in every danger, Abandon her to the rude hand of power?

Cyl. Hear me, my lord; embrace the happy mo-

This is, perhaps, the last that is allow'd us. Sopb. What! give her my distress!

Cyl. Look up, and answer.

Have my words oft all int'rest in thy heart?
Hear then my purpose; and I will perform it.
I'll never seel the pang of that sad hour
When thou shalt suffer. No: I'll die before thee,.
How gracious was this present of the king.

C. 5

'Tis kind, 'tis merciful, 'twill give me peace, And show me more compassion than Sophernes.

Soph. O give me strength, ye powers, to break my

chains.

That I may force the lifted weapon from her! Spare, spare thy dearer life! I grant thee all. I will abandon thee to my distresses; I'll fly this instant; by our loves, I will. The Gods are kind. O may their mercy fave her!

Cil. From thy dear hands I take the galling chains, Lest danger intercept thee: haste, be gone; And as thou valuest mine, secure thy lite. Thou hadft no hope: who knows but my offence May find forgiveness! 'tis a crime of love; And love's a powerful advocate to mercy.

Soph. O how I struggle to unloose my heart-strings, That are so closely knit and twin'd with thine ! Is't possible that we may meet again? That thought has fill'd my foul with resolution.

Farewell: may heaven support thee, and redress us!

Exit.

Cyl. O bleffed opportunity, I thank thee. If for this pious act of love I perish, Let not Sophernes rashly follow me. Live to revenge me, and the world shall praise thee. Though all my hours be doom'd to chains and darkness, The pleasing thought that I have given thee safety, Will chear me more than liberty and day-light. Though I'm condemned to suffer shameful death, Ev'n in that hour I shall forget his terrors, And knowing that preserv'd thee, die with pleasure. But hark! what noise was that? New sears alarm me. Is he detected?—Heaven has more compassion. Be still, my heart. I go to take his place, And wait th' event with steady refignation. Enters the dungeon.

Enter Ataxes and Astarbe.

AA. I bring the royal mandate, read your order. The sentence of Sophernes is suspended; I'd question him in private. Guide me to him. Ara. He's dead.

Aft. Sophernes dead! when? how? by whom? Ara. The captive woman by whose hand he fell,

Is ; one before the king; just now she parted.

Aft. My guilt, my hate, my love, all war within, And conscience and distraction will betray me. [Aside. Ara. Within that dungeon lies the breathless body. Aft. Name him no more. Begone; I'd be alone.

You know my pleafure.

[Exit. Ara. I'm ail obedi nce.

All. Who that appeale this tempelt of my foul? 'Tis don-. He's dead : now it will rage for ever! Yet why? Hence, conscience. All I did was justice. Am I the cause? I proffer'd life and love; The murder was not mine. Why then this horror? Could a queen hear such insolence and scorn? Was I not injur'd? shall I not resent? He well deserv'd his fate. Ungrateful man! The bloody frecticle shall please revenge, And fix eternal hatred in my heart. [Cylene comes forth. Hah! speak: what art?—— It moves! it comes! where shall I hide me from it? Nature shrinks back, and shivers at the sight.

Hides her face.

Cyl. See at your feet a poor unhappy captive. Kneeling.

O may the queen be gracious to her servant! Aft. Araxes said that he had let you forth, And by command you went before the king. Why has he thus deceiv'd me?

Cyl. Turn not away;

Bestow one look of pity on a wretch,

Who lifts her eyes to you for grace and pardon. Ap. Pardon! for what? you did it by command. Is it a crime t'obey the voice of justice? And did not thy own wrongs demand his blood? What has detain'd thee in that horrid place? Was it to hear him in the pangs of death, And talle the pleafure of his dying groan? Stretch forth thy hands: where are the crimfon flains? Where lies the recking fword? Is he yet cold? Twas bravely done. - Go, haste, before the throne; Phracetes shall reward thee for this service...

Cyl. When I shall stand before that awful presence, How shall I stem the torrent of his wrath ! Then let the queen instill fost mercy in him, And intercede to spare a wretched wife.

Aft. Make known thy crime. Cyl. All my offence is love. Sophernes is my hulband.

Aft. Hast thou kill'd him?

Cyl. No. I dar'd disobey. My love has fav'd him.

Wi h lying speeches I deceiv'd the king,

Accused Sophernes of imagined crimes, And thus have given him life. My veil conceal'd him, And brought him forth from death. This is my guilt. If e'er your heart has felt the tender passion, You will forgive this just, this pious fraud. Who would not do the same for him she loves? Consult thy heart; and pity will plead for me.

Ast. How dar'd you contradict the king's command? Cyl. No power on earth commands the heart but love; Rifes.

And I obey'd my heart.

AA. Thy life is forfeit. Dar'st thou avow thy crime?

Cyl. I glory in it.

If 'tis a crime, when innocence is wrong'd To fnatch it from the rage of credulous power; If 'tis a crime to fuccour the distrest; If 'tis a crime to relieve injur'd virtue: If 'tis a crime to be a faithful wife;

Those crimes are mine; for I have sav'd my husband. All. Is this an answer turn'd to move compassion !

Such insolence is only match'd in him.

Thine is the most consummate pitch of treason. Who gave thee power? Are traytors at thy mercy? Let not hope flatter thee. Nor prayers nor tears Shall turn away the fword of justice from thee. Rash woman, know, thy life shall pay his ransom.

Cyl. Alas! my life is of too little price; Such as it is, I freely give it for him.

May fafety guard his days, and watch his nights! [Kneeling.

May ev'ry fun rise happier than the last,

'Till he shall re-ascend his native throne!
Then think upon Cylene. Heaven shall aid thee
To punish Media for thy murder'd wife.

Aft. Araxes! [Enter Araxes.] Seize this bold pre-

sumptuous woman.

Your charge, beneath her veil, is fled from justice, And she dares own the crime. I fear your duty Will be suspected. Lead her to the dungeon. There wait thy sate.

Cyl. Ye gods, preserve Sophernes.

[She is lock'd into the dungeon.

Aft. If I had power, this instant the should die.

Ara. I fear the king will soften into mercy.

Aft. Why that suspicion?

Ara. While she spoke before him, I saw the king with the most fond attention Hang on her words; and as she spoke, he languish'd, And ev'ry lock he gave was love or pity.

Aft. She shall not live an hour. Lest with each

moment

His passion strengthen, and my power diminish. Did beauty strike all hearts as well as eyes, For me the rival world would be in arms: Beauty's admir'd and prais'd, not always lov'd. Some eyes are dazzled with too strong a lustre, That gaze with pleasure on a fainter object; This homely captive then may steal his heart, And bring disgrace upon me. I'll prevent her. This hour I'll see her bleed, and thus remove At once the rival of my throne and love.



ACT V. SCENE, a Temple.

ASTARBE.

Dorasse knows,—and I am in her power.

Araxes was employ'd; he may suspect me.
One crime supports another—I must on.
I fear them both. How shall I lose my fear?

Their deaths must end it. But they may be honest. I'll sist them—for my soul has lost all rest. Eut see Doraspe.

Enter Doraspe.

Thou fometimes wert known
'To mife devotion's hours. How comes it then
'Thou'rt now fo foon? hast thou ought that concerns me?
'Think'st thou Araxes honest? I have doubts.
I fear the prisoner 'scap'd by his connivance.
Are my commands obey'd?

Dor. 'Tis not yet done.

He could not gain admission to the king.

A.t. Does he not know a frown of nune can crush him?

Dor. I know his heart and hand are wholly your's. He waits the king's commands.

Ast. Are mine then nothing?
And want I power to justify the deed?
Why was she not dispatched? He knew my pleasure.
My pleasure is his duty. 'Twas I rais'd him;
And dares he now dispute what I ordain?
Tell him, I'll have it done; that I command it.
Thou too art false. Then on herself alone
Astarbe shall depend. Away, thou statemer.
Go hence, and tremble at the queen's displeasure.
She shall this instant die. For see Phraortes.
Astarbe now has all things at her nod.
Of this day's worship I'll appoint the victim.

Enter Phraortes; A folemn procession of Priefts.

The queen talks apart to Phraortes.

Phra. Bid them suspend a while the facrifice;

The queen requires a private conscrence

On matters that concern the state. Withdraw.

[Exeunt Priess.]

Now speak, my queen; I'm ready to obey.

Ast. All is not lafe. Your state still harbours treason.

Ev'n now I tremble for my lord the king;

For through the dark the travtor's arrow slies;

And which way will you turn your shield against it?

Phra. What means my queen?

Aft. Cast off all clemency;

So shall your throne sland firm to latest time.

Phra. And has my danger given Aflarbe fear? Where shall I find reward for so much goodness? I swear by Jove, and you wide sapphire heaven, Astarbe's will shall fix the king's decree.

Aff. What shall be done to him, whose lying lips Missend the king from the strait paths of justice?

Phra. Media decrees that death shall be his portion.

Ast. What is ordain'd for him, who (when the king:
Entrusts the royal signet in his hands)
Dares contradict the sacred mandate?

Phra. Death.

Asl. What shall our laws inflict on that bold miscreant, Who saves th'offender whom the king condemns?

Phra. The fatal sentence falls upon his head.

Aft. Let justice then support the throne of Media;
Let justice then preserve thy sacred life!
All these offences are that captive woman's,
Who with seign'd tears beg'd pity and revenge.
With lying lips she fell before the throne,
She turn'd the king from the strait paths of justice,
The royal seal was trusted in her hands;
Presumptuously she broke the sacred mandate,
She spar'd whom you condemn'd, and with vile treachery

Hath set Sophernes free. So this assassing Shall kindle new rebellions in your empire.

Phra. These flagrant crimes demand immediate death.

Ass. Let it be so. The king is wise and just.

Phra She shall this instant bleed. Audacious woman!

Ass. Let her endure the shameful pomp of death,

Expose her through the city's public street;

So shall your people's shouts extol your justice;

So shall you strike your enemies with fear,

And awe them to subjection. Bring her forth;

Here let her bleed, ev'n on this holy ground,

Before the presence; Jove delights in justice,

Enter Orbasius, Magi, Attendants.

The righteous sacrifice shall please the gods.

Phra. Come from the croud, Orbafius; hear and obey. Haste to the prison, and bring forth that woman

(Who freed Sophernes from the hand of power)
To public justice. She shall bleed before me.
Let her be led a public spectacle.
Dispatch. Remember that the king expects you

Dispatch. Remember that the king expects you.

The shield of heaven has turn'd destruction from us;
And gratitude requires our thanks and praise.
Call up the priests. Begin the sacred rites.

1st Mag. Turn all your eyes to yon bright arch of

heaven.

2d Mag When Jove in thunder threatens impious men, May the red lightnings scatter Media's soes, And lay their cities desolate and waste!

1st Mag. May the vast globe of inexhausted light, That rolls its living fires from east to west, Strow all his paths with fragrant herbs and flowers, And bless his people with perpetual spring!

2d Mag. May the bright lamp of night, the filver

moon,

And all the starry myriad that attend her, Guard and defend his midnight couch from dangers !

of Mag. May ever living springs supply our fountains, And wind in sertile rivers through the land!

2d Mag. Bless him, ye winds, with ever prosp'rous

of Mag. Pour not your wrath in tempests on his people.

Let your sweet breath chace dearth and pessilence, And cool our summers with eternal health!

Enter Orbasius, with Cylene, as led to execution.

[Orbafius talks apart to the king. Phra. Again we must defer the solemn worship.

Bid the procession move towards the temple:
And let th' offender stand before the presence. [To Orb.

Aff Sophernes has expos'd me to this woman; And while she lives, I live in sear and shame.

Shall she then triumph in a queen's disgrace? [Afide. Cyl. Most gracious king, consider my transgression. [Kneels.

My life is forfeit; justice has condemn'd me.

I broke th'inviolable laws of Media.

Yet let Phraortes with impartial scale Weigh my offence; he'll find my crime was virtue. Sure heaven that tries the heart, will pardon me: And kings, who imitate the gods in justice. Should not forfake them in the paths of mercy.

Phra. Have not thy lying lips deceiv'd the king? How shall thy words find faith! They're air, they're.

nothing!

Cyl. O be not rash in judgment! Hear me speak. What mov'd my tongue to practife this deceit? Was it ambition and the lust of power? Was it to vex your empire with rebellion? Was it the meaner views of fordid gain? Was it to hurt the lowest of your people? All my offence is faithful love and duty: Sophernes is my husband, and I sav'd him.

Pbra. Thy husband!

Aft. Hear her not: woman, away.

Remember you have sworn.

Phra. Thy husband, say'st thou?

Aft. Think on your oath, and spurn dissimulation. Phra. Am I debarr'd the chief delight of kings? Have I the power to punish; not to pardon? But I have fworn.

Cyl. If there's no room for mercy Rifes. My life is well bestow'd. My death is glorious; I chose it; and repine not at my fate.

Aft. Turn from her. Listen not to fraud and guile. Crl. Think not I shudder at th'approach of death; That the keen fword, which glitters in my eyes, Makes my heart fail, and finks me to despair. I fear not for myself; for him I fear. How will he bear my death?—As I could his.

Phra. Why have I bound the tender hands of mercy? Mufine.

All. You but delay. The royal oath is facred. Crl. Well then. Lead on. His punishment is mine. Live, live, Sophernes, and forget Cylene; Lest grief destroy thy peace, and make thee wretched. I'm ready.

Phra. How shall I pronounce the sentence!

Aft. For your oath's sake.

Phra. Tis granted. Let her die.

But let me first perform my due devotions, To beg that mercy which I must refuse. As soon as I have paid my solemn vows, I'll make the sign: then let the blow be given. See all be ready. Now renew the rites.

Enter Hydarnes, disguis'd.

Hyd. Thus far I'm undifcover'd.—Now's my time. The king of Media's given into my hands. And when he leaves his guards to trust the gods, Ev'n while he prostrate falls, and lifts his eyes To the bright god of day, th'all seeing sun, This shall dispatch him first, and then Hydarnes.

1st Mag. Now let the king advance.

Phra. O glorious sun! [Kneeling.

[Hydaines attempting to flab Phraortes, is flab'd by Sophernes, difquis'd, who is feiz'd by the Magi.

What means this confirmation in all eyes?
Whence this alarm, and all this wild diforder?
Hah! who lies here thus weltring in his blood,
Gasping for life? what means this horrid murder?
Strike not till I command, [To the Executioner.] Whodid this deed?

1ft Mag. Behold the man. What bounty can reward him?

What shall be done for him who sav'd the king?

Phra. Say who, and whence thou art?

Soph. A wretched man

Who comes to take his sentence on him, death. Sophernes was condemn'd; 'tis he must suffer. Spare then that pattern of heroic virtue. 'The sentence is not her's; I claim my right.

Sophernes stands before you, and demands it.

Cyl. O flay not for the fignal. Give the blow.

Save him, ye gods? Why is the stroke delay'd?

The king has sworn. O may my death preserve him?

Phra. Suspend her sentence till my further orders.

Who slew this man? what mov'd thee to the murder?

Why hast thou stain'd this holy place with blood?

Soph. That villain who lies groveling there before thee,. Had rais'd his arm to take thy life, O king; And as the point descended, in the moment

I laid him low: and heaven has done me justice. If favour shall reward me for this deed, Spare my Cylene, grant her your protection. I alk not life, for without her 'tis nothing.

All. Where will this end? How are my schemes

destroy'd!

Fear chills my heart, and guilt lies heavy on me. Leave me not, hell! defert not now thy cause. I've gone too far. O blind the eyes of justice! And fink me not in ruin and perdition. Aside.

Phra. Know you this bold affaffin? View him well.

Hyd. Ay, gaze upon me.

Orba. Sure I've scen this man.

Soph. Among the crowd I mark'd this perjur'd wretch, Who charg'd me with ingratitude and treason: With fury in his looks, and hasty strides

He flept before me; straight he rais'd his dagger: In justice to myself and thee, I smote him.

Aft. Where shall I hide me? how my fears distract me! Who knows the torment of the guilty wretch,

When accusation stares him in the face? Then all our spirits sink into despair,

And when we want most strength, then most it fails us. He speaks, and I'm betray'd. Why err'd the dagger! To bring confusion, shame, and death upon me. Where shall I fly?-for conscience will detect me, Twill faulter on my tongue, and stain my cheek.

O horror! O difgrace!—I fly from shame.

Sopb. 'Twas I that gave thee death. Hyd. Thou hast done justice.

Phra. What fayest thou? speak again.

Hyd. He has done justice.

I barb'rously accus'd him of my crimes;

That guilt upbraids me; and I alk forgiveness. [To Soph. Phra. Whence art thou?—why this zealous rage

against me?

Hid. I grieve not that I perish'd by his hand; But that he disappointed my revenge, I can't forgive him. Had he flay'd 'till then, Hydarnes had fain greatly. But that's past. Still I shall wound thee in the tenderest part.

To Phraortes. I faint. O grant me strength to give it utterance!

Draw near, Araxes. Speak, inform the king; Did not you guide me to the queen's apartment? You know why I was call'd. Disclose the secret.

Ara. What past I know not. Hyd. What you fear to own, I dare reveal: hear then a dying man.

The queen, on promise of my life and pardon, Prevail'd upon me to accuse this prince: I knew him not; yet, to pursue thy life,

And gratify revenge, I undertook it.

Phra. It is impossible. Advance, my queen, And let thy presence strike him with confusion. Come forth, Aftarbe. Hah! she's fled; she's guilty! Haste, bring her back. I will extort confession. What mov'd her to this perjur'd information?

Ex. Officers. Whence sprung this hate and malice to Sophernes? To Hydarnes.

Hyd. Alk her. I speak the truth, and know no further. Look on me, tyrant, and observe my features; Seeft thou not here the lines of brave Lyjamnes ? He by thy power was led to shameful death, His son now dies, and never has reveng'd him. Dies.

Enter Astarbe, brought in by Officers.

Aft. Bring me before the king. Phra. Perfidious woman!

Look on that wretch, who there lies pale and cold a Was he not brought in private to your chamber? Who gave instructions to accuse Sophernes? Who promis'd life and pardon to Hydarnes?

Aft. All then is loft. Aftarbe is betray'd. But shall I stoop to lead a life of shame? No. This shall close a scene of long remorse.

Stabs herfelf.

[Dies.

Phra. Aftarbe! hold! Aft. Forgive me!

Phra. Her foul treachery

My foul detests. But love will force a tear. What mov'd her hatred thus against your life? Sopb. She was unhappy. Let her be forgot.

Phra. Draw near, Cylene. May heav'n bless your loves! [Gives ber to Sopheines. C.l. Shall he then live? My heart o'erflows with joy. Now life is worth accepting, worth defiring, Worth ev'ry wish, and ev'ry daily prayer.

Phra. By you the royal vestment shall be worn, And, next the king, all honour shall be paid To you who sav'd him. [To Sophernes.

Soph. What I did was due;
I've only paid a debt of gratitude:
What would your bounty more?—you've given me all:
For in these arms I ev'ry wish posses.

Phra. Life is a voyage, and we with pain and labour Must weather many a storm, to reach the port.

Soph. Since 'tis not given to mortals to discern Their real good and ill; let men learn patience: Let us the toils of adverse fate sustain, For through that rugged road our hopes we gain.

EPILOGUE.

SPOKEN BY MRS. OLDFIELD.

SHALL authors teaze the town with tragic paffion, When we've more modern moral things in fashion?

Let poets quite exhaust the Muse's treasure;

Sure masquerades must give more sceling pleasure,
Where we meet siner sense and better measure;

The marry'd dame, whose business must be done,
Puts on the holy vestments of a nun;
And brings her unprolisic spouse a son.

Coquettes, with whom no lower could succeed,
Here pay off all arrears, and love in—deed:
Ev'n conscious prudes are so sincere and free,
They ask each man they meet—Do you know me?

Do not our Operas unbend the mind,
Where ev'ry foul's to ecstasy resin'd?
Entranc'd with sound sits each seraphic toast:
All ladies love the play that moves the most.
Ev'n in this bouse I've known some tender Fair,
Touch'd with meer sense alone, consess a tear.
But the soft woice of an Italian Wether,
Makes them all languish three whole hours together.
And where's the wonder? Plays, like Mass, are sung,
(Religious Drama!)—in an unknown tongue.

Will Poets ne'er consider what they cost us?
What tragedy can take, like Doctor Faustus?
Two stages in this moral show excell,
To frighten wicious youth with scenes of hell;
Yet both these Faustuses can warn but sew.
For what's a cons'rer's sate to me or—you?

Yet there are wives who think heav'n worth their care; But first they kindly send their spouses there. When you my lower's last distress behold, Does not each husband's thrilling blood run cold? Some heroes only die.—Ours finds a wife. What's harder than captivity for life? Yet Men, ne'er warn'd, still court their own undoing? Who, for that circle, would but wenture ruin?

THE

BEGGAR's OPERA.

-Nos hæc novissimus esse nihil. MART.



INTRODUCTION.

BEGGAR, PLAYER.

BEGGAR.

F poverty be a title to poetry, I am sure no body can dispute mine. I own myself of the Company of Beggars; and I make one at their weekly festivals at St. Giles's. I have a small yearly salary for my catches, and am welcome to a dinner there whenever I

please, which is more than most poets can say.

Player. As we live by the Muses, it is but gratitude in us to encourage poetical merit wherever we find it. The Muses, contrary to all other ladies, pay no distinction to dress, and never partially mistake the pertness of embroidery for wit, nor the modesty of want for dulness. Be the author who he will, we push his play as far as it will go. So (though you are in want) I

wish you success heartily.

This piece I own was originally writ for the celebrating the marriage of James Chanter and Moll Lay, two most excellent ballad-singers. I have introduced the fimiles that are in all your celebrated opera's: The Savellow, the Moth, the Bee, the Ship, the Flower, &c. Besides I have a prison scene, which the ladies always reckon charmingly pathetic. As to the parts, I have observed such a nice impartiality to our two ladies, that it is impossible for either of them to take offence. I hope I may be forgiven, that I have not made my opera throughout unnatural, like those in vogue; for I have no recitative; excepting this, as I have consented to have neither Prologue nor Epilogue, it must be allowed an opera in all its forms. The piece indeed hath been heretofore frequently represented by ourselves in our great room at St. Giles's, so that I cannot too often acknowlege your charity in bringing it now on the stage.

Player. But I see it is time for us to withdraw; the Actors are preparing to begin. Play away the overture.

D

Dramatis Personæ.

MEN.

Peachum,	Mr. Hippesley.
Lockit,	Mr. Hall.
Macheath,	Mr. Walker.
Filch.	Mr. Clark.
Jemmy Twitcher,	Mr. H. Bullock.
Crook-finger'd Jack,	Mr. Houghton.
Wat. Dreary,	Mr. Smith.
Robin of Bagshot, Macheath's	J Mr. Lacy.
Nimming Ned, Gang,	Mr. Pit.
Harry Paddington,	Mr. Eaton.
Mat. of the Mint,	Mr. Spiller.
Ben Budge,	Mr. Morgan.
Beggar,	Mr. Chapman.
Player,	Mr. Milward.

Constables, Drawers, Turnkey, &c.

WOMEN.

Mrs. Peachum,	Mrs. Marten.
Polly Peachum,	Miss Fenton.
Lucy Lockit,	Mrs. Egleton.
Diana Trapes,	Mrs. Marten.
Mrs. Coaxer,	Mrs. Holiday.
Dolly Trull,	Mrs. Lacy.
Mrs. Vixen,	Mrs. Rice.
Betty Doxy, Women of	J Mrs. Rogers.
Jenny Diver, the Town,	Mrs. Clarke.
Mrs. Slammekin,	Mrs. Morgan.
Suky Tawdry,	Mrs. Palin.
Molly Brazen,	[Mrs. Sallen

THE

BEGGAR's OPERA.

ACT I.

SCENE, Peachum's House.

Peachum sitting at a table, with a large book of accounts before him.

AIR I. An old woman clothed in grey.

THROUGH all the employments of life
Each neighbour abuses his brother;
Whore and rogue they call husband and wise:
All professions be-rogue one another.
The priest calls the lawyer a cheat,
The lawyer be-knaves the divine;
And the statesman, because he's so great,
Thinks his trade as honest as mine.

A lawyer is an honest employment, so is mine. Like me too he acts in a double capacity, both against rogues and for 'em; for 'tis but fitting that we should protect and encourage cheats, since we live by 'em.

Enter Filch.

Fileb. Sir, black Moll hath fent word her trial comes on in the afternoon, and she hopes you will order mat-

ters so as to bring her off.

Peach. Why, she may plead her belly at worst; to my knowlege she hath taken care of that security. But as the wench is very active and industrious, you may satisfy her that I'll soften the evidence.

Filch. Tom Gagg, fir, is found guilty.

Peach. A lazy dog! When I took him the time before, I told him what he would come to if he did not mend his hand. This is death without repreve. I may venture to book him: [writes] for Tom Gazg, forty pounds. Let Betty Sly know that I'll fave her from transportation, for I can get more by her staying in England.

Filch. Betty hath brought more goods into our lock this year than any five of the gang; and in truth, 'tis

pity to lose so good a customer.

Peach. If none of the gang takes her off, she may, in the common course of business, live a twelve-month longer. I love to let women 'scape. A good sportsman always lets the hen-partridges sly, because the breed of the game depends upon them. Besides, here the law allows us no reward: there is nothing to be got by the death of women—except our wives.

Filch. Without dispute, the is a fine woman! 'Twas to her I was obliged for my education, (to say a bold word) she hath train'd up more young fellows to the

business, than the gaming-table.

Peach. Truly, Filch, thy observation is right. We and the surgeons are more beholden to women, than all the professions besides.

AIR II. The bonny grey-ey'd morn, &c.

Filch. 'Tis aveman that feduces all mankind,

By her we first were taught the wheedling arts;

Her very eyes can cheat; when most she's kind,

She tricks us of our money with our hearts.

For her, like wolves by night we roam for prey,
And practife ev'ry fraud to bribe her charms;
For fuits of love, like law, are won by pay,
And beauty must be fee'd into our arms.

Peach. But make haste to Newgate, boy, and let my friends know what I intend; for I love to make them

easy one way or other.

Filch. When a gentleman is long kept in suspence, penitence may break his spirit ever after. Besides, certainty gives a man a good air upon his trial, and makes him risque another without fear or scruple. But I'll

away, for 'tis a pleasure to be the mossenger of comfort to friends in affliction. [Exit.

Peach. But 'tis now high time to look about me for a decent execution against next sessions. I hate a lazy rozue, by whom one can get nothing 'till he is hang'd. A register of the gang [reading.] Crook-singer'd Jack. A year and a half in the service: Let me see how much the stock owes to his industry; one, two, three, four, five gold watches, and feven filver ones. A mighty clean-handed fellow! Sixteen snuss-boxes, five of them of true gold. Six dozen of handkerchiefs, four filver-hilted fwords, half a dozen of shirts, three tyeperiwigs, and a piece of broad cloth. Confidering these are only the fruits of his leisure hours, I don't know a prettier fellow, for no man alive hath a more engaging presence of mind upon the road. Wat. Dreary, alias Brown Will, an irregular dog, who hath an underhand way of disposing his goods. I'll try him only for a sessions or two longer upon his good behaviour. Harry Paddington, a poor petty-larceny rascal, without the least genius; that fellow, tho' he were to live these six months, will never come to the gallows with any credit. Slippery Sam; he goes off the next fessions, for the villain hath the impudence to have views of following his trade as a taylor, which he calls an honest employment. Mat. of the Mint; listed not above a month ago, a promising sturdy fellow, and diligent in his way; fomewhat too bold and hasty, and may raise good contributions on the public, if he does not cut himself short by murder. Tipple, a guzzling soaking sot, who is always too drunk to stand himself, or to make others stand. cart is absolutely necessary for him. Robin of Bagshot, alias Gorgon, alias Bluff Bob, alias Carbuncle, alias Bob Booty.

Enter Mrs. Peachum.

Mrs. Peach. What of Bob Booty, husband? I hope nothing bad hath betided him. You know, my dear, he's a favourite customer of mine. 'Twas he made me a present of this ring.

Peach. I have fet his name down in the black-lift, that's all, my dear; he spends his life among women,

and as foon as his money is gone, one or other of the ladies will hang him for the reward, and there's forty

pounds lost to us for ever.

Mrs. Peach. You know, my dear, I never meddle in matters of death; I always leave those affairs to you. Women indeed are bitter bad judges in these cases, for they are so partial to the brave, that they think every man handsome who is going to the camp or the gallows.

AIR III. Cold and raw, &c.

If any wench Venus's girdle avear,
Though she be never so ugly,
Lillies and roses will quickly appear,
And her face look avond'rous smuggly.
Beneath the left ear, so fit but a cord,
(A rope so charming a zone is!)
The youth in his cart hath the air of a lord,
And we cry, There dies an Adonis!

But really, husband, you should not be too hardhearted, for you never had a finer, braver set of men than at present. We have not had a murder among them all, these seven months. And truly, my dear, that is a great blessing.

Peach. What a dickens is the woman always a whimpering about murder for? No gentleman is ever lock'd upon the worse for killing a man in his own defence; and if business cannot be carried on without

it, what would you have a gentleman do?

Mrs. Peach. If I am in the wrong, my dear, you must excuse me, for no-body can help the frailty of

an over-scrupulous conscience.

Peach. Murder is as fashionable a crime as a man can be guilty of. How many fine gentlemen have we in Newgate every year, purely upon that article? If they have wherewithal to persuade the jury to bring it in manssaughter, what are they the worse for it? So, my dear, have done upon this subject. Was captain Macheath here this morning, for the bank-notes he lest with you last week?

Mrs. Peach. Yes, my dear; and though the Bank hath stopt payment, he was so chearful and so agreeable! Sure there is not a finer gentleman upon the

road than the captain! If he comes from Bag hot at any reasonable hour, he hath promis'd to make one this evening with Polly, me, and Bob Booty, at a party of quadrille. Pray, my dear, is the captain rich?

Peach. The captain keeps too good company ever to grow rich. Marybone and the chocolate-houses are his undoing. The man that proposes to get money by play, should have the education of a fine gentleman,

and be train'd up to it from his youth.

Mrs. Peach. Really I am forry upon Polly's account. the captain hath not more discretion. What business hath he to keep company with lords and gentlemen? he should leave them to prey upon one another.

Peach. Upon Polly's account! What, a plague, does

the woman mean?—Upon Polly's account!

Mrs. Peach. Captain Macheath is very fond of the girl. Peach. And what then?

Mrs. Peach. If I have any skill in the ways of women, I am fure Polly thinks him a very pretty man.

Peach. And what then? you would not be so mad to have the wench marry him! Gamesters and highwaymen are generally very good to their whores, but they are very devils to their wives.

Mrs. Peach. But if Polly should be in love, how should we help her, or how can she help herself? Poor

girl, I'm in the utmost concern about her.

AIR IV. Why is your faithful flave disdain'd?

If love the virgin's heart invade, How, like a moth, the simple maid Still plays about the flame! If soon she be not made a wife, Her honour's fing'd, and then for life, She's-what I dare not name.

Peach. Look ye, wife. A handsome wench, in our way of business, is as profitable as at the bar of a Temple coffee-house, who looks upon it as her livelihood to grant every liberty but one. You see I would indulge the girl as far as prudently we can. in any thing, but marriage! After that, my dear, how shall we be safe? are we not then in her husband's power? for a husband hath the absolute power over all

a wife's fecrets, but her own. If the girl had the difcretion of a court lady, who can have a dozen young fellows at her ear, without complying with one, I should not matter it; but Polly is tinder, and a spark will at once set her on a stame. Married! If the wench does not know her own profit, sure she knows her own pleasure better than to make herself a property! My daughter to me should be like a court lady to a minister of state, a key to the whole gang. Married! If the affair is not already done, I'll terrify her from it, by the example of our neighbours.

Mrs. Peach. May-hap, my dear, you may injure the girl. She loves to imitate the fine ladies, and she may only allow the captain liberties in the view of interest.

Feach. But 'tis your duty, my dear, to warn the girl against her ruin, and to instruct her how to make the most of her beauty. I'll go to her this moment, and sist her. In the mean time, wise, rip out the coronets and marks of these dozen of cambric hand-kerchiefs, for I can dispose of them this asternoon to a chap in the city.

[Exit.

Mrs. Peach. Never was a man more out of the way in an argument, than my husband! Why must our Polly, for footh, differ from her sex, and love only her husband? And why must our Polly's marriage, contrary to all observation, make her the less follow'd by other men? All men are thieves in love, and like a woman the better for being another's property.

AIR V. Of all the simple things we do, &c.

A maid is like the golden ore,
Which hath guineas intrinsical in't,
Whose worth is never known, before
It is try'd and imprest in the mint.
A wise's like a guinea in gold,
Stampt with the name of her sponse;
Now here, now there; is bought, or is sold;
And is current in every bouse.

Enter Filch.

Mrs. Peach. Come hither, Filch. I am as fond of this child as though my mind mifgave me he were my own. He hath as fine a hand at picking a pocket as a woman,

and is as nimble-finger'd as a juggler. If an unlucky fession does not cut the rope of thy life, I pronounce, boy, thou wilt be a great man in history. Where was your post last night, my boy?

Filch. I ply'd at the Opera, madam; and confidering 'twas neither dark nor rainy, so that there was no errat hurry in getting chairs and coaches, made a tolerable hand on't. These seven handkerchiefs, madam.

Mrs. Peach. Colour'd ones, I fee. They are of fure fale from our warchouse at Redriff among the scamen.

Filch. And this snuff-box.

Mrs. Peach. Set in gold! A pretty encouragement

this to a young beginner.

Filch. I had a fair tug at a charming gold watch. Pox take the taylors for making the fobs to deep and narrow! It fluck by the way, and I was forced to make my escape under a coach. Really, madam, I fear I shall be cut off in the flower of my youth, to that every now and then (fince I was pumpt) I have

thoughts of taking up and going to sea.

Mrs. Peach. You should go to Hockley in the hole, and to Marybone, child, to learn valour. These are the schools that have bred so many brave men. I thought, boy, by this time, thou hadst lost sear as well as shame. I'our lad! how little does he know yet of the Old Bailey! For the first fact I'll insure thee from being hang'd; and going to sea, Fileb, will come time enough upon a sentence of transportation. But now, since you have nothing better to do, ev'n go to your book, and learn your catechism; for really a man makes but an ill figure in the ordinary's paper, who cannot give a satisfactory answer to his questions. But, hark you, my lad, Don't tell me a lye; for you know I hate a lyar. Do you know of any thing that hath past between captain Macheath and our Polly?

Filch. I beg you, madam, don't ask me; for I must either tell a lye to you, or to miss Polly; for I promised

her I would not tell.

Mrs. Peach. But when the honour of our family is concern'd—

Fileb. I shall lead a sad life with Miss Polly, if ever she comes to know I told you. Besides, I would not

willingly forseit my own honour by betraying any body.

Mrs. Peach. Yonder comes my husband and Polly.

Come, Filch, you shall go with me into my own room, and tell me the whole story. I'll give thee a glass of a most delicious cordial that I keep for my own drinking.

[Execunt.

Enter Peachum and Polly.

Polly. I know as well as any of the fine ladies how to make the most of myself and of my man too. A woman knows how to be mercenary, though she hath never been in a court or at an assembly. We have it in our natures, papa. If I allow captain Macheath some tristing liberties, I have this watch and other visible marks of his favour to show for it. A girl who cannot grant some things, and resuse what is most material, will make but a poor hand of her beauty, and soon be thrown upon the common.

AIR VI. What shall I do to show how much I love her?

Virgins are like the fair flower in its lustre,
It hich in the garden enamels the ground?

Near it the bees in play flutter and cluster,
And gaudy butterslies frolick around.

But, when once pluck'd, 'tis no longer alluring,
To Covent-garden 'tis sent, (as yet sweet)

There sades, and shrinks, and grows past all enaments.

Rots, slinks, and dies, and is trod under feet.

Peach. You know, Polly, I am not against your toying and trisling with a customer in the way of business, or to get out a secret, or so. But if I find out that you have play'd the sool and are married, you jade you, I'll cut your throat, hussy. Now you know my mind.

Enter Mrs. Pcachum.

AIR VII. O London is a fine Town.

Mrs. Peachum, [in a very great passion.]
Our Polly is a sad slut! nor beeds what we have taught ber.

I wonder any man alive will ever rear a daughter!

For she must have both boods and gowns, and hoops to swell her pride,

With scarfs and stays, and gloves and lace; and she will have men beside;

And when she's drest with care and cost, all-tempting, fine and gay,

As men should serve a cucumber, she slings herself away.

You baggage! you hussy! you inconsiderate jade! had you been hang'd, it would not have vex'd me, for that might have been your missortune; but to do such a mad thing by choice! The wench is married, husband.

Peach. Married? the captain is a bold man, and will risque any thing for money; to be sure he believes her a fortune. Do you think your mother and I should have liv'd comfortably so long together, if ever we had

been married? Baggage!

Mrs. Peach. I knew she was always a proud slut; and now the wench hath play'd the fool and married, because for footh she would do like the gentry. Can you support the expence of a husband, husly, in gaming, drinking, and whoring? have you money enough to carry on the daily quarrels of man and wise about who shall squander most? There are not many husbands and wives, who can bear the charges of plaguing one another in a handsome way. If you must be married, could you introduce no-body into our family but a highwayman? Why, thou soolish jade, thou wilt be as ill us'd, and as much neglected, as if thou hadst married a lord!

Peach. Let not your anger, my dear, break through the rules of decency, for the captain looks upon himfelf in the military capacity, as a gentleman by his profession. Besides what he hath already, I know he is in a fair way of getting, or of dying; and both these ways, let me tell you, are most excellent chances for a wife. Tell me, husty, are you ruin'd, or no?

Mrs. Peach. With Polly's fortune, she might very well have gone off to a person of distinction. Yes,

that you might, you pouting flut!

Peach. What, is the wench dumb? Speak, or I'll make you plead by squeezing out an answer from you.

Are you really bound wife to him, or are you only upon liking?

Polly. Oh!

[Screaming.

Mrs. Peach. How the mother is to be pitied who hath handsome daughters! Locks, bolts, bars, and lectures of morality are nothing to them: they break through them all. They have as much pleasure in cheating a father and mother, as in cheating at cards.

Peach. Why, Polly, I shall soon know if you are

married, by Macheath's keeping from our house.

AIR VIII. Grim king of the ghosts, &c.

Polly. Can love be controul'd by advice?

Will Cupid our mothers obey?

Though my heart were as frozen as ice,

At his flame 'twould have melted away.

When he kift me so closely he prest,

'Twas so sweet, that I must have comply'd.

So I thought it both safest and best

To marry, for fear you should chide.

Mrs. Feach. Then all the hopes of our family are

gone for ever and ever!

Peach. And Macheath may hang his father and mother in-law, in hopes to get into their daughter's fortune.

Pelly. I did not marry him (as 'tis the fashion) coolly and deliberately for honour or money. But, I love him.

Mrs. Peach. Love him! worse and worse! I thought the girl had been better bred. Oh husband, husband! her folly makes me mad! my head swims! I'm distracted! I can't support mysels—Oh!

[Faints.]

Peach. See, wench, to what a condition you have reduced your poor mother! a glass of cordial, this instant. How the poor woman takes it to heart!

[Polly goes out and returns with it. Ah, huffy, now this is the only comfort your mother has left!

Polly. Give her another glass, sir; my mama drinks double the quantity whenever she is out of order. This, you see, setches her.

Mrs. Peach. The girl shows such a readiness, and so

much concern, that I could almost find in my heart to forgive her.

AIR IX. O Jenny, O Jenny, where hast thou been.

O Polly, you might have toy'd and kift. By keeping men off, you keep them on. But he so teaz'd me,

Polly.

But he fo teax'd me,

And he fo pleas'd me,

What I did, you must have done.

Mrs. Peach. Not with a highway-man. You forry flut!

Peach. A word with you, wife. 'Tis no new thing for a wench to take man without confent of parents.

You know 'tis the frailty of woman, my dear.

Mrs. Peach. Yes, indeed, the fex is frail. But the first time a woman is frail, she should be somewhat nice methinks, for then or never is the time to make her fortune. After that, she hath nothing to do but to guard herself from being sound out, and she may do what she pleases.

Peach. Make yourself a little easy; I have a thought shall soon set all matters again to rights. Why so melancholy, Polly? since what is done cannot be undone,

we must all endeavour to make the best of it.

Mrs. Peach. Well, Polly; as far as one woman can forgive another, I forgive thee.—Your father is too fond of you, huffy.

Polly. Then all my forrows are at an end.

Mrs. Peach. A mighty likely speech, in troth, for a wench who is just married!

AIR X. Thomas, I cannot, &c.

Polly. I, like a ship in storms, was tost;

Yet asraid to put in to land;

For seiz'd in the port the wessel's lost,

Whose treasure is contreband.

The waves are laid,

My duty's paid

O joy beyond expression!

Thus, safe a-shore,

I ask no more,

My all is in my possession.

Peach. I hear customers in t'other room; go, talk with 'em, Polly; but come to us again, as soon as they are gone.—But, heark ye, child, if 'tis the gentleman who was here yesterday about the repeating watch, say, you believe we can't get intelligence of it, till to-morrow. For I lent it to Suky Straddle, to make a sigure with to-night at a tavern in Drury-lane. If t'other gentleman calls for the silver-hilted sword, you know beettle-brow'd Jemmy hath it on, and he doth not come from Tunbridge till Tuesday night; so that it cannot be had till then. [Exit Polly.] Dear wise, be a little pacified. Don't let your passion run away with your senses. Polly, I grant you, hath done a rash thing.

Mrs. Peach. If she had had only an intrigue with the fellow, why the very best families have excus'd and huddled up a frailty of that fort. 'Tis marriage,

husband, that makes it a blemish.

Peach. But money, wife, is the true fuller's earth for reputations, there is not a spot or a stain but what it can take out. A rich rogue now-a-days is sit company for any gentleman; and the world, my dear, hath not such a contempt for roguery as you imagine. I tell you, wife, I can make this match turn to our advantage.

Mrs. Peach. I am very sensible, husband, that captain Macheath is worth money, but I am in doubt whether he hath not two or three wives already, and then, if he should die in a session or two, Polly's dower would

come into dispute.

Peach. That, indeed, is a point which ought to be confider'd.

AIR XI. A Soldier and a Sailor.

A Fox may steal your bens sir,

A whore your health and pence, sir,

Your daughter rob your cheft, sir,

Your wife may steal your rest, sir,

A thief your goods and plate.

But this is all but picking,

With rest, pence, cheft, and chicken;

It ever was decreed, sir,

If lawyer's hand is fee'd, fir,

Ite steals your whole estate.

The lawyers are bitter enemies to those in our way. They don't care that any body should get a clandestine livelihood but themselves.

Enter Polly.

Polly. 'Twas only Nimming Ned. He brought in a damask window-curtain, a hoop-petticoat, a pair of filver candlesticks, a periwig, and one filk stocking,

from the fire that happen'd last night.

Peach. There is not a fellow that is cleverer in his way, and faves more goods out of the fire than Ned. But now, Polly, to your affair; for matters must not be left as they are. You are married then, it feems?

Polly. Yes, Sir.

Peach. And how do you propose to live, child?
Polly. Like other women, fir, upon the industry of

my husband.

Mrs. Peach. What, is the wench turn'd fool? A highway-man's wife, like a foldier's, hath as little of his pay as of his company.

Peach. And had not you the common views of a

gentlewoman in your marriage, Polly?

Polly. I don't know what you mean, fir. Peach. Of a jointure, and of being a widow.

Polly. But I love him, fir: how then could I have

thoughts of parting with him?

Peach. Parting with him! Why, that is the whole scheme and intention of all marriage-articles. The comfortable estate of widowhood is the only hope that keeps up a wise's spirits. Where is the woman who would scruple to be a wise, if she had it in her power to be a widow whenever she pleas'd? If you have any views of this sort, Polly, I shall think the match not so very unreasonable.

Polly. How I dread to hear your advice! Yet I must

beg you to explain yourfelf.

Peach. Secure what he hath got, have him peach'd the next sessions, and then at once you are made a rich widow.

Polly. What, murder the man I love! The blood runs cold at my heart with the very thought of it.

Peach. Fye, Polly! what hath murder to do in the affair? Since the thing fooner or later must happen, I

dare say, the captain himself would like that we should get the reward for his death sooner than a stranger. Why, Polly, the captain knows, that as 'tis his employment to rob, so 'tis ours to take robbers; every man in his business. So that there is no malice in the case.

Mrs. Peach. Ay, husband, now you have nick'd the matter. To have him peach'd is the only thing could ever make me forgive her.

AIR XII. Now ponder well, ye parents dear.

Polly. Ob, ponder well! be not fewere;
So fave a wretched wife!
For on the rope that bangs my dear,
Depends poor Polly's life.

Mrs. Peach. But your duty to your parents, huffy, obliges you to hang him. What would many a wife give for such an opportunity!

Polly. What is a jointure, what is widowhood to

me? I know my heart. I cannot survive him.

AIR XIII. Le printemps rappelle aux armes.

The turtle thus with plaintive crying,
Her lover dying,
The turtle thus with plaintive crying
Laments her dove.
Down she drops quite spent with sighing,
Puir'd in death, as pair'd in love.

Thus, fir, it will happen to your poor Polly.

Mrs. Peach. What, is the fool in love in earnest then? I hate thee for being particular: Why, wench, shou art a shame to thy very sex.

Polly. But hear me, mother.—If you ever lov'd—Mrs. Peach. Those cursed play-books she reads have been her ruin. One word more, husty, and I shall knock your brains out, if you have any.

Peach. Keep out of the way, Polly, for fear of mis-

chief, and consider of what is propos'd to you.

Mrs. Peach. Away, hussy. Hang your husband, and be dutiful. [Polly listening.] The thing, husband,

must and shall be done. For the sake of intelligence we must take other measures, and have him peach'd the next session without her consent. If she will not

know her duty, we know ours.

Peach. But really, my dear, it grieves one's heart to take off a great man. When I consider his perfonal bravery, his fine stratagem, how much we have already got by him, and how much more we may get; methinks I can't find in my heart to have a hand in his death. I wish you could have made Polly undertake it.

Mis. Peach. But in a case of necessity-our own

lives are in danger.

Peach. Then, indeed, we must comply with the customs of the world, and make gratitude give way to interest.—He shall be taken off.

Mrs. Peach. I'll undertake to manage Polly.

Peach. And I'll prepare matters for the Old-baily.

[Exeunt Peachum and Mrs. Peachum.

Polly. Now I'm a wretch, indeed.—Methinks I see him already in the cart, sweeter and more lovely than the nolegay in his hand !- I hear the crowd extolling his resolution and intrepidity!-What vollies of fighs are fent from the windows of Holborn, that so comely a youth should be brought to disgrace!—I see him at the tree! the whole circle are in tears!-even butchers weep! - Juck Ketch himself hesitates to perform his duty, and would be glad to lofe his fee, by a reprieve. What then will become of Polly!-As yet I may inform him of their defign, and aid him in his escape. - It shall be so .- But then he flies. absents himself, and I bar myself from his dear, dear conversation! that too will distract me.-If he keeps out of the way, my papa and mama may in time relent, and we may be happy.-If he stays, he is hang'd, and then he is lost for ever !- He intended to lie conceal'd in my room, 'till the dusk of the evening: If they are abroad I'll this instant let him out, lest some accident should prevent him.

[Exit, and returns with Macheath.

AIR XIV. Pretty Parrot, say, &c.

Mach. Pretty Polly, say,
When I was away,
Did your fancy never stray

To some newer lover?

Polly. Without difguife,

Heaving fighs,

Doating eyes,

My constant heart discover.

Mach. Fondly let me loll!

O pretty, pretty Poll.

Polly. And are you as fond as ever, my dear?

Mach. Suspect my honour; my courage, suspect any
thing but my love.—May my pistols miss fire, and my
mare slip her shoulder while I am pursu'd, if I ever
forsake thee!

Polly. Nay, my dear, I have no reason to doubt you, for I find in the romance you lent me, none of the great heroes were ever false in love.

AIR XV. Pray, fair one, be kind.

Mach. My beart was so free,
It row'd like the bee,
'Till Polly my passion requited;
I sipt each stower,
I chang'd ew'ry hour,
But here ew'ry stower is united.

Polly. Were you fentenc'd to transportation, sure, my dear, you could not seave me behind you-

could you?

Mach. Is there any power, any force that could tear me from thee? You might fooner tear a pension out of the hands of a courtier, a fee from a lawyer, a pretty woman from a looking-glas, or any woman from quadrille.—But to tear me from thee is impossible!

AIR XVI. Over the hills and far away.

Wert I laid on Greenland's coaft,
And in my arms embrac'd my lass;
Warm amidst eternal frost,
Too soon the half year's night would pass.

Polly. Were I fold on Indian foil,
Soon as the burning day was clos'd,
I could mock the fultry toil,
When on my charmer's breast repos'd.

Mach. And I would love you all the day, Polly. Every night would kifs and play, Mach. If with me you'd fondly stray Polly. Over the bills and far away.

Polly. Yes, I would go with thee. But oh! how shall I speak it? I must be torn from thec. We must part.

Mach. How! Part!

Polly. We must, we must.—My papa and mama are set against thy life. They now, even now are in search after thee. They are preparing evidence against thee. Thy life depends upon a moment.

AIR XVII. Gin thou wert mine awn thing.

O what pain it is to part!

Can I leave thee, can I leave thee?

O what pain it is to part!

Can thy Polly ever leave thee?

But lest death my love should thwart,

And bring thee to the fatal cart,

Thus I tear thee from my bleeding heart!

Fly hence, and let me leave thee.

One kiss and then—one kiss—begone—farewell.

Mach. My hand, my heart, my dear, is so riveted

to thine, that I cannot unloose my hold.

Polly. But my papa may intercept thee, and then I should lose the very glimmering of hope. A few weeks, perhaps, may reconcile us all. Shall thy Polly hear from thee?

Mach. Must I then go?

Polly. And will not absence change your love?

Mach. If you doubt it, let me stay—and be

hang'd.

Polly. O how I fear! how I tremble!—Go—but when safety will give you leave, you will be sure to see me again; for 'till then Polly is wretched.

. ...

AIR XVIII. O the broom, &c.

Mach. The miser thus a shilling sees [Parting, and looking Which he's oblig'd to pay, with sondness; he with sights resigns it by degrees, at one door, she at the other.

Polly. The boy thus, when his sparrow's stown,
The bird in silence eyes;
But soon as out of sight 'tis gone,
Whines, whimpers, sobs, and cries.



ACT II.

SCENE, A Tavern near Newgate.

Jemmy Twitcher, Crook-finger'd Jack, Wat. Dreary, Robin of Bagshot, Nimming Ned, Henry Padington, Matt. of the Mint, Ben. Budge, and the rest of the Gang, at the Table, with Wine, Brandy, and Tobacco.

BEN.

B UT pr'ythee, Matt, what is become of thy brother Tom? I have not seen him since my return

from transportation.

Matt. Poor brother Tom had an accident this time twelvemonth; and so clever a made sellow he was, that I could not save him from those sleaing rascals the surgeons; and now, poor man, he is among the otamys at Surgeon's Hall.

Ben. So it seems, his time was come.

Jem. But the present time is ours, and nobody alive hath more. Why are the laws levell'd at us? Are we more dishonest than the rest of mankind? What we win, gentlemen, is our own by the law of arms, and the right of conquest.

Grook. Where shall we find such another set of practical philosophers, who to a man are above the

fear of death?

Wat. Sound men, and true!

Robin. Of try'd courage, and indefatigable industry!

Ned. Who is there here that would not die for his
friend?

Harry. Who is there here that would betray him for

his interest?

Matt. Show me a gang of courtiers that can say as much.

Ben. We are for a just partition of the world, for

every man hath a right to enjoy life.

Matt. We retrench the superfluities of mankind. The world is avaritious, and I hate avarice. A covetous fellow, like a jack-daw, steals what he was never made to enjoy, for the sake of hiding it. These are the robbers of mankind; for money was made for the free-hearted and generous, and where is the injury of taking from another, what he hath not the heart to make use of?

Jem. Our several stations for the day are fx'd. Good

luck attend us all, Fill the glasses.

AIR XIX. Fill ev'ry glas, &c.

Matt. Fill ev'ry glass, for wine inspires us,
And fires us
With courage, love, and joy.
Women and wine should life employ:
Is there ought else on earth desirous?
Chorus. Fill ev'ry glass, &c.

To them enter Macheath.

Mach. Gentlemen, well met. My heart hath been with you this hour; but an unexpected affair hath

detain'd me. No ceremony, I beg you.

Matt. We were just breaking up to go upon duty. Am I to have the honour of taking the air with you, fir, this evening upon the Heath? I drink a dram now and then with the stage-coachmen in the way of friendship and intelligence; and I know that about this time there will be passengers upon the western road, who are worth speaking with.

Mach. I was to have been of that party-but-

Matt. But what, fir?

Mach. Is there any man who suspects my courage?

Matt. We have all been witness of it.

Mach. My honour and truth to the gang?

Matt. I'll be answerable for it.

Mach. In the division of our booty, have I ever shown the least marks of avarice or injustice!

Matt. By these questions something seems to have

ruffled you. Are any of us suspected?

Mach. I have a fix'd confidence, gentlemen, in you all, as men of honour, and as such I value and respect you. Peachum is a man that is useful to us.

Matt. Is he about to play us any foul play? I'll

shoot him through the head.

Mach. I beg you, gentlemen, act with conduct and discretion. A pistol is your last resort.

Matt. He knows nothing of this meeting.

Mach. Business cannot go on without him. He is a man who knows the world, and is a necessary agent to us. We have had a slight difference, and till it is accommodated, I shall be obliged to keep out of his way. Any private dispute of mine shall be of no ill consequence to my friends. You must continue to act under his direction; for the moment we break loose from him, our gang is ruin'd.

Matt. As a bawd to a whore, I grant you, he is

to us of great convenience.

Mach. Make him believe I have quitted the gang, which I can never do but with life. At our private quarters I will continue to meet you. A week or so

will probably reconcile us.

Matt. Your instructions shall be observed. 'Tis now high time for us to repair to our several duties; so till the evening, at our quarters in Moorfields, we bid you farewell.

Mach. I shall wish myself with you. Success attend you. [Sits down melancholy at the table.

AIR XX. March in Rinaldo, with drums and trumpets.

Matt. Let us take the road.

Hark! I bear the found of coaches! The hour of attack approaches, To your arms, brave boys, and lead. See the ball I hold!
Let the chemists toil like affes,
Our fire their fire jurpasses,
And turns all our lead to gold.

[The gang ranged in the front of the stage, load their pistols, and stick them under their girdles; then go off singing the first part in chorus.

Mach. What a fool is a fond wench! Polly is most confoundedly bit.—I love the sex: and a man who loves money, might as well be contented with one guinea, as I with one woman. The town perhaps hath been as much oblig'd to me, for recruiting it with free-hearted ladies, as to any recruiting officer in the army. If it were not for us and the other gentle.

men of the sword, Drury-lane would be uninhabited.

AIR XXI. Would you have a young virgin, &c.

If the heart of a man is deprest with cares,
The mist is dispell'd when a woman appears;
Like the notes of a fiddle, she sweetly, sweetly
Raises the spirits, and charms our ears.
Roses and lillies her cheeks disclose,
But her ripe lips are more sweet than those.
Press her,
Caress her,
With blisses,
Her kisses

Dissolve us in pleasure, and soft repose.

I must have women. There is nothing unbends the mind like them. Money is not so strong a cordial for the time.—Drawer.—[Enter Drawer.] Is the porter gone for all the ladies, according to my directions?

Draw. I expect him back every minute. But you know, sir, you sent him as far as Hockley in the Hole, for three of the ladies, for one in Vinegar-yard, and for the rest of them somewhere about Lewhner's-lane. Sure some of them are below, for I hear the bar-bell. As they come I will show them up. — Coming, coming.

Enter Mrs. Coaxer, Dolly Trull, Mrs. Vixen, Betty Doxy, Jenny Diver, Mrs. Slammekin, Suky Tawdry, and Molly Brazen.

Mach. Dear Mrs. Coaxer, you are welcome: you look charmingly to-day. I hope you don't want the repairs of quality, and lay on paint. - Dolly Trull! kiss me, you flut; are you as amorous as ever, hussy? You are always so taken up with stealing hearts, that you don't allow yourfelf time to steal any thing else .-Ah, Dolly, thou wilt ever be a coquette! - Mrs. Vixen, I'm yours, I always lov'd a woman of wit and spirit; they make charming mistresses, but plaguy wives .- Betty Doxy! come hither, huffy: do you drink as hard as ever? You had better flick to good wholesome beer; for in troth, Betty, strong waters will in time ruin your constitution: you should leave those to your betters .- What! and my pretty Jenny Diver too! as prim and demure as ever! There is not any prude, though ever so high bred, hath a more fanctify'd look, with a more mischievous heart: ah! thou art a dear artful hypocrite. --- Mrs. Slammekin! as careless and genteel as ever! all you fine ladies. who know your own beauty, affect undress .- But see, here's Suky Tawdry come to contradict what I was faying: every thing she gets one way, she lays out upon her back. Why, Suky, you must keep at least a dozen tally-men. Molly Brazen? [fbe kiffes him.] That's well done. I love a free-hearted wench: thou hast a most agreeable assurance, girl, and art as willing as a turtle. But hark! I hear music. The harper is at the door. " If music be the food of love, play on." Ere you seat yourselves, ladies; what think you of a dance? Come in. [Enter Harper.] Play the French tune, that Mrs. Slammekin was to fond of.

[A dance à la Ronde in the French manner; near the end of it this Song and Chorus.

AIR XXII. Cotillon.

Youth's the feason made for joys, Love is then our duty; She alone who that employs, Well deserves her beauty. Let's be gay, While we may,

Beauty's a flower despis'd in decay.

Chorus. Youth's the feafon, &c.

Let us drink and sport to-day,
Ours is not to-morrow.

Love with youth flies swift away,
Age is nought but sorrow.

Dance and sing,
Time's on the wing,

Life never knows the return of Spring.

Chorus. Let us drink. &cc.

Mac. Now pray, ladies, take your places. Here, fellow [pays the Harper.] Bid the drawer bring us more wine. [Exit Harper.] If any of the ladies chuse gin, I hope they will be so free as to call for it.

Jenny. You look as if you meant me. Wine is strong enough for me. Indeed, sir, I never drink

strong waters, but when I have the colic.

Mach. Just the excuse of the fine ladies! Why, a lady of quality is never without the colic.—I hope, Mrs. Coaxer, you have had good success of late in your visits among the mercers.

Coax. We have so many interlopers.—Yet with industry, one may still have a little picking. I carried a silver-slower'd lustring and a piece of black

padefoy to Mr. Peachum's lock but last week.

Vix. There's Molly Brazen hath the ogle of a rattlefnake. She rivetted a linen-draper's eyes so fast upon her, that he was nick'd of three pieces of cambrick

before he could look off.

Braz. O dear madam!—But fure nothing can come up to your handling of laces! And then you have such a sweet deluding tongue! To cheat a man is nothing; but the woman must have sine parts indeed, who cheats a woman!

Vix. Lace, madam, lies in a small compass, and is of easy conveyance. But you are apt, madam, to

think too well of your friends.

Coax. If any woman hath more art than another, to be sure, 'tis Jenny Diver. Though her sellow be

never so agreeable, she can pick his pocket as coolly, as if money were her only pleasure. Now that is a command of the passions uncommon in a woman!

Jenny. I never go to the tavern with a man, but in the view of business. I have other hours, and other fort of men for my pleasure. But had I your address,

Mach. Have done with your compliments, ladies; and drink about. You are not so fond of me, Jenny,

as you use to be.

Jenny. 'Tis not convenient, fir, to show my fondness among so many rivals. 'Tis your own choice, and not the warmth of my inclination, that will determine you.

AIR XXIII. All in a misly morning.

Before the barn-door crowing,
The cock by bens attended,
His eyes around him throwing,
Stands for a while suspended:
Then one he singles from the crew,
And cheers the happy hen;
With how do you do, and how do you do,
And how do you do again.

Mach. Ah Janny! thou art a dear flut.

Trull. Pray, madam, were you-ever in keeping? Tawd. I hope, madam, I ha'nt been so long upon the town, but I have met with some good fortune as well as my neighbours.

Trull. Pardon me, madam, I meant no harm by the

question; 'twas only in the way of conversation.

Tawd. Indeed, madam, if I had not been a fool, I might have liv'd very handsomely with my last friend. But upon his missing five guineas, he turn'd me off. Now I never suspected he had counted them.

Slam. Who do you look upon, madam, as your best

fort of keepers?

Trull. That, madam, is thereafter as they be.

Slam. I, madam, was once kept by a Jew; and, bating their religion, to women they are a good fort of people.

98

Tawd. Now for my part, I own I like an old fellow: for we always make them pay for what they can't do.

Vix. A spruce 'prentice, let me tell you, ladies, is no ill thing; they bleed freely. I have sent at least two or three dozen of them, in my time, to the plantations.

Jenny. But to be fure, fir, with fo much good fortune as you have had upon the road, you must be grown immensely rich.

Mach. The road, indeed, hath done me justice, but

the gaming-table hath been my ruin.

AIR XXIV. When once I lay with another man's wife, &c.

Jenny. The gamesters and lawyers are jugglers alike,

If they meddle, your all is in danger:

Like gypsics, if once they can singer a souse,

Your pockets they pick, and they pilser your bouse,

And give your estate to a stranger.

A man of courage should never put any thing to the risque, but his life. These are the tools of a man of honour. Cards and Dice are only sit for cowardly cheats, who prey upon their friends.

[She takes up his pistol. Tawdry takes up the other. Taved. This, fir, is fitter for your hand. Besides your loss of money, 'tis a loss to the ladies. Gaming takes you off from women. How fond could I be of you! but before company, 'tis ill bred.

Mach. Wanton huffies!

Jen. I must and will have a kiss to give my wine a zest. [They take him about the neck, and make figns to l'eachoum and Constables, who rush in upon him.

Enter to them Peachum and Constables.

Peach. I seize you, sir, as my prisoner.

Moch. Was this well done, Jenny! — Women are decoy ducks; who can trul them! Beafts, jades, jilts, harpics, furies, whores!

Peach. Your case, Mr. Macheath, is not particular. The greatest heroes have been ruin'd by women. But, to do them justice, I must own they are a pretty fort of

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creatures, if we could trust them. You must now, fir, take your leave of the ladies, and if they have a mind to make you a visit, they will be fure to find you at home. The gentleman, ladies, lodges in Newgate. Constables, wait upon the captain to his lodgings.

AIR XXV. When first I laid siege to my Chloris.

Mach. At the tree I shall suffer with pleasure,
At the tree I shall suffer with pleasure,
Let me go where I will,
In all kinds of ill,
I shall find no such suries as these are.

Peach. Ladies, Pll take care the reckoning shall be discharg'd.

[Exit Macheath guarded, with Peachum and Constables; the avomen remain.

Vix. Look ye, Mrs. Jenny, though Mr. Peachum may have made a private bargain with you and Suky Tawdry, for betraying the captain, as we were all affifting, we ought all to share alike.

Coax. I think Mr. Peachum, after so long an acquaintance, might have trusted me as well as Jenny

Diver.

Slam. I am fure at least three men of his hanging, and in a year's time too, (if he did me justice) should be set down to my account.

Trull. Mrs. Slammekin, that is not fair: for you

know one of them was taken in bed with me.

Jenny. As far as a bowl of punch or a treat, I believe Mrs. Suky will join with me.——As for any thing else, ladies, you cannot in conscience expest it.

Slam. Dear madam.

Trull. I would not for the world.——
Slam. 'Tis impossible for me——

Trull. As I hope to be faved, madam-

Slam. Nay, then I must stay here all night

Trull. Since you command me.

[Excent with great ceremony.

SCENE, Newgate.

Lockit, Turnkeys, Macheath, and Constables.

Lock. Noble captain, you are welcome. You have not been a lodger of mine this year and half. You know the cultom, fir; garnish, captain, garnish. Hand me down those fetters there.

Mach. Those, Mr. Lockit, seem to be the heaviest of the whole set. With your leave, I should like the

further pair better.

Lock. Look ye, captain, we know what is fittest for our prisoners. When a gentleman uses me with civility, I always do the best I can to please him.—Hand them down, I say—We have them of all prices, from one guinea to ten, and 'tis sitting every gentleman should please himself.

Mach. I understand you, sir. [Gives money.] The fees here are so many, and so exorbitant, that sew fortunes can hear the expence of getting off hand-

somely, or of dying like a gentleman.

Lock. Those, I see, will fit the captain better.—Take down the further pair.—Do but examine them, fir—Never was better work.—How genteelly they are made!—They will sit as easy as a glove, and the nicest man in England might not be assumed to wear them. [He puts on the chains.] If I had the best gentleman in the land in my custody, I could not equip him more handsomely. And so, sir,—I now leave you to your private meditations.

[Exeunt Lockit, Turnkeys, and Constables.

AIR XXVI. Courtiers, courtiers think it no harm.

Mach. Man may escape from rope and gun;
Nay, some bave out-liv'd the doctor's pill?
Who takes woman must be undone,
That basilish is sure to kill.
The sty that sips treacle is lost in the sweets,
So he that tastes woman, woman, woman,
He that tastes woman, ruin meets.

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To what a woful plight have I brought myself! Here must I (ail day long, 'till I am hang'd) be confin'd to hear the reproaches of a wench, who lays her ruin at my door.—I am in the custody of her father, and to be sure, if he knows of the matter, I shall have a fine time on't betwirt this and my execution—But I promised the wench marriage.—What signifies a promise to a woman? does not man in marriage itself promise a hundred things that he never means to perform? Do all we can, women will believe us; for they look upon a promise as an excuse for following their own inclinations.—But here comes Lucy, and I cannot get from her—wou'd I were deaf.

Enter Lucy.

Lucy. You base man, you,—how can you look me in the sace, after what hath past between us?—See here, persidious wretch, how I am forc'd to bear about the load of insamy you have laid upon me—O. Macheath! thou hast robb'd me of my quiet—to see thee tortur'd would give me pleasure.

AIR XXVII. A lovely lass to a friar came.

Thus when a good busavife sces a rat,
In her trap in the morning taken,
With pleasure her heart goes pit a pat,
In revenge for her loss of hacon.
Then she throws him
To the dog or cat,
To be worried, crush'd, and shaken.

Mach. Have you no bowels, no tenderness, my dear Lucy, to see a husband in these circumstances?

Lucy. A husband?

Mach. In ev'ry respect but the form, and that, my dear, may be said over us at any time.—Friends should not insist upon ceremonies. From a man of honour, his word is as good as his bond.

Lucy. 'Tis the pleasure of all you fine men to insult

the women you have ruin'd.

AIR XXVIII. 'Twas when the sea was roaring.

How cruel are the traytors,
Who lie and fwear in jest,
To cheat unguarded creatures
Of wirtue, fame, and rest s
Whoever steals a shilling,
Thro' shame the guilt conceals a
In love the perjur'd villain
With boasts the thest reveals.

Ma.b. The very first opportunity, my dear, (have but patience) you shall be my wife in whatever manner you please.

Lucy. Infinuating monster! And so you think I know nothing of the affair of Miss Polly Peachum.

I could tear thy eyes out!

Mach. Sure, Lucy, you can't be such a fool as to

be jealous of Polly!

Lucy. Are you not married to her, you brute, you rale. Married! Very good. The wench gives it out only to vex thee, and to ruin me in thy good opinion. 'Tis true, I go to the house; I chat with the girl, I kis her. I say a thousand things to her (as all gentlemen do) that mean nothing, to divert myself; and now the silly jade hath set it about that I am married to her, to let me know what she would be at. Indeed, my dear Lucy, these violent passions may be of ill consequence to a woman in your condition.

Lucy. Come, come, captain, for all your assurance, you know that Miss Polly nath put it out of your power

to do me the justice you promis'd me.

Mach. A jealous woman believes every thing her passion suggests. To convence you of my uncerity, if we can find the ordinary, I shall have no scruples of making you my wife; and I know the consequence of having two at a time.

Lucy. That you are only to be hang'd, and so get

rid of them both.

Mach. I am ready, my dear Lucy, to give you fatisfaction—if you think there is any in marriage.—What can a man of honour say more? Lucy. So then it scems you are not married to miss

Polly.

Mach. You know, Lucy, the girl is prodigiously conceited. No man can say a civil thing to her, but (like other fine ladies) her vanity makes her think he's her own for ever and ever.

AIR XXIX. The sun had loos'd his weary teams.

The first time at the looking-glass
The mother sets her daughter,
The image strikes the smiling lass
With self-love ever after.
Each time she looks, she, sonder grown,
Thinks ev'ry charm grows stronger:
But alas, wain maid, all eyes but your own
Can see you are not younger.

When women consider their own beauties, they are all alike unreasonable in their demands; for they expect their lovers should like them as long as they like themselves.

Lucy. Yonder is my father—perhaps this way we may light upon the ordinary, who shall try if you will be as good as your word—for I long to be made an honest woman.

[Execunt.

Enter Peachum and Lockit, with an account book.

Lock. In this last affair, brother Peachum, we are agreed. You have consented to go halves in Macheails.

Peach. We shall never fall out about an execution.—But as to that article, pray how stands our last year's account?

Lock. If you will run your eye over it, you'll find

tis fair and clearly stated.

Peach. This long arrear of the government is very hard upon us! Can it be expected that we should hang our acquaintance for nothing, when our betters will hardly save theirs without being paid for it? Unless the people in employment pay better, I promise them for the suture, I shall let other rogue, live besides their own.

Lock. Perhaps, brother, they are afraid these matters may be carried too far. We are treated too by them with contempt, as if our profession were not reputable.

Peach. In one respect indeed, our employment may be reckoned dishonest; like great statesmen, we en-

courage those who betray their friends.

Lock. Such language, brother, any where elfe, might turn to your prejudice. Learn to be more guarded, I beg you.

AIR XXX. How happy are we, &c.

When you censure the age,

Be cautieus and sage,

Lest the courtiers offended should be:

If you mention vice or bribe,

'Tis so pat to all the tribe;

Each cries——That was levell'd at me.

Peach. Here's poor Ned Clincher's name, I fee. Sure, brother Lockit, there was a little unfair proceeding in Ned's cafe: for he told me in the condemn'd hold, that, for value receiv'd, you had promis'd him a fession or two longer without molestation.

Lock. Mr. Peachum, - this is the first time my honour

was ever call'd in question.

Peach. Bufiness is at an end—if once we act dishonourably.

Lock. Who accuses me?

Peach. You are warm, brother.

Lock. He that attacks my honour, attacks my livelihood —And this usage—sir—is not to be borne.

Peach. Since you provoke me to speak—I must tell you too, that Mrs. Coaxer charges you with defrauding her of her information-money, for the apprehending of curl-pated Hugh. Indeed, indeed, brother, we must punctually pay our spies, or we shall have no information.

Lock. Is this language to me, firrah—who have fav'd you from the gallows, firrah! [Collaring each other.

Peach. If I am hang'd, it shall be for ridding the world of an arrant rascal.

Lock. This hand shall do the office of the halter you descrive, and throttle you—you dog!—

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Peach. Brother, brother,—we are both in the wrong—we shall be both losers in the dispute—for you know we have it in our power to hang each other. You should not be so passionate.

Lock. Nor you so provoking.

Peach. "Tis our mutual interest; 'tis for the interest of the world we should agree. If I said any thing, brother, to the prejudice of your character, I ask pardon.

Lock. Brother Peachum—I can forgive as well as refent—Give me your hand. Suspicion does not become

a friend.

Peach. I only meant to give you occasion to justify yourself: But I must now step home, for I expect the gentleman about this snuff-box, that Filch nimm'd two nights ago in the Park. I appointed him at this hour.

[Exit.

Enter Lucy.

Lock. Whence come you, huffy?

Lucy. My tears might answer that question.

Lock. You have then been whimpering and fondling, like a spaniel, over the sellow that hath abus'd you.

Lucy. One can't help love; one can't cure it. 'Tis

not in my power to obey you, and hate him.

Lock. Learn to bear your husband's death like a reafonable woman. 'Tis not the fashion, now-a-days, so much as to affect forrow upon these occasions. No woman would ever marry, if she had not the chance of mortality for a release. Act like a woman of spirit, hussy, and thank your father for what he is doing.

AIR XXXI. Of a noble race was Shenkin.

Lucy. Is then his fate decreed, sir,

Such a man can I think of quitting?

When first we met, so moves me yet,

O see how my heart is splitting!

Lock. Look ye, Lucy—there is no faving him—— So, I think, you must ev'n do like other widows—buy yourself weeds, and be chearful.

A I R XXXII.

You'll think, ere many days ensue. This sentence not severe; I hang your bufband, child, 'tis true, But with him bang your care. Twang dang dillo dee.

Like a good wife, go moan over your dying husband. That, child, is your duty-confider, girl, you can't have the man and the money too-fo make yourfelf as easy as you can by getting all you can from him. Exit.

Enter Macheath.

Lucy. Though the ordinary was out of the way to day, I hope, my dear, you will, upon the first opportunity, quiet my scruples-Oh sir !- my father's hard heart is not to be forten'd, and I am in the utmost despair.

Mach. But if I could raise a small sum-would not twenty guineas, think you, move him?-Of all the arguments in the way of business, the perquisite is the most prevailing. -- Your father's perquisites for the escape of prisoners must amount to a considerable sum in the year. Money well tim'd, and properly applied, will do any thing.

AIR XXXIII. London ladies. .

If you at an office follicit your due, And would not have matters neglected; You must quicken the clerk with the perquisite too, To do rubut his duty directed. Or would you the frowns of a lady prevent, She too bas this palpable failing, The perquisite softens her into consent; That reason with all is prevailing.

Lucy. What love or money can do, shall be done: for all my comfort depends upon your fafety.

Enter Polly.

Polly. Where is my dear husband?-Was a rope ever intended for this neck!—O let me throw my arms about it, and throttle thre with love!—Why dost thou turn away from me?—'Tis thy Polly—'tis thy wife,

Mach. Was ever such an unfortunate rascal as I am!

Lucy. Was there ever such another villain!

Polly. O Macheath! was it for this we parted? Taken! Imprison'd! Try'd! Hang'd!—cruel reflection! I'll stay with thee 'till death—no force shall tear thy dear wife from thee now.—What means my love?—Not one kind word! not one kind look! think what thy Polly suffers to see thee in this condition.

AIR XXXIV. All in the Downs, &c.

Thus noben the fawallow, seeking prey,
Within the sash is closely pent,
His consort with bemoaning lay,
Without sits pining for th' event.
Her chatt'ring lowers all around her skim;
She keeds them not (poor bird) her soul's with him.

Mach. I must dislown her. [Aside.] The wench is distracted.

Lucy. Am I then bilk'd of my virtue? Can I have no reparation? Sure men were born to lye, and women to believe them! O villain! villain!

Polly. Am I not thy wife?—Thy negled of me, thy aversion to me, too severely proves it.—Look on me.—Tell me, am I not thy wife?

Lucy. Perfidious wretch! Polly. Barbarous husband!

Lucy. Hadst thou been hang'd five months ago, I

had been happy.

Polly. And I too—If you had been kind to me till death, it would not have vex'd me—And that's no very unreasonable request (though from a wise) to a man who hath not above seven or eight days to live.

Lucy. Art thou then married to another? Hast thou

two wives, monster?

Macb. If women's tongues can cease for an answer —hear me.

Lucy. I won't.—Flesh and blood can't bear my usage.

Polly. Shall I not claim my own? Justice bids me speak.

AIR XXXV. Have you heard of a frolicksome ditty.

Mach. How happy could I be with either,

Were t'other dear charmer away!

But while ye thus teaze me together,

To neither a word will I say;

But tol de rol. &c.

Polly. Sure, my dear, there ought to be some preference shewn to a wife! At least she may claim the appearance of it. He must be distracted with missor-

tunes, or he cou'd not use me thus!

Lucy. O villain, villain! thou hast deceiv'd me—I could even inform against thee with pleasure. Not a prude wishes more heartily to have facts against her intimate acquaintance, than I now wish to have facts against thee. I would have her satisfaction, and they should all out.

AIR XXXVI, Irish Trot.

Polly. I'm bubbled.

Lucy. - - - - - I'm bubbled. Polly. O how I am troubled!

Lucy. Bambouzled, and bit!

Polly. - - - - - - - My distresses are doubled.

Lucy. When you come to the tree, should the hangman refuse, These singers, with pleasure, could fasten the noose.

Polly. I'm bubbled, &c.

Mach. Be pacified, my dear Lucy—This is all a fetch of Polly's to make me desperate with you in case I get off. If I am hang'd, she would fain have the credit of being thought my widow—Really, Polly, this is no time for a dispute of this fort; for whenever you are talking of marriage, I am thinking of hanging.

Polly. And hast thou the heart to persist in disown-

ing me?

Mach. And hast thou the heart to persist in persuading me that I am married? Why, Polly, dost thou seek to aggravate my missortunes?

Lucy. Really, miss Peachum, you but expose yourfelf. Besides, 'tis barbarous in you to worry a gentleman in his circumstances.

AIR XXXVII.

Polly. Cease your funning;
Force or cunning
Never shall my heart trepans
All these sallies
Are but malice,
To seduce my constant man.
'Tis most certain,
By their stirting,
Women oft have envy shown:
Pleas'd, to ruin
Others wooing;
Never happy in their own!

Polly. Decency, madam, methinks might teach your to behave yourfelf with fome referve with the husband, while his wife is prefent.

Mach. But feriously, Polly, this is carrying the joke

a little too far.

Lucy. If you are determin'd, madam, to raise a disturbance in the prison, I shall be oblig'd to send for the turnkey to shew you the door. I am forry, madam, you force me to be so ill-bred.

Polly. Give me leave to tell you, madam, these forward airs don't become you in the least, madam. And my duty, madam, obliges me to stay with my

husband, madam.

AIR XXXVIII. Good-morrow, Gossip Jean.

Lucy. Why how now; madam Flitt?

If you thus must chatter,

And are for slinging dirt,

Let's try who hest can spatter;

Madam Flitt!

Polly. Why how now, faucy jade?

Sure the wench is tipfy!

How can you see me made

The scoff of such a gypsy?

Saucy jade! [To her.

Enter Peachum.

Peach. Where's my wench? Ah hussy! hussy!—Come you home, you slut; and when your sellow is

hang'd, hang yourfelf, to make your family some

Polly. Dear, dear father, do not tear me from him—I must speak; I have more to say to him—Oh! twist thy setters about me, that he may not haul me from thee!

Peach. Sure all women are alike! If ever they commit the folly, they are fure to commit another by exposing themselves—Away—Not a word more—You are my prisoner now, husly.

AIR XXXIX. Irish Howl.

Polly. No power on earth can e'er divide
The knot that facred love hath ty'd.
When parents draw against our mind,
The true-love's knot they faster bind.
Oh, oh ray, oh Amborab—oh, oh, &c.
[Exeunt Peachum and Polly.

Mach. I am naturally compassionate, wise; so that I could not use the wench as she deserved; which made you at first suspect there was something in what she said.

Lucy. Indeed, my dear, I was strangely puzzled.

Mach. If that had been the case, her father would
never have brought me into this circumstance—No,
Lucy,—I had rather die than be false to thee.

Lucy. How happy am I, if you fay this from your heart! For I love thee fo, that I could fooner bear to fee thee hang'd than in the arms of another.

Mach. But couldst thou bear to see me hang'd?

Lucy. O Macheath, I can never live to see that day. Mach. You see, Lucy, in the account of love you are in my debt; and you must now be convine'd, that I rather chuse to die than be another's.—Make me, if possible, love thee more, and let me owe my life to thee—If you refuse to assist me, Peachum and your father will immediately put me beyond all means of

escape.

Lucy. My father, I know, hath been drinking hard with the prisoners: and I fancy he is now taking his nap in his own room—If I can procure the keys, shall I go off with thee, my dear t

Mach. If we are together, 'twill we impossible to lie conceal'd. As soon as the search begins to be a little cool, I will send to thee—'Till then my heart is thy prisoner.

Lucy. Come then, my dear husband—owe thy life to me—and though you love me not—be grateful—

But that Polly runs in my head strangely.

Mach. A moment of time may make us unhappy for ever.

AIR XL. The Lass of Patie's Mill.

Lucy. I like the fox shall grieve,

Whose mate bath left her side,

Whom hounds, from morn to eve,

Chase o'er the country wide.

Where can my lover hide?

Where cheat the wary pack?

If love be not his guide,

He never will come back!

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A C T III. SCENE, Newgate.

LOCKIT, LUCY.

LOCKIT.

O be fure, wench, you must have been aiding

A and abetting to help him to this escape.

Lucy. Sir, here hath been Peachum and his daughter Polly, and to be fure they know the ways of Newgate as well as if they had been born and bred in the place all their lives. Why must all your suspicion light upon me?

Lock. Lucy, Lucy, I will have none of these shuffling

answers.

Lucy. Well then-If I know any thing of him, I

wish I may be burnt!

Lock. Keep your temper, Lucy, or I shall pronounce you guilty.

Lucy. Keep yours, fir, — I do wish I may be burnt. I do — And what can I say more to con-

vince you?

Lock. Did he tip handsomely? — How much did he come down with? Come, hussy, don't cheat your father; and I shall not be angry with you — Perhaps, you have made a better bargain with him than I could have done — How much, my good girl?

Lucy. You know, fir, I am fond of him, and would

have given money to have kept him with me.

Lock. Ah, Lucy! thy education might have put thee more upon thy guard; for a girl in the bar of an ale-house is always besieg'd.

Lucy. Dear fir, mention not my education --- for

'twas to that I owe my ruin.

AIR XLI. If love's a sweet passion, &c.

When young at the bar you first taught me to score, And bid me be fice of my lips, and no more; I was kist'd by the parson, the 'squire, and the sot: When the guest was departed, the kist was forgot. But his kist was so sweet, and so closely he prest, That I languish'd and pin'd till I granted the rest.

If you can forgive me, sir, I will make a fair confession; for, to be sure, he hath been a most barbarous villain to me.

Lock. And so you have let him escape, hussy

have you?

Luxy. When a woman loves, a kind look, a tender word can persuade her to any thing —— and I could ask no other bribe.

Lock. Thou wilt always be a vulgar flut, Lucy—If you would not be look'd upon as a fool, you thould never do any thing but upon the foot of interest. Those

that act otherwise are their own bubbles.

Lucy. But love, fir, is a misfortune that may happen to the most discreet woman; and in love we are all fools alike. — Notwithstanding all he swore, I am now fully convinc'd that Polly Peachum is actually his wife. — Did I let him escape (fool that I was!) to go to her t — Polly will weedle herself into his money, and then Peachum will hang him, and cheat us both.

THE BEGGAR'S OPERA.

Lock. So I am to be ruin'd, because, forsooth, you

must be in love! ---- a very pretty excuse!

Lucy. I could murder that impudent happy strumpet: —— I gave him his life, and that creature enjoys the sweets of it. —— Ungrateful Macheath!

AIR XLII. South-Sea ballad.

My love is all madness and folly,
Alone I lye,
Toss, tumble, and cry,
What a kappy creature is Polly!
Was e'er such a wretch as I!
With rage I redden like scarlet,
That my dear inconstant warlet,
Stark blind to my charms,
Is lost in the arms
Of that jilt, that inveigling harlot!
Stark blind to my charms,
Is lost in the arms
Of that jilt, that inveigling barlot!
This, this my resentment alarms.

Lock. And so, after all this mischief, I must stay here to be entertain'd with your catterwauling, mistress Puss! --- Out of my fight, wanton strumpet! you shall fast and mortify yourself into reason, with now and then a little handsome discipline to bring you to your senses. - Go. [Exit Lucy.] Peachum then intends to outwit me in this affair; but I'll be even with him. — The dog is leaky in his liquor, fo I'll ply him that way, get the secret from him, and turn this affair to my own advantage. - Lions, wolves, and vultures don't live together in herds, droves, or flocks. —— Of all animals of prey, man is the only fociable one. Every one of us preys upon his neighbour, and yet we herd together. - Peachum is my companion, my friend - According to the cuttom of the world, indeed, he may quote thousands of precedents for cheating me - And shall I not make use of the privilege of friendship to make him a return t:

AIR XLIII. Packington's pound.

Thus gamesters united in friendship are found, Though they know that their industry all is a cheat; They stock to their prey at the dice-box's sound, And join to promote one another's deceit.

But if by mishap They fail of a chap,

To keep in their bands, they each other entrap. Like pikes, lank with hunger, who miss of their ends, They bite their companions, and prey on their friends.

Now, Peachum, you and I, like honest tradesmen, are to have a fair trial, which of us two can over-reach the other. ————[Enter Lucy.] Are there any of Peachum's people now in the house?

Lucy. Filch, fir, is drinking a quartern of strong

waters in the next room with black Moll.

Lock. Bid him come to me. [Exit Lucy.

Enter Filch.

Why, boy, thou lookest as if thou wert half starv'd;

like a shotten herring.

Filch. One had need have the constitution of a horse to go thorough the business. —— Since the favourite child-getter was disabled by a missap, I have pick'd up a little money by helping the ladies to a pregnancy against their being call'd down to sentence. —— But if a man cannot get an honest livelihood any casier way, I am sure, 'tis what I can't undertake for another session.

Lock. Truly, if that great man should tip off, 'twould be an irreparable loss. The vigor and prowess of a knight-errant never sav'd half the ladies in distress that he hath done.—But, boy, can'st thou tell me

where thy master is to be found?

Filch. At his lock o, fir, at the Crooked Billet.

Lock. Very well. — I have nothing more with you. [Exit Filch.] I'll go to him there, for I have many important affairs to settle with him; and in the way of those transactions, I'll artfully get into his secret. — So that Macheath stall not remain a day longer out of my clutches. [Exit.

A cant word, fignifying a warehouse where stolen goods are deposited.

SCENE, a Gaming-house.

Macheath in a fine tarnish'd coat, Ben. Budge, Matt. of the Mint.

Mach. I am forry, gentlemen, the road was so barren of money. When my friends are in distinctions, I am always glad that my fortune can be serviceable to them. [Gives them money.] You see, gentlemen, I am not a mere court-friend, who professes every thing and will do nothing.

AIR XLIV. Lillibulero.

The modes of the court so common are grown,
That a true friend can bardly be met;
Friendship for interest is but a loan,
Which they let out for what they can get.
'Tis true, you sind
Some friends so kind,
Whowill give you good counsel themselves to defend:
In sorrowful ditty,
They promise, they pity,
But shift you for money, from friend to friend.

But we, gentlemen, have still honour enough to break through the corruption of the world.—And while I can serve you, you may command me.

Ben. It grieves my heart that so generous a man should be involved in such difficulties, as oblige him to live with such ill company, and herd with gamesters.

Matt. See the partiality of mankind!—One man may steal a horse, better than another look over a hedge.—Of all mechanics, of all servile handicrastsmen, a gamester is the vilest. But yet, as many of the quality are of the profession, he is admitted amongst the politest company. I wonder we are not more respected.

Mach. There will be deep play to-night at Marybone, and consequently money may be pick'd up upon the road. Meet me there, and I'll give you the hint

who is worth fetting.

Matt. The fellow with a brown coat with a narrow gold binding, I am told, is never without money.

Mech. What do you mean, Mait?—Sure you will not think of meddling with him!—He's a good honest kind of a fellow, and one of us.

Ben. To be sure, sir, we will put ourselves under

your direction.

Mach. Have an eye upon the money-lenders.—A rouleau, or two, would prove a pretty fort of an expedition. I hate extortion.

Matt. Those rouleaus are very pretty things.—I hate your bank bills—there is such a hazard in putting

them off.

Mach. There is a certain man of distinction, who in his time hath nick'd me out of a great deal of the ready. He is in my cash, Ben;—I'll point him out to you this evening, and you shall draw upon him for the debt.—The company are met; I hear the dicebox in the other room. So, gentlemen, your servant. You'll meet me at Marybone.

SCENE, Peachum's Lock.

A Table with Wine, Brandy, Pipes, and Tobacco.

Peachum, Lockit.

Lock. The coronation account, brother Peachum, is of so intricate a nature, that I believe it will never be settled.

Peach. It confifts indeed of a great variety of articles.—It was worth to our people, in fees of different kinds, above ten instalments.—This is part of the account, brother, that lies open before us.

Lock. A lady's tail of rich brocade—that, I fee, is

dispos'd of.

Peach. To Mrs. Diana Trapes, the tally-woman, and she will make a good hand on't in shoes and slippers, to trick out young ladies, upon their going into keeping.—

Lock. But I don't see any article of the jewels.

Peach. Those are so well known, that they must be sent abroad—you'll find them enter'd under the article of exportation.—As for the snuff-boxes, watches, swords, &c.—I thought it best to enter them under their several heads.

Lock. Seven and twenty women's pockets complete; with the feveral things therein contain'd; all feal'd,

number'd, and enter'd.

Peach. But, brother, it is impossible for us now to enter upon this affair.—We should have the whole day before us.—Besides, the account of the last half year's plate is in a book by itself, which lies at the other office.

Lock. Bring us then more liquor.—To-day shall be for pleasure—to-morrow for business.—Ah, brother, those daughters of ours are two slippery husses—keep a watchful eye upon Polly, and Macheath in a day or two shall be our own again.

AIR XLV. Down in the North Country.

Lock. What gudgeons are we men!
Ev'ry woman's eafy prey:
Though we have felt the hoo, agen
We hite, and they betray.

The bird that bath been trapt,
When he hears his calling mate,
To her he flies, again he's clapt
Within the wiry grate.

Peach. But what fignifies catching the bird, if your daughter Lucy will fet open the door of the cage?

Lock. If men were answerable for the follies and frailties of their wives and daughters, no friends could keep a good correspondence together for two days.—This is unkind of you, brother; for among good friends, what they say or do goes for nothing.

Enter a Scrwant.

Serv. Sir, here's Mrs. Diana Trapes wants to speak with you.

Peach. Shall we admit her, brother Lockit?

Lock. By all means-- she's a good customer, and a fine spoken woman—and a woman who drinks and talks so freely will enliven the conversation.

Peach. Defire her to walk in. [Exit Servant.

Enter Mrs. Trapes.

Peach. Dear Mrs. Dye, your fervant-one may know by your kifs, that your ginn is excellent,

Trapes. I was always very curious in my liquors.

Lock. There is no perfum'd breath like it—I have been long acquainted with the flavour of those lips—han't I, Mrs. Dye?

Trapes. Fill it up. - I take as large draughts of liquor,

as I did of love .- I hate a flincher in either.

AIR XLVI. A Shepherd kept sheep, &c.

In the days of my youth I could bill like a dove, fa, la, la, &c Like a sparro wat all times awas ready for love, fa, la, la, &c The life of all mortals in kissing should pass, Lip to lip while we're young, then the lip to the glass,

fa, la, &c.

But now, Mr. Peachum, to our business. If you have blacks of any kind, brought in of late; mantoes—velvet scarfs—petticoats—let it be what it will—I am your chap—for all my ladies are very fond of mourning.

Peach. Why, look ye, Mrs. Dye—you deal so hard with us, that we can afford to give the gentlemen, who venture their lives for the goods, little or nothing.

Trap. The hard times oblige me to go very near in my dealing.-To be fure, of late years I have been a great sufferer by the parliament.-Three thousand pounds would hardly make me amends.-The act for destroying the Mint was a severe cut upon our business-'till then, if a customer stept out of the waywe knew where to have her-no doubt you know Mrs. Coaxer—there's a wench now ('till to-day) with a good fuit of cloaths of mine upon her back, and I could never set eyes upon her for three months together.-Since the act too against imprisonment for small sums, my loss there too hath been very considerable; and it must be so, when a lady can borrow a handfome petticoat, or a clean gown, and I not have the least hank upon her! And, o' my conscience, now-adays most ladies take a delight in cheating, when they can do it with safety.

Peach. Madam, you had a handsome gold watch of us t'other day for seven guineas.—Considering we must have our profit—to a gentleman upon the road,

a gold watch will be scarce worth the taking.

Trap. Consider, Mr. Peachum, that watch was remarkable, and not of very safe sale.—!f you have any black velvet scars—they are a handsome winter wear; and take with most gentlemen who deal with my customers.—'Tis I that put the ladies upon a good foot. 'Tis not youth or beauty that fixes their price. The gentlemen always pay according to their dress, from half a crown to two guineas; and yet those hussies make nothing of bilking of me.—Then too, allowing for accidents.—I have eleven fine customers now down under the surgeon's hand,—what with sees and other expences, there are great goings-out, and no comings-in, and not a farthing to pay for at least a month's cloathing.—We run great risques—great risques indeed.

Peach. As I remember, you faid something just now

of Mrs. Cgaxer.

Trap. Yes, sir,—'To be sure I stript her of a suit of my own cloaths about two hours ago; and have lest her as she should be, in her shift, with a lover of hers at my house. She call'd him up stairs, as he was going to Marylone in a hackney-coach.—And I hope, for her own sake and mine, she will persuade the captain to redeem her, for the captain is very generous to the ladies.

Lock. What captain?

Trap. He thought I did not know him.—An intimate acquaintance of yours, Mr. Peachum—only captain Macheath—as fine as a lord.

Peach. To-morrow, dear Mrs. Dye, you shall set your own price upon any of the goods you like—we have at least half a dozen velvet scarfs, and all at your service. Will you give me leave to make you a present of this suit of night-cloaths for your own wearing?—But are you sure it is captain Macheath!

Trap. Though he thinks I have forgot him, no body knows him better. I have taken a great deal of the captain's money in my time, at second-hand, for

he always lov'd to have his ladies well dreft.

Peach. Mr. Lockit and I have a little business with the captain;—you understand me—and we will satisfy you for Mrs. Coaxer's debt.

Lock. Depend upon it—we will deal like men of honour.

Trap. I don't enquire after your affairs— so whatever happens, I wash my hands on't.—It hath always been my maxim, that one friend should assist another.—But if you please—I'll take one of the scars home with me, 'tis always good to have something in hand.

SCENE, Newgate.

Lucy.

Jealousy, rage, love, and sear are at once tearing me to pieces. How I am weather-beaten and shatter'd with distresses!

AIR XLVII. One evening having lost my way.

I'm like a skiff on the ocean tost,

Now high, now love, with each billow born, With her rudder broke, and her anchor left,

Deferted and all forlorn.

While thus I lie rolling and toffing all night, That Polly lies sporting on seas of delight !

Revenge, revenge, revenge, Shall appease my restless sprite.

I have the rats-bane ready.—I run no risque; for I can lay her death upon the gin, and so many die of that naturally, that I shall never be call'd in question.—But say I were to be hang'd—I never could be hang'd for any thing that would give me greater comfort, than the poisoning that slut.

Enter Filch.

Filch. Madam, here's our Miss Polly come to wait upon you.

Lucy. Show her in.

Enter Polly.

Lucy. Dear madam, your servant.—I hope you will pardon my passion, when I was so happy to see you last.—I was so over-run with the spleen, that I was perfectly out of myself. And really when one hath the spleen, every thing is to be excus'd by a friend.

F

THE BEGGAR'S OPERA.

AIR XLVIII. Now, Roger, I'll tell thee, because thou'rt my son.

When a wife's in her pout,

(As she's sometimes, no doubt)

The good husband as meek as a lamb,

Her wapours to still,

First grants her her will,

And the quieting draught is a dram.

Poor man! And the quieting draught is a dram.

-I wish all our quarrels might have so comfortable a reconciliation.

Polly. I have no excuse for my own behaviour, madam, but my misfortunes.—And really, madam, I suffer too upon your account.

Lucy. But, Miss Polly—in the way of friendship, will you give me leave to propose a glass of cordial to

you?

Polly. Strong-waters are apt to give me the head-

ache-I hope, madam, you will excuse me.

Lucy. Not the greatest lady in the land could have better in her closes, for her own private drinking,—

You feem mighty low in spirits, my dear.

Polly. I am forry, madam, my health will not allow me to accept of your offer.—I should not have left you in the rude manner I did when we met last, madam, had not my papa haul'd me away so unexpectedly.—I was indeed somewhat provok'd, and perhaps might use some expressions that were disrespectful.—But really, madam, the captain treated me with so much contempt and cruelty, that I deserv'd your pity, rather than your resentment.

Lucy. But fince his escape, no doubt all matters are made up again.—Ah Polly ! Polly ! 'tis I am the unhappy wife; and he loves you as if you were only his

mistress.

Polly. Sure, madam, you cannot think me so happy as to be the object of your jealousy.—A man is always afraid of a woman who loves him too well—so that I must expect to be neglected and avoided.

Lucy. Then our cases, my dear Polly, are exactly

alike. Both of us indeed have been too fond.

AIR XLIX. O Beffy Bell, &cc.

Polly. A curse attends that avoman's love
Who always avould be pleasing.
Lucy. The pertness of the billing dove,
Like tickling, is but teazing.
Polly. What then in love can avoman do?

Lucy. If we grow fond they shun us.
Polly. And when we sly them, they pursue:
Lucy. But leave us when they've won us.

Lucy. Love is so very whimsical in both sexes, that it is impossible to be lasting.—But my heart is particular,

and contradicts my own observation.

Polly. But really, mistress Lucy, by his last behaviour, I think I ought to envy you.—When I was forc'd from him, he did not shew the least tenderness.—But perhaps, he hath a heart not capable of it.

AIR L. Wou'd fate to me Belinda give.

Among the men, coquets we find, Who court by turns all avoman-kind; And we grant all their hearts defir'd, When they are flatter'd and admir'd.

The coquets of both fexes are felf-lovers, and that is a love no other whatever can disposses. I fear, my dear Lucy, our husband is one of those.

Lucy. Away with these melanchely restections,——indeed, my dear Polly, we are both of us a cup too low.—Let me prevail upon you, to accept of my offer.

AIR LI. Come, sweet lass.

Come, faveet lass,
Let's banish forrow
'Till to-morrow;
Come, sweet lass,
Let's take a chirping glass.
Wine can clear
The watours of despair;
And make us light as air;
Then drink, and banish cave.

I can't bear, child, to see you in such low spirits.—And I must persuade you to what I know will do you

P 2

124

good.—I shall now soon be even with the hypocritical strumpet. [Aside.] [Exit.

Polly. All this wheedling of Lucy cannot be for nothing.—At this time too! when I know she hates me!—The dissembling of a woman is always the fore-runner of mitchief.—By pouring strong-waters down my throat, she thinks to pump some secrets out of me.—I'll be upon my guard, and won't taste a drop of her liquor, I'm resolv'd.

Enter Lucy, with firong waters.

Lucy. Come, Miss Polly.

Polly. Indeed, child, you have given yourself trouble to no purpose.—You must, my dear, excuse me.

Lucy. Really, Miss Polly, you are so squeamishly affected about taking a cup of strong-waters, as a lady before company. I vow, Polly, I shall take it monstrously ill if you refuse me.—Brandy and men (though women love them never so well) are always taken by us with some reluctance—un ess'tis in private.

Polly. I protest, madam, it goes against me.—What do I see! Macheath again in custody!—Now every

glimmering of happiness is loft.

[Drops the glass of liquor upon the ground. Lucy. Since things are thus, I'm glad the wench hath escap'd: for by this event, 'tis plain, she was not happy enough to deserve to be poison'd.

Enter Lockit, Macheath, and Peachum.

Lock. Set your heart at rest, captain.—You have neither the chance of love or money for another escape—for you are order'd to be call'd down upon your trial immediately.

Peach. Away, husties!—This is not a time for a man to be hamper'd with his wives.—You see, the

gentleman is in chains already.

Lucy. O husband, husband, my heart long'd to see

thee; but to see thee thus distracts me!

Polly. Will not my dear husband look upon his Polly? What thou not flown to me for protection? with me abou hadst been safe.

AIR LII. The last time I went o'er the moor.

Polly. Hither, dear husband, turn your eyes. Lucy. Bestow one glance to cheer me.

Polly. Think with that look, thy Polly dies.

Lucy. O shun me not, but bear me.

Polly. 'Tis Polly sues.

Lucy. - - - - - 'Tis Lucy Speaks.

Polly. Is thus true love requited? Lucy. My heart is bursting.

Polly, - - - - - - Mine too breaks.

Lucy. Must I,

Polly. ---- Must I be slighted?

Macb. What would you have me fay, ladies?——You fee, this affair will foon be at an end, without my difobliging either of you.

Peach. But the fettling this point, captain, might

prevent a law-fuit hetween your two widows.

AIR LIII. Tom Tinker's my true love, &c.

Mach. Which way shall I turn me—bow can I decide,
Wiwes, the day of our death, are as fond as a bride.
One wife is too much for most husbands to hear,
But two at a time there's no mortal can bear.
This way, and that way, and which way I will,
What would comfort the one, t'other wife would
take ill.

Polly. But if his own misfortunes have made him infensible to mine—a father sure will be more compassionate.—Dear, dear sir, sink the material evidence, and bring him off at his trial—Polly upon her knees begs it of you.

AIR LIV. I am a poor shepherd undone.

When my here in court appears,
And stands arraign'd for his life,
Then think of poor Polly's tears;
For ah! poor Polly's his wife.
Like the failor he holds up his hand,
Distress on the dashing wave,
To die a dry death at land,
Is as had as a watry grave.

F 3

126 THE BEGGAR'S OPERA.

And alas, poor Polly!
Alack, and well-a-day!
Effore I was in love,
Ob! every month was May.

Lucy. If Pcachum's heart is hardened; fure you, fir, will have more compassion on a daughter—I know the evidence is in your power.—How then can you be a tyrant to me?

[Kneeling.]

AIR LV. Ianthe the lovely, &c.

When he holds up his hand arraign'd for his life, O think of your daughter, and think I'm his avife! What are cannons, or hombs, or clashing of favords! For death is more certain by avitnesses avords. Then nail up their lips, that dread thunder allay; And each month of my life will hereafter be May.

Lock. Macheath's time is come, Lucy.—We know our own attairs, therefore let us have no more whimpering or whining.

AIR LVI. A cobler there was, &c.

Ourselves, like the great, to secure a retreat, When matters require it, must give up our gang ?

And good reason why, Or instead of the fry, Ev'n Peachum and I,

Like poor petty rascals, might hang, bang; Like poor petty rascals, might hang.

Peach. Set your heart at rest, Pelly.—Your husband is to die to day.—Therefore, if you are not already provided, 'tis high time to look about for another. There's comfort for you, you slut.

Lock. We are ready, fir, to conduct you to the Old Baily.

AIR LVII. Bonny Dundee.

Mach. The charge is prepar'd, the lawyers are met;
The judges all rang'd (a t rrible show!)
I go undismay'd,—for death is a debt,
A debt on demand,—so, take what I owe.
Then, farewell, my love,—dear charmers adien;
Contented I die—'tis the better for you.

Here ends all dispute the rest of our lives, For this way at once I please all my wives.

Now, gentlemen, I am ready to attend you.

[Exeunt Peachum, Lockit, and Macheath.

Polly. Follow them, Fileb, to the court. And when the trial is over, bring me a particular account of his behaviour, and of every thing that happen'd.—You'll find me here with miss Lucy. [Exit Filch.] But why is all this music?

Lucy. The prisoners, whose trials are put off till next

session, are diverting themselves.

Pelly. Sure there is nothing so charming as music! I'm fond of it to distraction—But also!—now all mirth seems an insult upon my assistion.—Let us retire, my dear Lucy, and indulge our forrows.—The noisy crew, you see, are coming upon us.

[Exeunt.

A dance of prisoners in chains, &c.

SCENE, The Condemn'd Hold.

Macheath, in a melancholy posture.

AIR LVIII. Happy Groves.
O cruel, cruel, cruel case!
Must I suffer this aisgrace?

AIR LIX. Of all the girls that are so smart.

Of all the friends in time of gricf,
When threat'ning death looks grimmer,
Not one so sure can bring relief,
As this best friend, a brimmer. [Dsinks.

AIR LX. Britons, strike home.

Since I must swing, -I scorn, I scorn to wince or whine. [rises.

AIR LXI. Chevy Chase.

But now again my spirits sink; Pliraise them big b with wine. [Drinks a glass of wine.

AIR LXII. To old fir Simon the king.

But valour the stronger grows,
The stronger liquor we're drinking.
And how can we feel our woes,
When we've lost the trouble of thinking? [Drinks.

AIR LXIII. Joy to great Cafar.

If thus—A man can die Much bolder with brandy. [Pours out a bumper of brandy.

AIR LXIV. There was an old woman, &c.

So I drink off this bumper—And now I can stand the test, And my comrades shall see, that I die as brave as the best.
[Drinks.

AIR LXV. Did you ever hear of a gallant sailor.

But can I leave my pretty hussies, Without one tear, or tender sigh?

AIR LXVI. Why are mine eyes still flowing.

Their eyes, their lips, their buffes, Recall my love—Ah must I die?

AIR LXVII. Green sleeves.

Since laws were made for ev'ry degree,
To curb vice in others, as well as me,
I wonder we ban't better company
Upon Tyburn tree!
But gold from law can take out the sting;
And if rich men like us were to swing,
'Twould thin the land such numbers to string
Upon Tyburn tree.

Jailor. Some friends of yours, captain, desire to be admitted.—I leave you together.

Enter Ben Budge, and Mat of the Mint.

Mach. For my having broke prison, you see, gentlemen, I am ordered immediate execution.—The sheriffs officers, I believe, are now at the door.—That Jemmy Twitcher should peach me, I own surprized me!—'Tis a plain proof that the world is all alike,

and that even our gang can no more trust one another than other people. Therefore, I beg you, gentlemen, look well to yourselves, for in all probability, you may live some months longer.

Mat. We are heartily forry, captain, for your mil-

fortune.—But 'tis what we must all come to.

Mach. Peachum and Lockit, you know, are infamous scoundrels. Their lives are as much in your power, as yours are in theirs—Remember your dying friend!
—'Tis my last request.—Bring those villains to the gallows before you, and I am satisfied.

Mat. We'll do't.

Jailor. Miss Polly and miss Lucy intreat a word with you.

Mach. Gentlemen, adieu. [Exeunt Ben Budge and Mat of the Mint.

Enter Lucy and Polly.

Mach. My dear Lucy—my dear Polly—Whatsoever hath past between us, is now at an end.—If you are fond of marrying again, the best advice I can give you, is to ship yourselves off for the West-Indies, where you'll have a fair chance of getting a husband a-piece; or by good luck, two or three, as you like best.

Polly. How can I support this fight!

Lucy. There is nothing moves one so much as a great man in distress.

AIR LXVIII. All you that must take a leap, &c..

Lucy.	Wou'd I might be hang'd!
Polly.	And I would so too!
Lucy.	To be banz'd with you,
Polly.	My dear, with you.
Mach.	O leave me to thought! I fear! I doubt!
	I tremble! I droop!—See my courage is out. [Turns up the empty bottle.
Polly.	No token of love?
Mach.	See my courage is out.
	[Turns up the empty pot.
Lucy.	No token of love?
Polly.	Adieu.
	73

F 5

130 THE BEGGAR'S OPERA.

Jailor. Four women more, captain, with a child apiece! See, here they come. [Enter women and children.
Mach. What—four wives more!—This is too much.
—Here—tell the sheriffs officers I am ready.

[Excunt.

Enter Beggar and Player.

Play. But, honest friend, I hope you don't intend

that Macheath shall be really executed.

Beg. Most certainly, sir.—To make the piece perfect, I was for doing strict poetical justice.—Macheath is to be hang'd; and for the other personages of the drama, the audience must have supposed they were all either hang'd or transported.

Play. Why then, friend, this is a downright deep tragedy. The catestrophe is manifestly wrong, for an

opera must end happily.

Beg. Your objection, fir, is very just; and is easily removed: for you must allow, that in this kind of drama, 'tis no matter how absurdly things are brought about—So—you rabble there—run and cry a Reprieve—let the prisoner be brought back to his wives in triumph.

Play. All this we must do to comply with the taste

of the town.

Beg. Through the whole piece you may observe such a similitude of manners in high and low life, that it is dissicult to determine whether (in the fashionable vices) the sine gentlemen imitate the gentlemen of the road, or the gentlemen of the road the sine gentlemen.—
Had the play remain'd as I at first intended, it would have carried a most excellent moral: 'twould have shown that the lower sort of people have their vices in a degree as well as the rich; and that they are punish'd for them.

Exter to them Macheath, with rabble, &c.

Mach. So, it seems I am not left to my choice, but must have a wise at last.—Look ye, my dears,

we will have no controversy now. Let us give this day to mirth, and I am sure she who thinks herself my wise will testify her joy by a dance.

All. Come. a dance-dance.

Mach. Ladies, I hope you will give me leave to present a partner to each of you. And (if I may without offence) for this time, I take Polly for mine.——And for life, you slut,—for we are really married.—As for the rest.—But at present keep your own secret.

[To Polly.

A DANCE.

AIR LXIX. Lumps of Pudding, &c.

Thus I stand like a Turk, with his doxies around;
From all sides their glances his passion consound;
For black, brown, and sair, his inconstancy burns,
And the different beauties subdue him by turns:
Each calls forth her charms, to provoke his desires:
Though willing to all; but with one he retires.
But think of this maxim, and put off all sorrow,
The wretch of to-day, may be happy to-morrow.

Dorus. But think of this maxim, &c.

A

TABLE of the SONGS.

ACT I.

	49	970
- 0		L)
~73	4	\mathbf{r}
_	_	

I. Through all the employments of life. page	75
II. 'Tis woman that seduces all mankind.	76
III. If any wench Venus's girdle wear.	78
IV. If love the virgin's heart invade.	79
V. A maid is like the golden ore.	80
VI. Virgins are like the fair flower in its lustre.	82
VII. Our Polly is a fad flut! nor heeds aubat we	
bave taught her.	ib.
VIII. Can love be controul'd by advice?	84
IX. O Polly, you might have toy'd and kift.	85
X. I, like a ship in storms, was tost.	ib.
XI. A fox may steal your hens, sir.	86
XII. Oh, ponder well! be not severe.	88
XIII. The turtle thus with plaintive crying.	ib.
XIV. Pretty Polly, say.	90
XV. My beart was so free.	ib.
XVI. Were I laid on Greenland's coast.	ib.
XVII. O what pain it is to part!	91
XVIII. The miser thus a shilling sees.	92

ACT II.

XIX. Fill ev'ry glass, for wine inspires us.	93
XX. Let us take the road.	94
XXI. If the heart of a man is deprest with cares.	95
XXII. Youth's the season made for joys.	96
XXIII. Before the barn-door crowing.	98
XXIV. The gamesters and lawyers are jugglers alike.	99
\$23237 A 1	100
SPRINTE DE	101

A TABLE OF THE AIRS.	133
AIR	
XXVII. Thus when a good bufwife fees a rat.	102
XXVIII. How cruel are the traytors.	103
XXIX. The first time at the looking-glass.	104
XXX. When you censure the age.	105
XXXI. Is then his fate decreed, fir?	106
XXXII. You'll think, ere many days ensue.	107
XXXIII. If you at an office solicit your due.	ib.
XXXIV. Thus when the swallow, seeking prey.	108
XXXV. How bappy could I be with either.	100
XXXVI. I'm bubbled.	ib.
XXXVII. Cease your funning.	110
XXXVIII. Why how now, madam Flirt.	ib.
XXXIX. No power on earth can e'er divide.	111
XL. I like the fox shall grieve.	112
, ,	
ACT III.	

XLI. When young at the bar you first taught me	
to score.	113
XLII. My love is all madness and folly.	114
XLIII. Thus gamesters united in friendship, &c.	115
XLIV. The modes of the court so common are groun.	116
XLV. What gudgeons are we men!	118
XLVI. In the days of my youth, I could bill like	
a dove, fa, la, la, &c.	119
XLVII. I'm like a skiff on the ocean tost.	121
XLVIII. When a wife's in her pout.	122
XLIX. A curse attends that woman's love.	123
L. Among the men, coquets we find.	ib.
LI. Come, sweet lass.	ib.
LII. Hither, dear husband, turn your eyes.	125
LIII. Which way shall I turn me?	ib.
LIV. When my hero in court appears.	ib.
LV. When he holds up his hand, arraign'd for	
bis life.	126
LVI. Ourselves, like the great, to secure a retreat.	ib.
LVII. The charge is prepar'd, the lawyers are met.	ib.
LVIII. O cruel, cruel, cruel case.	127

134 A TABLE OF THE AIRS.

AIR	
LIX. Of all the friends in time of grief.	127
LX. Since I must swing, -I scorn, I scorn to wince	Ť
or whine.	ib.
LXI. But now again my spirits fink.	ib.
LXII. But valour the stronger grows.	128
LXIII. If thus—A man can die.	ib.
LXIV. So I drink off this bumper And now I	
can fland the test.	ib.
LXV. But can I leave my pretty bussies.	ib.
LXVI. Their eyes, their lips, their buffes.	ib.
LXVII. Since laws were made for eviry degree.	ib.
LXVIII. Wou'd I might be hang'd!	129
LXIX. Thus I stand like a Tutk, with his dexies	
and a second	

POLLY:

AN OPERA.

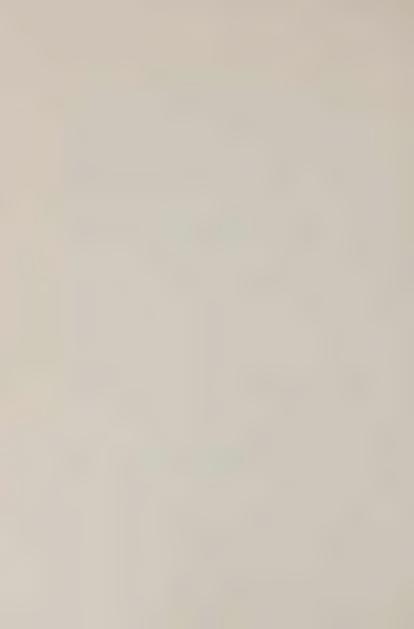
BEING THE SECOND PART

OF THE

BEGGAR'S OPERA.

Raro antecedentem scelestum

Deseruit pede poena claudo. Hon,



PREFACE.

A FTER Mr. Rich and I were agreed upon terms and conditions for bringing this piece on the stage, and that every thing was ready for rehearfal, the lord chamberlain sent an order from the country to prohibit Mr. Rich to suffer any play to be rehearsed upon his stage till it had been first of all supervised by his grace. As soon as Mr. Rich came from his grace's secretary (who had sent for him to receive the beforementioned order) he came to my lodgings and acquainted me with the orders he had received.

Upon the lord chamberlain's coming to town, I was confin'd by sickness, but in four or five days I went abroad on purpose to wait upon his grace, with a faithful and genuine copy of this piece, excepting the errata of the transcriber.

As I have heard feveral fuggestions and false infinuations concerning the copy; I take this occasion in the most solemn manner to affirm, that the very copy I delivered to Mr. Rich, was written in my own hand, some months before, at the Bath, from my own first foul blotted papers; from this, that for the Playhouse was transcribed, from whence Mr. Stede, the prompter, copied that which I delivered to the lord chamberlain: and, excepting my own foul blotted papers, I do protest I know of no other copy whatsoever, than those I have mentioned,

The copy which I gave into the hands of Mr. Rich had been seen before by several persons of the greatest distinction and veracity, who will be ready to do me the honour and justice to attest it; so that not only by them, but by Mr. Rich and Mr. Stede, I can (against

all infinuation or positive affirmation) prove in the most clear and undeniable manner, if occasion required, what I have here upon my own honour and credit asserted. The Introduction indeed was not shown to the lord chamberlain, which, as I had not then quite settled, was never transcribed in the playhouse copy.

It was on Saturday morning, December 7th, 1728, that I waited upon the lord chamberlain; I defired to have the honour of reading the opera to his grace, but he ordered me to leave it with him, which I did, upon expectation of having it returned on the Monday following; but I had it not till Thursday, December 12, when I received it from his grace with this answer; "that it was not allowed to be acted, but commanded to be supprest." This was told me in general, without any reasons assigned, or any charge against me of my having given any particular offence.

Since this prohibition I have been told, that I am accused, in general terms, of having written many disaffected libels and seditious pamphlets. As it hath ever been my utmost ambition (if that word may be used upon this occasion) to lead a quiet and inosiensive life, I thought my innocence in this particular would never have required a justification; and as this kind of writing is what I have ever detelted, and never practifed, I am persuaded so groundless a calumny can never be believed, but by those who do not know me. But as general aspersions of this fort have been cast upon me, I think myself called upon to declare my principles; and I do, with the ftrictest truth, affirm, that I am as loyal a subject and as firmly attached to the present happy establishment, as any of those who have the greatest places or pensions. I have been informed too, that, in the following play, I have been charged with writing immoralities; that it is filled with flander and calumny against particular great per-sons; and that majesty itself is endeavoured to be brought into ridicule and contempt.

As I knew that every one of these charges was in every point absolutely false and without the least

grounds, at first I was not at all affected by them; but when I found they were still insisted upon, and that particular passages, which were not in the play, were quoted and propagated to support what had been suggested, I could no longer bear to lie under these salie accusations; so by printing it, I have submitted and given up all present views of profit which might accrue from the stage, which undoubtedly will be some satisfaction to the worthy gentlemen who have treated me with so much candour and humanity, and represented me in such savourable colours.

But as I am conscious to myself, that my only intention was to lash, in general, the reigning and sashionable vices, and to recommend and set virtue in as amiable a light as I could; to justify and vindicate my own character, I thought myself obliged to print the Opera without delay in the manner I have done.

As the play was principally defigned for representation, I hope, when it is read, it will be considered in that light: and when all that hath been said against it shall appear to be entirely misunderstood or misrepresented; if, some time hence, it should be permitted to appear on the stage, I think it necessary to acquaint the public, that, as far as a contract of this kind can be binding, I am engaged to Mr. Rich to have it represented upon his theatre.

March 25, 1729.

INTRODUCTION.

POET, PLAYER.

POET.

A Sequel to a play is like more last words. It is a kind of absurdity; and really, sir, you have prevailed upon me to pursue this subject against my judgment.

of what you have contracted for; and upon the inducement of gain, nobody can blame you for under-

taking it.

Poet. I know, I must have been looked upon as whimsical, and particular, if I had scrupled to have risqued my reputation for my profit; for why should I be more squeamish than my betters? and so, sir, contrary to my opinion I bring Polly once again upon the stage.

1st Player. Consider, sir, you have prepossession on

your fide.

Poet. But then the pleasure of novelty is lost; and in a thing of this kind, I am assaid I shall hardly be pardoned for imitating myself; for sure, pieces of this sort are not to be followed as precedents. My dependance, like a tricking bookseller's, is that the kind reception the first part met with, will carry off the second, be it what it will.

you will have critics enough who will be glad to do that for you: and let me tell you, fir, after the success

you have had, you must expect envy.

Poet. Since I have had more applause than I can deserve, I must, with other authors, be content, if critics allow me less. I should be an arrant courtier.

or an arrant beggar indeed, if as foon as I have received one undeferved favour, I should lay claim to another; I do not flatter myself with the like success.

1st Player. I hope, sir, in the catastrophe you have

not run into the absurdity of your last piece.

Peet. I know that I have been unjustly accused of having given up my moral for a joke, like a fine gentleman in conversation; but whatever be the event now, I will not so much as seem to give up my moral.

use Player. Really, sir, an author should comply with the customs and taste of the town.—I am indeed afraid too that your satire here and there is too free. A man should be cautious how he mentions any vice whatsoever before good company, lest somebody present should apply it to himself.

Poet. The stage, fir, hath the privilege of the pulpit, to attack vice however dignified or distinguished; and preachers and poets should not be too well bred upon these occasions: nobody can overdo it when he attacks

the vice and not the person.

1/1 Player. But how can you hinder malicious appli-

Poet. Let those answer for them who make them. I aim at no particular persons; my strokes are at vice in general; but if any men particularly vicious are hurt, I make no apology, but leave them to the cure of their flatterers. If an author write in character, the lower people restect on the sollies and vices of the rich and great, and an Indian judges and talks of Europeans, by those he hath seen and conversed with, &c. And I will venture to own, that I wish every man of power or riches were really and apparently virtuous; which would soon amend and resorm the common people, who act by imitation.

1st Player. But a little indulgence and partiality to the vices of your own country, without doubt would be looked upon as more discreet. Though your satire, fir, is on vices in general, it must and will give offence; every vicious man thinks you particular, for conscience will make self-application. And why will you make yourself so many enemies? I say no more upon this head. As to us, I hope you are satisfied we have done all we could for you; for you will now have the advantage of all our best singers.

Enter 2d Player.

2d Player. It is impossible to perform the opera to night, all the fine singers within are out of humour with their parts. The tenor says, he was never offered such an indignity, and in a rage slung his clean lambskin gloves into the fire; he swears that in his whole life he never did sing, would sing, or could sing, but in true kid.

1st Player. Music might tame and civilize wild beafts, but it is evident it never yet could tame and

civilize musicians.

Enter 3d Player.

3d Player. Sir, fignora Crotchetta says, she finds her character so low that she had rather die than sing it.

1st Player. Tell her by her contract I can make her

sing it.

Enter signora Crotchetta.

Crotchetta. Barbarous tramontane! Where are all the lovers of virtu? Will they not all rise in arms in my desence? Make me sing it! good gods! should I tamely submit to such usage, I should debase myself through all Europe.

1st Player. In the opera nine or ten years ago, I remember, madam, your appearance in a character

little better than a fish.

Croteketta. A fish! monstrous! Let me inform you, fir, that a mermaid or syren is not many removes from a sea-goddess; or I had never submitted to be that fish which you are pleased to call me, by way of reproach. I have a cold, sir; I am sick. I do not see why I may not be allowed the privilege of sickness now and then as well as others. If a singer may not be indulged in her humours, I am sure she will soon become of no consequence with the town. And so, sir, I have cold; I am hoarse. I hope now you are satisfied.

[Exit Crotchetta, in a fury.

Enter 4th Player.

4th Player. Sir, the base voice insists upon pearlcoloured stockings and red-heeled shoes.

1st Player. There is no governing caprice. But

how shall we make our excuses to the house?

4th Player. Since the town was last year so good as to encourage an opera without singers; the favour I was then shewn obliges me to offer myself once more, rather than the audience should be dismissed. All the other comedians upon this emergency are willing to do their best, and hope for your favour and indulgence.

1/1 Player. Ladies and gentlemen, as we wish to do every thing for your diversion, and that singers only will come when they will come, we beg you to excuse this unforeseen accident, and to accept the proposal of the comedians, who rely wholly on your courtesy and protection.

The OVERTURE.

Dramatis Personæ.

Mr. Ducat, a West-Indian planter.

Morana (alias Macheath) captain of the pirates.

Vanderbluss,
Capstern,
Hacker,
Culverin,
Laguerre,
Cutlace,
Pohetohee, an Indian king.
Cawwawkee, bis son.

Servants, Indians, Pirates, Guards, &c.

Polly Peachum.

Mrs. Ducat.

Diana Trapes.

Jenny Diver.

Flimzy.

Damaris.

Servants to Trapes.

S C E N E, in the West-Indies.

POLLY:

AN OPERA.

ACT I.

SCENE, Ducat's House.

Ducat, Trapes.

TRAPES.

the Indies, as you are a subject of Britain you should live up to our customs. Prodigality there, is a fashion that is among all ranks of people. Why, our very younger brothers push themselves into the polite world by squandering more than they are worth. You are wealthy, very wealthy, Mr. Ducat; and I grant you, the more you have, the taste of getting more should grow stronger upon you. 'Tis just so with us. But then the richest of our lords and gentlemen, who live elegantly, always run out. 'Tis genteel to be in debt. Your luxury should distinguish you from the vulgar. You cannot be too expensive in your pleasures.

AIR I. The disappointed widow.

The manners of the great affect:
Stint not your pleasure:
If conscience bad their genius checkt,
How got they treasure?

The more in debt, run in debt the more, Careless who is undone: Morals and honesty leave to the poor, As they do at London.

Ducat. I never thought to have heard thrift laid to my charge. There is not a man, though I say it, in the whole *Indies* who lives more plentifully than my-felf; nor who enjoys the necessaries of life in so hand-some a manner.

Trapes. There it is now. Who ever heard a man of fortune in England talk of the necessaries of life? If the necessaries of life would have satisfied such a poor body as me, to be sure I had never come to mend my fortune to the plantations. Whether we can afford it or no, we must have superstuities. We never sint our expence to our own fortunes, but are miserable if we do not live up to the prosuseness of our neighbours. If we could content ourselves with the necessaries of life, no man alive ever need be dishonest. As to woman now; why, look ye, Mr. Ducat, a man hath what we may call every thing that is necessary in a wife.

Ducat. Ay, and more!

Trapes. But for all that, d'ye see, you married men are my best customers. It keeps wives upon their good behaviour.

Ducat. But there are jealousies and family lectures,

Mrs. Trapes.

Trapes. Bless us all! how little are our customs known on this side the herring-pond! Why, jealousy is out of fashion even among our common country gentlemen. I hope you are better bred than to be jealous. A husband and wife should have a mutual complaisance for each other. Sure, your wife is not so unreasonable to expect to have you always to herself.

Ducat. As I have a good estate, Mrs. Trapes, I would willingly run into every thing that is suitable to my dignity and fortune. Nobody throws himself into the extravagancies of life with a freer spirit. As to conscience and musty morals, I have as few drawbacks upon my profits or pleasures as any man of quality in England; in those I am not in the least vulgar. Besides,

madam, in most of my expences I run into the polite taste. I have a fine library of books that I never read; I have a fine stable of horses that I never ride; I build, I buy plate, jewels, pictures, or any thing that is valuable and curious, as your great men do, merely out of ostentation. But indeed I must own, I do still cohabit with my wife; and she is very uneasy and vexatious upon account of my visits to you.

Trapes. Indeed, indeed, Mr. Ducat, you should break through all this usurpation at once, and keep.—Now too is your time; for I have a fresh cargo of ladies just arrived: nobody alive shall set eyes upon 'em till you have provided yourself. You should keep your lady in awe by her maid; place a handsome, sprightly wench near your wise, and she will be a spy upon her into the bargain. I would have you show

yourself a fine gentleman in every thing.

Ducat. But I am somewhat advanced in life, Mrs. Trapes, and my duty to my wife lies very hard upon me; I must leave keeping to younger husbands and

old bachelors.

Trapes. There it is again now! Our very vulgar pursue pleasures in the slush of youth and inclination, but our great men are modishly prosligate when their appetite hath lest them.

AIR II. The Irifo ground.

BASS.

Ducat. What can wealth
When we're old?
Youth and health
Are not fold.

TREBLE.

Trapes. When love in the pulse beats low,
(As haply it may avith you)
A girl can fresh youth bestow,
And kindle desire answ.
Thus, numb'd in the brake,
Without motion, the snake

Sleeps cold avinter away: But in every vein Life quickens again On the bojom of May.

We are not here, I must tell you, as we are at London, where we can have fresh goods every week by the waggon. My maid is again gone aboard the vessel; she is perfectly charmed with one of the ladies; it will be a credit to you to keep her. I have obligations to you, Mr. Ducas, and I would part with her to no man alive but yourself. If I had her at London, such a lady would be sufficient to make my fortune; but, in truth, she is not impudent enough to make herself agreeable to the sailors in a public house in this country. By all accounts, she hath a behaviour only fit for a private samily.

Ducat. But how shall I manage matters with my

wife?

Trapes. Just as the fine gentlemen do with us. We could bring you many great precedents for treating a wife with indifference, contempt, and neglect; but that, indeed, would be running into too high life. I would have you keep some decency, and use her with civility. You should be so obliging as to leave her to her liberties, and take them to yourself. Why, all our fine ladies, in what they call pin-money, have no other views; it is what they all expect.

Ducat. But I am afraid it will be hard to make my wife think like a gentlewoman upon this subject; so that if I take her, I must act discreetly and keep the

affair a dead secret.

Trapes. As to that, fir, you may do as you please. Should it ever come to her knowledge, custom and education perhaps may make her at first think it somewhat odd. But this I can affirm with a safe conficience, that many a lidy of quality have servants of this sort in their families, and you can afford an expence as well as the best of them.

Ducat. I have a fortune, Mrs. Trapet, and would fain make a fashionable figure in life; if we can agree

upon the price, I'll take her into the family.

Trapes. I am glad to see you sling yourself into the polite taste with a spirit. Few, indeed, have the turn or talents to get money; but sewer know how to spend it handsomely after they have got it. The elegance of luxury consists in variety, and love requires it as much as any of our appetites and passions, and there is a time of life when a man's appetite ought to be whetted by a delicacy.

Ducat. Nay, Mrs. Trapes, now you are too hard upon me. Sure, you cannot think me fuch a clown as to be really in love with my wife! We are not fo ignorant here as you imagine; why, I married her

in a reasonable way, only for her money.

AIR III. Noel Hills.

He that weds a beauty
Soon will find her cloy;
When pleasure grows a duty,
Farewell love and joy:
He that weds for treasure
(Though he hath a wife)
Hath chose one lasting pleasure
In a married life.

Enter Damaris.

Damaris, [calling at the door] Damaris, I charge you not to stir from the door, and the instant you see your lady at a distance, returning from her walk, be

fure to give me notice.

Trapes. She is in most charming rigging; she won't cost you a penny, sir, in clothes at first setting out. But, alack-a-day! no bargain could ever thrive with dry lips: a glass of liquor makes every thing go so glibly.

Ducat. Here, Damaris; a glass of rum for Mrs. Dye. [Damaris goes out, and returns with a bottle and glass. Trapes. But as I was saying, sir, I would not part with her to any body alive but yourself; for, to be sure, I could turn her to ten times the profit by jobbs and chance customers. Come, sir, here's to the young lady's health.

Enter Flimzy.

Trapes. Well, Flimzy; are all the ladies safely

landed, and have you done as I ordered you?

Flimzy. Yes, madam. The three ladics for the run of the house are safely lodg'd at home; the other is without in the hall to wait your commands. She is a most delicious creature, that's certain. Such lips, such eyes, and such sless and blood! If you had her in London you could not fail of the custom of all the foreign ministers. As I hope to be sav'd, madam, I was forc'd to tell her ten thousand lies before I could prevail upon her to come with me. Oh sir, you are the most lucky, happy man in the world! Shall I go call her in?

Trapes. 'Tis necessary for me first to instruct her in her duty and the ways of the family. The girl is bashful and modest, so I must beg leave to propare her by a little private conversation; and afterwards, sir,

I shall leave you to your private conversations.

Flimzy. But, I hope, fir, you won't forget poor Flimzy; for the richest man alive could not be more scrupulous than I am upon these occasions, and the bribe only can make me excuse it to my conscience. I hope, fir, you will pardon my freedom. [He gives ber money.

AIR IV. Sweetheart, think upon me.

My conscience is of courtly mold,

Fit for highest station.

Where's the hand, when touch'd with gold,

Proof against temptation? [Ex. Flimzy.

Ducat. We can never sufficiently encourage such useful qualifications. You will let me know when you are ready for me.

Trapes. I wonder I am not more wealthy; for, o' my conscience, I have as few scruples as those that are ten thousand times as rich. But, alack-a-day! I am sorc'd to play at small game. I now and then betray and rain an innocent girl. And what of that? Can I is conscience expect to be equally rich with those who

betray and ruin provinces and countries? In troth, all their great fortunes are owing to fituation; as for genius and capacity I can match them to a hair: were they in my circumflance, they would act like me; were I in theirs, I should be rewarded as a most profound penetrating politician.

AIR V. 'Twas within a furlong.

In pimps and politicians The genius is the same; Both raise their own conditions On others guilt and shame: With a tongue well-tipt with lyes Each the avant of parts supplies, And with a heart that's all disguises Keeps his schemes unknown. Seducing as the devil. They play the tempter's part, And bave, when most they're civil, Most mischief in their beart. Each a secret commerce drives, First corrupts and then connives, And by his neighbours vices thrives, For they are all his own.

Enter Flimzy and Polly.

Trapes. Bless my eye-fight! what do I see? I am in a dream, or it is miss felly Peachum! mercy upon me! child, what brought you on this side of the water?

Polly. Love, madam, and the misfortunes of our family. But I am equally surprized to find an acquaintance here: you cannot be ignorant of my unhappy story, and perhaps from you, Mrs. Dye, I may receive some information that may be useful to me.

Trapes. You need not be much concern'd, miss Polly, at a sentence of transportation, for a young lady of your beauty hath wherewithal to make her fortune in any country.

Polly. Pardon me, madam; you mistake me. Tho' I was educated among the most profligate in low-life, I never engag'd in my father's affairs as a thief or

thief-catcher, for indeed I abhorr'd his profession. Would my papa had never taken it up, he then still had been alive, and I had never known Macheath!

AIR VI. Sortez des vos retraites.

She who hath felt a real pain
By Cupid's dart,
Finds that all absence is in vain
To cure her heart.
Though from my lover cast
Far as from pole to pole,
Still the pure stame must last,
For love is in the foul.

You must have heard, madam, that I was unhappy in my marriage. When Macheath was transported, all my peace was banished with him; and my papa's death hath now given me liberty to pursue my inclinations.

Trapes. Good lack-a-day! poor Mr. Peachum! Death was so much oblig'd to him, that I wonder he did not allow him a reprieve for his own sake. Truly, I think he was obliged to no-body more, except the physicians; but they die it seems too. Death is very impartial; he takes all alike, friends and socs.

Pelly. Every monthly sessions-paper, like the apothecary's siles (if I may make the comparison) was a record of his services. But my papa kept company with gentlemen, and ambition is catching. He was in too much haste to be rich. I wish all great men would take warning. 'Tis now seven months since my papa was hang'd.

Trafes. This will be a great check indeed to your men of enterprizing genius; and it will be unfafe to push at making a great fortune, if such accidents grow common. But sure, child, you are not so mad as to

think of following Macheath.

Polly. In following him I am in pursuit of my quiet. I love him; and, like a troubled ghost, shall never be at rest till I appear to him. If I can receive any information of him from you, it will be a cordial to a wretch in despair.

Trapes. My dear mils Polly, you must not think of

it. 'Tis now above a year and a half fince he robb'd his master, ran away from the plantation, and turn'd pirate. Then too what puts you beyond all possibility of redress, is, that fince he came over he married a transported slave, one Jenny Diver, and she is gone off with him. You must give over all thoughts of him, for he is a very devil to our sex; not a woman of the greatest vivacity shifts her inclinations half so fast as he can. Besides, he would disown you; for, like an upstart, he hates an old acquaintance. I am forry to see those tears, child, but I love you too well to flatter you.

Polly. Why have I a heart so constant? cruel love!

AIR VII. O Waly, Waly, up the bank.

Farewell, farewell, all bopes of blis!
For Polly always must be thine.
Shall then my heart be ever his,
Which never can again be mine?
O love, you play a cruel part,
Thy shast still sesters in the avound;
You should reward a constant heart,
Since 'tis, alas, so seldom found!

Traper. I tell you once again, miss Polly, you must think no more of him. You are like a child who is crying after a butterfly, that is hopping and fluttering upon every slower in the field; there is not a woman that comes in his way, but he must have a taste of; besides, there is no catching him. But, my dear girl, I hope you took care, at your leaving England, to bring off wherewithal to support you.

Polly. Since he is loft, I am infensible of every other misfortune. I brought indeed a sum of money with me, but my chest was broke open at sea, and I am now a wretched vagabond expos'd to hunger and

want, unless charity relieve me.

Trapes. Poor child! your father and I have had great dealings together, and I shall be grateful to his memory. I will look upon you as my daughter; you shall be with me.

Polly. As foon as I can have remitts ices from England, I shall be able to acknowledge your goodness.

I have still five hundred pounds there, which will be return'd to me upon demand; but I had rather undertake any honest service that might afford me a maintenance than be burthensome to my friends.

Trapes. Sure never any thing happen'd so luckily? madam Ducat just now wants a servant, and I know she will take my recommendation; and one so tight and handy as you, must please her: then too, her husband is the civilest, best-bred man alive. You are now in her house, and I won't leave it till I have settled you. Be chearful, my dear child, for who knows but all these missfortunes may turn to your advantage? You are in a rich agreeable samily, and I dare say your person and behaviour will soon make you a favourite. As to captain Macheath, you may now safely look upon yourself as a widow; and who knows, if madam Ducat should tip off, what may happen? I shall recommend you, miss Polly, as a gentlewoman.

AIR VIII. O Jenny, come tie me.

Despair is all folly;
Hence, melancholy,
Fortune attends you while youth is in flower.
By beauty's possession
Us'd with discretion,
Woman at all times bath joy in her power.

Polly. The service, madam, you offer me, makes me as happy as I can be in my circumstance, and I ac-

cept of it with ten thousand obligations.

Trapes. Take a turn in the hall with my maid for a minute or two, and I'll take care to fettle all matters and conditions for your reception. Be affur'd, miss Polly, I'll do my best for you. [Exeunt Polly and Flimzy.

Enter Ducat.

Trapes. Mr. Ducat. Sir. You may come in. I have had this very girl in my eye for you ever fince you and I were first acquainted; and, to be plain with you, fir, I have run great risques for her: I had many a stratagem, to be sure, to inveigle her away from her relations! she too herself was exceeding difficult. And I can assure you, to ruin a girl of severe education is no

small addition to the pleasure of our fine gentlemen. I can be answerable for it too, that you will have the first of her. I am sure I could have disposed of her upon the same account, for at least a hundred guineas to an alderman of London; and then too I might have had the disposal of her again as soon as she was out of keeping; but you are my friend, and I shall not deal hard with you.

Ducor. But if I like her I would agree upon terms beforehand; for should I grow fond of her, I know you have the conscience of other trades-people, and would grow more imposing; and I love to be upon a

certainty.

Trapes. Sure you cannot think a hundred pistoles too much; I mean for me. I leave her wholly to your generosity. Why your sine men, who never pay any body else, pay their pimps and bawds well; always ready money. I ever dealt conscientiously, and set the lowest price upon my ladies; when you see her, I am sure you will allow her to be as choice a piece of beauty as ever you laid eyes on.

Ducat. But, dear Mrs. Dye, a hundred pistoles, say you? why, I could have half a dozen negro princesses

for the price.

Trapes. But sure you cannot expect to buy a fine handsome Christian at that rate. You are not us'd to see such goods on this side of the water. For the women, like the clothes, are all tarnished and half worn out before they are sent hither. Do but cast your eye upon her, sir; the door stands half open; see, yonder she trips in conversation with my maid Flimzy in the hall.

Ducat. Why truly I must own she is handsome.

Trapes. Bless me, you are no more mov'd by her, than if she were your wife. Hands me! what a cold husband-like expression is that! nay, there is no harm done. If I take her home, I don't question the making more money of her. She was never in any body's house but your own, since she was landed. She is pure as she was imported, without the least adulteration.

Ducat. I'll have her. I'll pay you down upon the

nail. You shall leave her with me. Come, count your money, Mrs. Dye.

Trapes. What a shape is there! she's of the finest

growth.

Ducat. You make me mif-reckon. She even takes off my eyes from gold.

Trapes. What a curious pair of sparkling eyes!

Ducat. As vivifying as the sun. I have paid you ten. Trapes. What a racy flavour must breathe from those lips!

Ducat. I want no provoking commendations. I'm in youth; I'm on fire! Twenty more makes it thirty;

and this here makes it just fifty.

Trapes. What a most inviting complexion! how charming a colour! In short, a fine woman has all the perfections of fine wine, and is a cordial that is ten times as restorative.

Ducat. This fifty then makes it just the sum. So

now, madam, you may deliver her up.

Enter Damaris.

Damaris. Sir, fir, my mistress is just at the door. [Ex. Ducat. Get you out of the way this moment, dear Mrs. Dye; for I would not have my wife see you. But don't stir out of the house 'till I am put in possession. I'll get rid of her immediately. [Ex. Trapes.

Enter Mrs. Ducat.

Mrs. Ducat. I can never be out of the way, for an hour or fo, but you are with that filthy creature. If you were young, and I took liberties, you could not use me worse; you could not, you beastly fellow. Such usage might force the most virtuous woman to resentment. I don't see why the wives in this country should not put themselves upon as easy a foot as in England. In short, Mr. Ducat, if you behave yourself like an English husband, I will behave myself like an English wise.

AIR IX. Red House.

I will have my humours, I'll please all my senses, I will not be stinted—in love or expences.

I'll dress with profusion, I'll game without measure; You shall have the business, I will have the pleasure:

Thus every day I'll pass my life, My home shall be my least resort; For sure 'tis sitting that your wife Shou'd copy ladies of the court.

Ducat. All these things I know are natural to the sex, my dear. But husbands, like colts, are restif, and they require a long time to break 'em. Besides, 'tis not the sashion as yet, for husbands to be govern'd in this country. That tongue of your's, my dear, sath not eloquence enough to persuade me out of my reason. A woman's tongue, like a trumpet, only serves to raise my courage.

AIR X. Old Orpheus tickl'd, &c.

When billows come breaking on the strand,
The rocks are deaf and unshaken stand:
Old oaks can defy the thunder's roar,
And I can stand woman's tongue—that's more.
With a twinkum, twankum, &c.

With that weapon, women, like pirates, are at war with the whole world. But, I thought, my dear, your pride would have kept you from being jealous. 'Tis the whole business of my life to please you; but wives are like children, the more they are flatter'd and humour'd, the more perverse they are. Here now have I been laying out my money, purely to make you a present, and I have nothing but these freaks and reproaches in return. You wanted a maid, and I have bought you the handiest creature; she will indeed make a very creditable servant.

Mrs. Ducat. I will have none of your husies about me. And so, sir, you would make me your conve-

nience, your bawd. Out upon it!

Ducat. But I bought her on purpose for you, madam. Mrs. Ducat. For your own filthy inclinations, you mean. I won't bear it. What keep an impudent strumpet under my nose! Here's fine doings, indeed!

Ducat. I will have the directions of my family. "Tis my pleafure it shall be so. So, madam, be satisfy'd.

Ducat.

AIR XI. Christ-Church Bells.

When a woman jealous grows,

Farewell all peace of life!

Mrs. Ducat. But ere man roves, he should pay what he
owes,

And with her due content his wife. 'I is man's the weaker fex to sway.

Mrs. Ducat. We too, whene'er we lift, obey.

Ducat. 'Tis just and sit
You should submit.

Mrs. Ducat. But sweet kind husband-not to day.

Ducat. Let your clack be still. Mrs. Ducat. Not 'till I have my will.

If thus you reason slight, There's never an bour While breath has power, But I will assert my right.

Would I had you in England; I should have all the women there rise in arms in my desence. For the honour and prerogative of the sex, they would not suffer such a precedent of submission. And so, Mr. Ducat, I tell you once again, that you shall keep your trollops out of the house, or I will not stay in it.

Ducat. Look'ce, wife; you will be able to bring about nothing by pouting and vapours. I have refolution enough to withstand either obstinacy or stratagem. And I will break this jealous spirit of your's before it gets a head. And so, my dear, I order, that upon my account, you behave yourself to the girl as you ought.

Mrs. Ducat. I wish you would behave yourself to your wife as you ought; that is to say, with good manners, and compliance. And so, sir, I leave you and your minx together. I tell you once again, that I would sooner die upon the spot, than not be mistress of my own house.

[Exit, in a passion.

Ducat. If by these perverse humours, I should be forc'd to part with her, and allow her a separate maintenance; the thing is so common among people of condition, that it could not prove to my discredit. Family divisions, and matrimonial controverses are a

kind of proof of a man's riches; for the poor people are happy in marriage out of necessity, because they cannot afford to disagree. [Enter Damaris.] Damaris. faw you my wife? Is she in her own room? What faid she? Which way went she?

Damaris. Bless me, I was perfectly frighten'd, she look'd so like a fury! Thank my stars, I never saw her look so before in all my life; tho' mayhap you may have feen her look fo before a thousand times. Woe be to the servants that fall in her way! I'm sure I'm glad to be out of it.

AIR XII. Cheshire-rounds.

When kings by their huffing Have blown up a squabble. All the charge and cuffing Light upon the rabble. Thus when man and wife By their mutual Inubbing, Kindle civil strife, Servants get the drubbing.

Ducat. I would have you, Damaris, have an eye upon your mistress. You should have her good at heart, and inform me when she has any schemes a-foot : it may be the means to reconcile us.

Damaris. She's wild, fir. There's no speaking to her. She's flown into the garden! Mercy upon us all, fay I! How can you be so unreasonable to contradict

a woman, when you know we can't bear it?

Ducat. I depend upon you, Damaris, for intelligence. You may observe her at a distance; and as foon as she comes into her own room, bring me word. There is the sweetest pleasure in the revenge that I have now in my head! I'll this instant go and take my charge from Mrs. Trapes [Afide.] Damaris, you know your instructions.

Damaris. Sure all masters and mistresses, like politicians, judge of the conscience of mankind by their own, and require treachery of their servants as a duty! I am employ'd by my master to watch my mistress, and by my mistress to watch my master. Which party shall I espouse? To be sure my mistress's. For in hers. jurisdiction and power, the common cause of the whole fex, are at stake. But my master I see is coming this way. I'll avoid him, and make my observations.

[Exit.

Enter Ducat and Polly.

Ducat. Be cheerful, Polly, for your good fortune hath thrown you into a family, where, if you rightly consult your own interest, as every body now-a-days does, you may make yourself perfectly easy. Those eves of your's, Polly, are a sufficient sortune for any woman, if the have but conduct, and know how to make the most of 'em.

Polly. As I am your servant, fir, my duty obliges. me not to contradict you; and I must hear your flattery, tho' I know myself undeserving. But sure, sir, in handsome women, you must have observed that their hearts often oppose their interest: and beauty certainly has ruin'd more women than it has made happy.

AIR XIII. The bush a boon Traquair.

The crow or daw thro' all the year No fowler seeks to ruin; But birds of voice or feather rare He's all day long pursuing. Beware, fair maids, to 'scape the net. That other beauties fell in; For fure at beart was never yet. So great a wretch as Helen!

If my lady, fir, will let me know my duty, gratitude. will make me study to please her.

Ducat. I have a mind to have a little conversation with you, and I would not be interrupted. [bars the door.

Polly. I wish, sir, you would let me receive my

lady's commands.

Ducat. And so, Polly, by these downcast looks of your's, you would have me believe you don't know you are handsome, and that you have no faith in your looking-glass. Why every pretty woman studies her face, and a looking-glass to her is must a book is to a

pedant; she is poring upon it all day long. In troth, a man can never know how much love is in him by conversations with his wise. A kiss on those lips, would make me young again.

[Kisse ber.]

AIR XIV. Bury Fair.

Polly. How can you be so teazing?

Ducat. Love will excuse my fault.

How can you be so pleasing! [Going to kiss her.

Polly. I vorv I'll not be naught.

Ducat. All maids I know at first resist. [Struggling. A master may command.

Polly. You're monstreus rude; I'll not be kis'd:
Nay, sye, let go my hand.

Ducat. 'Tis foolish pride -

Polly. 'Tis wile, 'tis base,

Poor innocence to wrong;

Ducat. Ill force you.

Polly. Guard me from difgrace.
You find that wirtue's strong. [Puthing him away.

Tis barbarous in you, fir, to take the occasion of my necessities to insult me.

Ducat. Nay, huffy, I'll give you money.

Polly. I despise it. No, sir, tho' I was born and bred in England, I can dare to be poor, which is the only thing now-a-days men are ashamed of.

Ducat. I shall humble these saucy airs of your's, Mrs. Minx. Is this language from a servant! from

a flave!

Polly. Am I then betray'd and fold!

Ducat. Yes, huffy, that you are; and as legally my property, as any woman is her husband's, who sells herself in marriage.

Polly. Climates that change constitutions have no effect upon manners. What a profligate is that

Trapes!

Ducat. Your fortune, your happiness depends upon your compliance. What, proof against a bribe! Sure, hussy, you belie your country, or you must have had a very vulgar education. 'Tis unnatural.

AIR XV. Bobbing Joan.

Maids like courtiers must be woo'd,
Most by stattery are subdu'd:
Some capricious, coy, or nice,
Out of pride protract the vice,
But they fall,
One and all,
When we bid up to their price.

Besides, hussy, your consent may make me your slave; there's power to tempt you into the bargain. You must be more than woman if you can stand that too.

Polly. Sure you only mean to try me! but 'tis bar-

barous to trifle with my distresses.

Ducat. I'll have none of these airs. 'Tis impertinent in a servant, to have scruples of any kind. I hire honour, conscience and all, for I will not be serv'd by halves. And so, to be plain with you, you obstinate slut, you shall either contribute to my pleasure or my prosit; and if you refuse play in the bed-chamber, you shall go work in the sields among the planters. I hope now I have explain'd myself.

Polly. My freedom may be lost, but you cannot robme of my virtue and integrity: and whatever is my lot, having that, I shall have the comfort of hope,

and find pleasure in restection.

AIR XVI. A swain long tortur'd with disdain,

Can I or toil or bunger fear? For love's a pain that's more severe. The slave, with virtue in his breast, Can wake in peace, and sweetly rest.

But love, when unhappy, the more virtuous it is, the more it suffers.

[Aside.

Ducat. What noise is that?

Damaris. [Without] Sir, sir.

Ducat. Step into the closet; I will call you out immediately to present you to my wife. Don't let bashfulness ruin your fortune. The next opportunity I hope you will be better dispos'd.

[Exit Polly.

Damaris. Open the door, fir. This moment, this moment.

Enter Damaris.

Ducat. What's the matter? Was any body about to ravish you? Is the house o'fire? Or my wife in a

passion?

Damaris. O fir, the whole country is in an uproar! The pirates are all coming down upon us; and if they should raise the militia, you are an officer you know. I hope you have time enough to fling up your commission.

Enter 1st Footman.

of their wits; they leave their houses, and fly to your's for protection. Where's my lady, your wise? Heaven grant, they have not taken her!

Ducat. If they only took what one could spare.

1/f Footm. That's true, there were no great harm

done.

Ducat. How are the musquets?

1/1 Footm. Rufty, fir, all rufty and peaceable! For we never clean them but against training-day.

Damaris. Then, fir, your honour is safe, for now you have a just excuse against fighting.

Enter 2d Footman.

2d Footman. The Indians, fir, with whom we are in alliance, are all in arms: there will be bloody work to be fure. I hope they will decide the matter before we can get ready.

Enter Mrs. Ducat.

Mrs. Ducat. O dear husband, I'm frighten'd to death! What will become of us all! I thought a punishment for your wicked lewdues would light upon you at last.

Ducat. Presence of mind, my dear, is as necessary

in dangers as courage.

Damaris. But you are too rich to have courage. You should fight by deputy. 'Tis only for poor people to be brave and desperate, who cannot afford to live.

Enter Maids, &c. one after another.

1st Maid. The pirates, sir, the pirates! Mercy upon us, what will become of us poor helpless women!

2d Maid. We shall all be ravish'd. 1st Old Woman. All be ravish'd!

2d Old Woman. At the furth dit 2d Old Woman. Ay to be fure, we shall be ravish'd;

all be ravish'd!

1/1 Old Woman. But if fortune will have it so,

patience is a virtue, and we must undergo it.

2d Old Woman. Ay, for certain we must all bear it,

2d Old Woman. Ay, for certain we must all bear it,

3d Fcotman. A foldier, fir, from the Indian camp, defires admittance. He's here, fir.

Enter Indian.

Indian. I come, fir, to the English colony, with whom we are in alliance, from the mighty king Pobetohee, my lord and master, and address myself to you, as you are of the council, for succours. The pirates are ravaging and plundering the country, and we are now in arms, ready for battle, to oppose them.

Ducat. Does Macheath command the enemy?

Indian. Report fays he is dead. Above twelve moons are passed since we heard of him. Morano, a Negro villain, is their chief, who in rapine and bar-

barities is even equal to him.

Ducat. I shall inform the council, and we shall soon be ready to join you. So acquaint the king your master.

[Exit Indian.

AIR XVII. March in Scipio.

Brave boys, prepare. [To the men. An! crafe, fond wife, to ery. [To here For when the danger's near.

Servant. For auhen the danger's near,
We've time enough to fly.

Mrs. Ducat. How can you be difgrac'd!

For wealth secures your same.

Servant. The rich are always plac'd

Above the fenje of shame.

Mrs. Ducat. Let honour spur the slave,
To fight for fighting's sake:
Ducat.
But even the rich are brave
When money is at stake.

Be satisfy'd, my dear, I shall be discreet. My servants here will take care that I be not over-rash, for their wages depend upon me. But before I go to council—come hither, Polly; I intreat you, wife, to take her into your service, [Enter Polly.] and use her civilly. Indeed, my dear, your suspicions are very frivolous and unreasonable.

Mrs. Ducat. I have to have a handsome weach about

mc. They are always fo faucy!

Ducat. Women, by their jealousies, put one in mind of doing that which otherwise we should never think of. Why you are a proof, my dear, that a handsome woman may be honest.

Mrs. Ducat. I find you can fay a civil thing to me

Aill.

Ducat. Affairs, you see, call me hence. And so I leave her under your protection.

Mrs. Ducat. Away, into the other room again. When I want you, I'll call you. [Exit Polly.] Well, Damaris, to be fure you have observed all that has pailed. I will know all. I'm sure she's a husty.

Damaris. Nay, madam, I can't say so much. But-

Mrs. Ducat. But what ?

Danaris. I hate to make mischief.

AIR XVIII. Jig-it-o'Foot.

Better to doubt
All that's doing,
Than to find out
Proofs of ruin.
What fervants bear and fee
Should they tattle,
Marriage all day would be
Feuds and battle.

A scrvant's legs and hands should be under your command, but, for the sake of quiet, you should leave their tongues to their own discretion. Mrs. Ducat. I vow, Damaris, I will know it.

Damaris. To be fure, madam, the door was bolted, and I could only listen. There was a fort of a bustle between them, that's certain. What past I know not. But the noise they made, to my thinking, did not found very honest.

Mrs. Ducat. Noises that did not found very honest,

faid you?

Damaris. Nay, madam, I am a maid, and have no experience. If you had heard them, you would have been a better judge of the matter.

Mrs. Ducat. An impudent flut! I'll have her before me. If she be not a thorough profligate, I shall make a discovery by her behaviour. Go call her to me.

[Exit Damaris, and returns with Polly. Mrs. Ducat. In my own house! Before my face! I'll have you sent to the house of correction, strumpet. By that over-honest look, I guess her to be a horrid jade. A mere hypocrite, that is persectly white-washed with innocence. My blood rises at the fight of all strumpets, for they are smugglers in love, that ruin us fair traders in matrimony. Look upon me, Mrs. Brazen. She has no feeling of shame. She is so used to impudence, that she has not a blush within her. Do you know, madam, that I am Mr. Ducat's wise?

Polly. As your fervant, madam, I think myself happy. Mrs. Ducat. You know Mr. Ducat, I suppose. She has beauty enough to make any woman alive hate her.

AIR XIX. Trumpet minuet.

Abroad after misses most busbands will roam, Tho' sure they find woman sufficient at bome. To be nos'd by a strumpet! Hence, busy, you'd best. Would be give me my due, I would give her the rest.

I vow I had rather have a thief in my house. For to be sure she is that besides.

Polly. If you were acquainted with my misfortunes, madam, you could not infult me.

Mrs. Ducat. What does the wench mean?

Damaris. There's not one of these common creatures, but like common beggars, hath a moving story at her singer's ends, which they tell over, when they

are maudlin, to their lovers. I had a sweetheart, madam, who was a rake, and I know their ways very well, by hearfay.

Polly. What villains are hypocrites! For they rob those of relief, who are in real distress. I know what it is to be unhappy in marriage.

Mrs. Ducat. Married! Polly. Unhappily.

Mrs. Ducat. When, where, to whom?

Polly. If woman can have faith in woman, may my words find belief. Protestations are to be suspected. fo I shall use none. If truth can prevail, I know you will pity me.

Mrs. Ducat. Her manner and behaviour are so particular, that is to fay, fo fincere, that I must hear her story. Unhappily married! That is a misfortune not

to be remedied.

Polly. A constant woman hath but one chance to be happy; an inconstant woman, tho' she hath no chance to be very happy, can never be very unhappy,

Damaris. Believe me, Mrs. Polly, as to pleasures of all forts, 'tis a much more agreeable way to be in-

constant.

AIR XX. Polwart on the Green.

Love now is nought but art, 'Tis who can juggle best; To all men seem to give your heart, But keep it in your breast. What gain and pleasure do we find, Who change whene'er we lift ! The mill that turns with every wind Must bring the owner grist.

Polly. My case, madam, may in these times be look'd upon as fingular; for I married a man only because I lov'd him. For this I was look'd upon as a fool by all my acquaintance; I was used inhumanly by my father and mother; and, to complete my misfortunes, my husband, by his wild behaviour, incurred the sentence of the law, and was separated from me by banishment. Being informed he was in this country, upon the death of my father and mother, with most of my small fortune, I came here to seek him.

Mrs. Ducat. But how then fell you into the hands

of that confummate bawd, Trapes?

Polly. In my voyage, madam, I was robb'd of all I had. Upon my landing in a strange country, and in want, I was found out by this inhuman woman, who had been an acquaintance of my father's: She offer'd me at first the civilities of her own house. When she was inform'd of my necessities, she proposed to me the service of a lady; of which I readily accepted. 'Twas under that pretence that she treacherously sold me to your husband as a mistress. This, madam, is in short the whole truth. I sling myself at your feet for protection. By relieving me, you make yourself easy.

Mrs. Ducat. What is't you propose?

Polly. In conniving at my escape, you save me from your husband's worrying me with threats and violence, and at the same time quiet your own sears and jealousies. If it is ever in my power, madam, with gratitude I will repay you my ransom.

Damaris. Befides, madam, you will effectually revenge yourfelf upon your husband; for the loss of the money he paid for her will touch him to the quick.

Mrs. Ducat. But have you confidered what you request? We are invaded by the pirates: The Indians are in arms; the whole country is in commotion, and you will every where be expos'd to danger.

Damaris. Get rid of her at any rate. For such is the vanity of man, that when once he has begun with a woman, out of pride he will insist upon his point.

Polly. In staying with you, madam, I make two people unhappy. And I chuse to bear my own mistortunes, without being the cause of another's.

Mrs. Ducat. If I let her escape before my husband's return, he will imagine she got off by the favour of this buille and confusion.

Polly. May heaven reward your charity.

Mrs. Ducat. A woman fo young and handsome must be exposed to continual dangers. I have a suit of clothes by me of my nephew's, who is dead. In a man's habit you will run fewer risques. I'll assist you too for the present with some money; and, as a traveller, you may with greater safety make enquiries after your husband.

Polly. How shall I ever make a return for so much

goodness?

Mrs. Ducat. May love reward your constancy. As for that persidious monster Trapes, I will deliver her into the hands of the magistrate. Come, Damaris, let us this instant equip her for her adventures.

Damaris. When she is out of the house, without doubt, madam, you will be more easy. And I wish

the may be so too.

Polly. May virtue be my protection; for I feel within me hope, cheerfulnels, and refolution.

AIR XXI. St. Martin's Lane.

As pilgrims thro' devotion To some shrine pursue their way, They tempt the raging ocean, And thro' defarts stray. With zeal their hope desiring, The faint their breast inspiring With cheerful air, Devoid of fear, They every danger bear. Thus equal zeal possessing, I feek my only bleffing. O love, my bonest wow regard! My truth protect, My Reps direct, His flight detect, A faithful wife reward.

[Exit.

LARLY PROPERTY LARLY

A C T II.

Polly, in Boy's Clothes.

AIR XXII. La Villanella.

WHY did you spare him,
O'er seas to bear him,
Far from his home, and constant bride?
When papa 'speach'd him,
If death had reach'd him,
I then had only sigh'd, wept, and dy'd!

If my directions are right, I cannot be far from the village. With the habit, I must put on the courage and resolution of a man; for I am every where surrounded with dangers. By all I can learn of these pirates, my dear Macheath is not of the crew. Perhaps I may hear of him among the slaves of the next plantation. How sultry is the day! the cool of this shade will refresh me. I am jaded too with reslection. How restless is love! [Music, two or three bars of the dead march.] My imagination follows him every where, would my feet were as swift; the world then could not hide him from me. [Two or three bars more.] Yet even thought is now bewilder'd in pursuing him. [Two ar three bars more.] I'm tir'd, I'm saint. [The Symphony.

AIR XXIII. Dead March in Coriolanus.

Sleep, O sleep,
With thy rod of incantation,
Charm my imagination,
Then, only then, I cease to weep.
By thy power,
The Virgin, by time o'ertaken,
For years forlorn, forsaken,
Enjoys the happy hour.
What's to sleep?
'Tis a wisionary blessing;
A dream that's past expressing,
Our utmost wish possessing;
So may I always keep.
[Falls asleep.

Enter Capstern, Hacker, Culverin, Laguerre, and Cutlace. Polly asleep in a distant part of the stage.

Hacker. We shall find but a cool reception from Morano, if we return without either booty or intelligence.

Culverin. A man of invention hath always intelligence ready. I hope we are not exempted from the

privilege of travellers.

Capflern. If we had got booty, you know we had resolv'd to agree in a lye. And, gentlemen, we will not have our diligence and duty call'd in question for that which every common servant has at his singers end for his justification.

Laguerre. Alack, gentlemen, we are not such bunglers in love or politics, but we must know that either to get favour or keep it, no man ever speaks what he thinks, but what is convenient.

AIR XXIV. Three sheep-skins.

Cutlace. Of all the fins that are money-supplying;
Consider the world, 'tis past all denying,
With all forts,
In towns or courts,
The richest sin is lying.

Culverin. Fatigue, gentlemen, should have refreshment. No man is requir'd to do more than his duty. Let us repose ourselves a-while. A sup or two of our cag would quicken invention. [They six and drink.

All. Agreed.

Hacker. I had always a genius for ambition: Birth and education cannot keep it under. Our profession is great, brothers. What can be more heroic than to have declared war with the whole world?

Culverin. 'Tis a pleasure to me to recollect times past, and to observe by what steps a genius will push

his fortune.

Hacker. Now as to me, brothers, mark you me. After I had rubb'd through my youth with variety of adventures, I was preferr'd to be footman to an eminent gametler, where, after having improv'd myself by his manners and conversation, I lest him, betook myself to his politer profession, and cheated like a gentleman. For some time I kept a Pharaon-bank with success, but unluckily in a drunken bout was stript by a more expert brother of the trade. I was now, as 'tis common with us upon these occasions, forc'd to have recourse to the highway for a recruit to set me up; but making the experiment once too often, I was try'd, and received sentence; but got off for transportation. Which hath made me the man I am.

Laguerre. From a footman I grew to be a pimp to a man of quality. Confidering I was for some time in that employment, I look upon myself as particularly unlucky, that I then missed making my fortune. But, to give him his due, only his death could have pre-

Нa

vented it. Upon this, I betook myself to another fervice, where my wages not being sufficient for my pleasures, I robb'd my master, and retir'd to visit

foreign parts.

Capstern. Now, you must know, I was a drawer to one of the fashionable taverns, and of consequence was daily in the politest conversations. Tho' I say it, nobody was better bred. I often cheated my master, and, as a dutiful servant, now and then cheated for him. I had always my gallantries with the ladies that the lords and gentlemen brought to our house. I was ambitious too of a gentleman's profession, and turn'd gamester. Tho' I had great skill and no scruples, my play would not support my extravagancies: So that now and then I was forced to rob with pistols too. So I also owe my rank in the world to transportation.

Culverin. Our chief Morano, brothers, had never been the man he is, had he not been train'd up in England. He has told me, that from his infancy he was the favourite page of a lady. He had a genius too above service, and, like us, ran into higher life. And, indeed, in manners and conversation, tho' he is black, no body has more the air of a great man.

That mistress of his is a clog to his ambition. She's an arrant Cleopatra.

Laguerre. If it were not for her, the Indies would be our own.

Hacker. He is too much attach'd to his pleasures.

AIR XXV. Rigadoon.

By women won,
We're all undone,
Each wench bath a Syren's charms.
The lover's deeds
Are good or ill,
As whim succeeds
In woman's will:
Resolution is full'd in her arms.

Hacker. A man in love is no more to be depended on than a man in liquor, for he is out of himself.

AIR XXVI. Ton humeur est Catharine.

Woman's like the flatt'ring ocean,
Who her pathlefs ways can find?
Every blast directs her motion;
Now she's angry, now she's kind.
What a fool's the vent'rous lover,
Whirl'd and toss'd by every wind!
Can the bark the port recover
When the filly pilot's blind?

Hacker. A good horse is never turn'd loose among mares, till all his good deeds are over. And really your heroes should be serv'd the same way; for after they take to women, they have no good deeds to come. That inveigling gypsy, brothers, must be hawl'd from him by force. And then—the kingdom of Mexico shall be mine. My lot shall be the kingdom of Mexico.

Capftern. Who talks of Mexico? [all rise] I'll never give it up. If you outlive me, brother, and I die without heirs, I'll leave it to you for a legacy. I hope now you are satisfy'd. I have set my heart upon it, and nobody shall dispute it with me.

Laguerre. The illand of Cuba, methinks, brother,

might satisfy any reasonable man.

Culverin. That I had allotted for you. Mexico shall not be parted with without my consent: captain Morano to be sure will choose Peru; that's the country of gold, and all your great men love gold. Mexico hath only silver, nothing but silver. Governor of Cartagena, brother, is a pretty snug employment. That I shall not dispute with you.

Capstern. Death, fir,-I shall not part with Mexico

so easily.

Hacker. Not I. Culverin. Not I.

Laguerre. Nor I.

Culverin. Nor I.

Hacker. Draw then, and let the survivor take it.

[They fight.

Polly. Bless me, what noise was that! Clashing of swords and fighting! Which way shall I sly, how shall I escape?

H 2

Capstern. Hold, hold, gentlemen, let us decide our pretentions some other time. I see booty. A prisoner. Let us seize him.

Culverin. From him we will extort both ransom and

intelligence.

Polly. Spare my life, gentlemen. If you are the men I take you for, I fought you to share your fortunes.

Hacker. Why, who do you take us for, friend t Polly. For those brave spirits, those Alexanders, that shall soon by conquest be in possession of the Indies.

Laguerre, A mettled young fellow.

Capstern. He speaks with respect too, and gives us our titles.

Culverin. Have you heard of captain Morano?

Polly. I came hither in mere ambition to serve under him.

AIR XXVII. Ye nymphs and fylvan gods.

I hate those coward tribes,
Who by mean sneaking bribes,
By tricks and disguise,
By flattery and lies,
To power and grandeur rise.
Like beroes of old
You are greatly bold,
The sword your cause supports.
Untaught to sawn,
You ne'er were drown
Your truth to pawn
Among the spawn
Who practise the frauds of courts.

I would willingly chuse the more honourable way of

making a fortune.

Hacker. The youth speaks well. Can you inform is, my lad, of the disposition of the enemy? Have the Indians joined the factory? We should advance towards them immediately. Who knows but they may side with us? Mayhap they may like our tyranny better.

Polly. I am a stranger, gentlemen, and entirely ignorant of the affairs of this country: But in the most desperate undertaking, I am ready to risque your

fortunes.

Hacker. Who, and what are you, friend!

Polly. A young fellow, who has genteely run out his fortune with a spirit, and would now with more spirit retrieve it.

Culverin. The lad may be of service. Let us bring him before Morano, and leave him to his disposal.

Polly. Gentlemen, I thank you.

AIR XXVIII. Minuet.

Culverin. Cheer up, my lads, let us push on the fray,
For battles, like women, are lost by delay.
Let us seize victory while in our power;
Alike war and love have their critical bour.
Our hearts bold and steady
Should always he ready,
So, think war a widow, a kingdom the dower.
[Exeunt.

SCENE, Another Country Prospect. Morano, Jenny.

Morano. Sure, husiy, you have more ambition and more vanity than to be serious in persuading me to quit my conquests. Where is the woman who is not fond of title? And one bold step more, may make you a queen, you gypsy. Think of that.

AIR XXIX. Mirleton.

When I'm great, and flush of treasure,
Check'd by neither fear or shame,
You shall tread a round of pleasure,
Morning, noon, and night the same.
With a Mirleton, &c.
Like a city wife or beauty
You shall flutter life away;
And shall know no other duty,
But to dress, eat, drink, and play.

When you are a queen, Jenny, you shall keep your coach and six, and shall game as deep as you please, So, there's the two chief ends of woman's ambition satisfy'd.

H 4

With a Mirleton, &c.

AIR XXX. Sawny was tall, and of noble race.

Shall I not be bold ruhen honour calls? You've a heart that would upbraid me then.

But, ab, I fear, if my bero falls, Jenny.

Thy Jenny shall ne'er know pleasure again.

Morano. To deck their wives fond tradesmen cheat ; I conquer but to make thee great.

But if my hero falls-ab then lenny.

Thy Jenny shall ne er know pleasure again!

Morano. Infinuating creature! but you must own, Jenny, you have had convincing proofs of my fondness; and if you were reasonable in your love, you should have some regard to my honour, as well as my person.

Jenny. Have I ever betrayed you, since you took me to yourfelf? That's what few women can fay, who

ever were trusted.

Morano. In love, Jenny, you cannot out-do me. Was it not entirely for you that I disguised myself as a black, to skreen myself from women who laid claim to me where-ever I went? Is not the rumour of my death, which I purposely spread, credited thro' the whole country? Macheath is dead to all the world but you. Not one of the crew have the least suspicion of me.

Jenny. But, dear captain, you would not sure perfuade me that I have all of you. For tho' women cannot claim you, you now and then lay claim to other women. But my jealoufy was never teazing or vexa-

tious. You will pardon me, my dear.

Morano. Now you are filly, Jenny. Pr'ythee-poh! Nature, girl, is not to be corrected at once. What do you propose? What would you have me do? Speak out, let me know your mind.

Tenny. Know when you are well.

Morano. Explain yourself; speak your sentiments

freely.

Jenny. You have a competence in your power. Rob the ciew, and steal off to England. Believe me, captain, you will be rich enough to be respected by your neighbours.

Morane. Your opinion of me startles me. For I

never in my life was treacherous but to women; and you know, men of the nicest punctilio make nothing of that.

Jenny. Look round among all the finug fortunes that are made, and you will find most of them were fecured by judicious retreat. Why will you bar your-felf from the customs of the times?

AIR XXXI. Northern Nancy.

How many men have found the skill
Of power and wealth acquiring?
But sure there's a time to stint the will,
And the judgment is in retiring.
For to be displac'd,
For to be disprac'd,
Is the end of too bigh aspiring.

Enter Sailor.

Sailor. Sir, lieutenant Vanderbluff wants to speak with you. And he nopes your honour will give him the hearing.

[Exit.

Morano. Leave me, Jenny, for a few minutes. Per-

haps he would speak with me in private.

Jenny. Think of my advice before it is too late. By this kis I beg it of you. [Exit.

Enter Vanderbluff.

Vanderbluff. For shame, captain; what, hampered in the arms of a woman, when your honour and glory are all at stake! while a man is grappling with these gil-shirts, pardon the expression, captain, he runs his reason a-ground; and there must be a woundy deal of labour to set it a-stoat again.

AIR XXXII. Amante fuggite cadente belta.

Fine women are devils, complete in their way They always are roving and cruifing for prey. When flounce on their hook, their views they obtain, Like those too their pleasure is giving us pain.

Excuse my plain speaking, captain; a boatswain must swear in a storm, and a man must speak plain, when he sees foul weather a-head of us.

Morano. D'you think me like the wheat-ear, only fit for funshine, who cannot bear the least cloud over him? No, Vanderbluff, I have a heart that can face a tempest of dangers. Your blust'ring will but make me

obstinate. You seem frighten'd, lieutenant.

Vanderbluff. From any body but you, that speech should have had another-guess answer than words. Death, captain, are not the *Indies* in dispute? an hour's delay may make their hands too many for us. Give the word, captain, this hand shall take the *Indian* king pris'ner, and keel-hawl him afterwards, 'till I make him discover his gold. I have known you eager to venture your life for a less prize.

Morano. Are Hacker, Culverin, Capstern, Laguerre, and the rest, whom we sent out for intelligence, return'd, that you are under this immediate alarm?

Vanderbluff. No, fir; but from the top of yon' hill, I myself saw the enemy putting themselves in order of battle.

Morano. But we have nothing at all to apprehend;

for we have still a safe retreat to our ships.

Vanderbluff. To our woman, you mean. Furies! you talk like one. If our captain is bewitch'd, shall we be be-devil'd, and lose the sooting we have got. [Draws.

Morano. Take care, lieutenant. This language may provoke me. I fear nothing, and that you know. Put up your cutlace, lieutenant, for I shall not ruin our cause by a private quarrel.

Vanderbluff. Noble captain, I alk pardon.

Morano. A brave man should be cool till action, lieutenant; when danger presses us, I am always ready. Be satisfy'd, I will take my leave of my wife, and then take the command.

Vanderbluff. That's what you can never do till you have her leave. She is but just gone from you, fir. See her not; hear her not; the breath of a woman has ever prov'd a contrary wind to great actions.

Morano. I tell you I will fee her. I have got rid of many a woman in my time, and you may trust me.—

Vanderbluff. With any woman but her. The hufband that is govern'd is the only man that never finds out that he is so. Merano. This then, lieutenant, shall try my resolution. In the mean time, send out parties and scouts to observe the motions of the Indians.

AIR XXXIII. Since all the world's turn'd upfide down.

The different passions rage by turns,
Within my breast sermenting;
Now blazes love, now honour burns,
I'm bere, I'm there consenting.
I'll each obey, so keep my oath,
That oath by which I won her:
With truth and steddiness in both,
I'll ast like a man of bonour.

Doubt me not, lieutenant. But I'll now go with you, to give the necessary commands, and after that return to take my leave before the battle.

Enter Jenny, Capstern, Culverin, Hacker, Laguerre, Polly.

Jenny. Hacker, fir, and the rest of the party are return'd with a prisoner. Perhaps from him you may learn some intelligence that may be useful. See, here they are.—A clever sprightly young fellow! I like him.

[Aside.

Vanderbluff. What cheer, my lads? has fortune sent you a good prize?

Jenny. He seems some rich planter's son.

Vanderbluff. In the common practice of commerce you should never slip an opportunity, and for his ranfom, no doubt, there will be room for comfortable
extortion.

Morano. Hath he inform'd you of any thing that may be of service? where pick'd you him up? whence is he?

Hacker. We found him upon the road. He is a stranger it seems in these parts. And as our heroes generally set out, extravagance, gaming, and debauchery have qualify'd him for a brave man.

Morano. What are you, friend?

Polly. A young fellow, who hath been robb'd by the world; and I came on purpose to join you, to rob the world by way of retaliation. An open war with

H 6

the whole world is brave and honourable. I hate the clandestine pilsering war that is practised among friends and neighbours in civil societies. I would serve, sir.

AIR XXXIV. Hunt the squirrel.

The world is always jarring; This is pursuing Tother man's ruin, Friends with friends are warring, In a falle cowardly way. Spurr'd on by emulations, Tongues are engaging, Calumny raging, Murthers reputations, Envy keeps up the frag. Thus, with burning hate, Each, returning hate, Wounds and robs his friends. In civil life, Even man and wife Squabble for Selfish ends.

Jenny. He really is a mighty pretty man. [Afide. Vanderbluff. The lad promises well, and has just

notions of the world.

Morano. Whatever other great men do, I love to encourage merit. The youth pleases me; and if he answers in action—d'you hear me, my lad?—your fortune is made. Now, lieutenant Vanderbluff, I am for you.

Vanderbluff. Discipline must not be neglected.

Morano. When every thing is settled, my dear Jenny, I will return to take my leave. After that, young gentleman, I shall try your mettle. In the mean time, Jenny, I leave you to sift him with farther questions. He has liv'd in the world, you find, and may have learnt to be treacherous.

[Exeunt with the rest of the Pirates.

Jenny. How many women have you ever ruin'd,

young gentleman!

Poll; I have been ruined by women, madam. But I think indeed a man's fortune cannot be more honourably disposed of; for those have always a kind of claim

to their protection, who have been ruin'd in their fervice.

Jenny. Were you ever in love?

Polly. With the fex.

Jenny. Had you never a woman in love with you? Polly. All the women that ever I knew were mercenary.

Jenny. But fure you cannot think all women so. Polly. Why not as well as all men? The manners

of courts are catching.

Jenny. If you have found only such usage, a generous woman can the more oblige you. Why so bashful, young spark? You don't look as if you would revenge yourself on the sex.

Polly. I lost my impudence with my fortune. Poverty

keeps down affurance.

Jenny. I am a plain-spoken woman, as you may find, and I own I like you. And, let me tell you, to be my savourite may be your best step to preserment.

AIR XXXV. Young Damon once the loveliest swain.

In love and life the present use,
One hour we grant, the next refuse;
Who then would risque a nay?
Were lovers wise they would be kind,
And in our eyes the moment find;
For only then they may.

Like other women I shall run to extremes. If you won't make me love you, I shall hate you. There never was a man of true courage, who was a coward in love. Sure you are not assaid of me, stripling?

[Taking Polly by the band.

Polly. I know you only railly me, Respect, madam,

keeps me in awe.

Jenny. By your expression and behaviour, one would think I were your wife. If so, I may make use of her freedoms, and do what I please without shame or restraint. [Kisses ber.] Such raillery as this, my dear, requires replication.

Polly. You'll pardon me then, madam. [Kisses ber. Jenny. What, my cheek! let me die, if, by your kiss. I should not take you for my brother or my

father.

Polly. I must put on more assurance, or I shall be discover'd. [Aside.] Nay then, madam, if a woman will allow me liberties, they are never flung away upon me. If I am too rude— Kiffes ber.

Jenny. A woman never pardens the contrary fault.

AIR XXXVI. Catharine Ogye.

We never blame the forward swain, Who puts us to the trial.

Polly. I know you first would give me pain, Then baulk me with denial.

What mean we then by being try'd? lenny. Polly. With scorn and slight to use us. Most beauties, to indulge their pride, Seem kind but to refuse us.

Jenny. Come then, my dear, let us take a turn in A woman never shews her pride but yonder grove. before witnesses.

Polly. How shall I get rid of this affair? [Afide.]

Morano may surprize us.

Jenny. That is more a wife's concern. Consider, young man, if I had put myself in your power, you are in mine.

Polly. We may have more easy and safe opportunities. Besides, I know, madam, you are not serious.

Tenny. To a man who loses one opportunity, we never grant a second. Excuses! consideration! he hath not a spark of love in him. I must be his averfion! Go, monster, I hate you, and you shall find I can be reveng'd.

AIR XXXVII. Roger a Coverly.

My beart is by love for saken, I feel the tempest growing ; A fury the palace bath taken, I rage, I burn, I'm glowing. The' Cupid's arrows are erring. Or indifference may secure ye, When anoman's revenge is firring You cannot escape that sury.

I could bear your excuses, but those looks of indifference kill me.

Enter Morano.

Jenny. Sure never was such insolence! How could you leave me with this bawdy-house bully? for if he had been bred a page, he must have made his fortune. If I had given him the least encouragement, it would not have provok'd me. Odious creature!

Morano. What-a-vengeance is the matter?

Jenny. Only an attempt upon your wife. So ripe an assurance! he must have suck'd in impudence from his mother.

Merano. An act of friendship only. He meant to push his fortune with the husband. 'Tis the way of the town, my dear.

AIR XXXVIII. Bacchus m'a dit.

By halves no friend
Now feeks to do you pleafure.
Their help they lend
In every part of life;
If husbands part,
The friend bath always leifure;
Then all his heart
Is bent to please the wife.

Jenny. I hate you for being so little jealous.

Morano. Sure, Jenny, you know the way of the world better, than to be surprized at a thing of this kind. 'Tis a civility that all you fine ladies expect; and, upon the like occasion, I could not have answer'd for myself. I own, I have a fort of partiality to impudence. Perhaps too, his views might be honourable. If I had been killed in battle, 'tis good to be beforehand. I know it is a way often practised to make sure of a widow.

Jemy. If I find you so easy in these affairs, you may make my virtue less obstinate.

AIR XXXIX. Health to Betty.

If busbands sit unsteady,
Most wives for freaks are ready.
Neglets the rein,
The steed again
Grows skittish, wild, and heady.

Your behaviour forces me to fay, what my love for you will never let me put in practice. You are too

safe, too secure, to think of pleasing me.

Morano. Tho' I like impudence, yet 'tis not fo agreeable when put in practice upon my own wife: and, jesting apart, young fellow, if ever I catch you thinking this way again, a cat-o'-nine-tails shall cool your courage.

Enter Vanderbluff, Capstern, Laguerre, &c. with Cawwawkee prisoner.

Vanderbluff. The party, captain, is return'd with fuccess. After a short skirmish, the Indian prince Cawwawkee here was made prisoner, and we want your orders for his disposal.

Morano. Are all our troops ready and under arms? Vanderbluff. They wait but for your command. Our numbers are strong. All the ships crews are drawn out, and the slaves that have deserted to us from the plantations are all brave determin'd fellows, who must behave themselves well.

Merano. Look'e, lieutenant, the trusting up this prince, in my opinion, would strike a terror among the enemy. Besides, dead men can do no mischief. Let a gibbet be set up, and swing him off between the armies before the onset.

Vanderbluff. By your leave, captain, my advice blows directly contrary. Whatever may be done hereafter, I am for putting him first of all upon examination. The *Indians* to be sure have hid their treasures, and we shall want a guide to shew us to the best plunder.

Morano. The counsel is good. I will extort intelligence from him. Bring me word when the enemy are in motion, and that instant I'll put myself at your head. [Exit Sailor.] Do you know me, prince? Caw. As a man of injustice I know you, who covets and invades the properties of another.

Morano. Do you know my power?

Caw. I fear it not.

Morano. Do you know your danger? Caw. I am prepar'd to meet it.

AIR XL. Cappe de Bonne Esperance.

The body of the brave may be taken,
If chance bring on our adverse hour;
But the noble soul is unshaken,
For that still is in our power;
'Tis a rock whose sirm soundation
Mocks the waves of perturbation;
'Tis a never-dying ray,
Brighter in our evil day.

Morano. Mere downright Barbarians, you see, lieutenant. They have our notional honour still in practice among them.

Vanderbluff. We must beat civilizing into 'em, to make 'em capable of common society, and common

conversation.

Morano. Stubborn prince, mark me well. Know you, I fay, that your life is in my power?

Caw. I know too, that my virtue is in my own.

Morano. Not a mule, or an old out-of-fashion'd philosopher could be more obstinate. Can you feel pain?

Caw. I can bear it.
Morano. I shall try you.

Caw. I speak truth, I never affirm but what I know. Morano. In what condition are your troops? What numbers have you? How are they disposed? Act reasonably and openly, and you shall find protection.

Caw. What, betray my friends! I am no coward,

European.

Morano. Torture shall make you squeak.

Caw. I have resolution; and pain shall neither make me lie or betray. I tell thee once more, European, I am no coward.

Vanderbluff: What, neither cheat nor be cheated! There is no having either commerce or correspondence with these creatures.

Jenny. We have reason to be thankful for our good education. How ignorant is mankind without it!

Capftern. I wonder to hear the brute speak.

Laguerre. They would make a shew of him in England. Jenny. Poh, they would only take him for a sool.

Capstern. But how can you expect any thing else from a creature, who hath never seen a civiliz'd country? Which way should he know mankind?

Jenny. Since they are made like us, to be sure,

were they in England they might be taught.

Laguerre. Why we see country gentlemen grow into courtiers, and country gentlewomen, with a little polishing of the town, in a few months become sine ladies.

Jenny. Without doubt, education and example can do much.

Polly. How happy are these savages! Who would not wish to be in such ignorance. [Aside.

Morano. Have done, I beg you, with your musty resections: You but interrupt the examination. You have treasures, you have gold and silver among you, I suppose.

Caw. Better it had been for us if that shining earth

had never been brought to light.

Morano. That you have treasures then you own, it

feems. I am glad to hear you confess something.

Caw. But, out of benevolence, we ought to hide it from you. For, as we have heard, 'tis fo rank a poison to you Europeans, that the very touch of it makes you mad.

AIR XLI. When bright Aurelia tripp'd the plain.

For gold you facrifice your fame, Your honour, life, and friend: You war, you fawn, you lie, you game, And plunder without fear or shame; Can madness this transcend?

Morano. Bold favage, we are not to be infulted with your ignorance. If you would fave your lives, you

must, like the beaver, leave behind you what we hunt you for, or we shall not quit the chase. Discover your treasures, your hoards, for I will have the ransacking of 'em.

Jenny. By his feeming to fet some value upon gold, one would think that he had some glimmering

of sense.

AIR XLII. Peggy's Mill.

When gold is in hand,
It gives us command;
It makes us lov'd and respected.
'Tis now, as of yore,
Wit and sense, when poor,
Are scorn'd, o'erlook'd, and neglected.
Tho' peevish and old,
If women have gold,
They have youth, good-humour, and beauty:
Among all mankind
Without it we find
Nor love, nor favour, nor duty.

Morano. I will have no more of these interruptions. Since women will be always talking, one would think they had a chance now and then to talk in season. Once more I ask you, obstinate, audacious savage, if I grant you your life, will you be useful to us? For you shall find mercy upon no other terms. I will have immediate compliance, or you shall undergo the torture.

Caw. With dishonour life is nothing worth.

Morano. Furies! I'll triffe no longer.

RECITATIVE, Sia suggetta la plebe, in Coriolan.

Hence, let bim feel bis sentence.

Pain brings repentance.

Laguerre. You would not have us put him to death, captain?

Morano. Torture him leifurely, but severely. I shall stagger your resolution, Indian.

RECITATIVE.

Hence, let bim feel bis sentence.

Pain brings repentance.

But hold, I'll fee him tortur'd. I will have the pleafure of extorting answers from him myself. So keep him safe till you have my directions.

Laguerre. It shall be done.

Morano. As for you, young gentleman, I think it not proper to trust you till I know you farther. Let him be your prisoner too till I give order how to dispose of him. [Exeunt Caw. and Polly guarded.

Vanderbluff. Come, noble captain, take one hearty fmack upon her lips, and then steer off; for one kiss requires another, and you will never have done with her. If once a man and woman come to grappling, there's no hawling of 'em asunder. Our friends expect us.

Jenny. Nay, licutenant Vanderbluff, he shall not

go yet.

Vanderbluff. I'm out of all patience. There is a time for all things, madam. But a woman thinks all times must be subservient to her whim and humour. We should be now upon the spot.

Jenny. Is the captain under your command, lieu-

tenant?

Vanderbluff. I know women better than so. I shall never dispute the command with any gentleman's wife. Come captain, a woman will never take the last kiss; she will always want another. Break from her clutches.

Morano. I must go-But I cannot.

AIR XLIII. Excuse me.

Honour calls me from thy arms,
With glory my bosom is beating.
Victory summons to arms: then to arms
Let us haste, for we're sure of defeating.
One look more—and then—
Ob, I am lost again!

What a power has beauty!

But bonour calls, and I must away.

But love forbids, and I must obey. - {To him.

You grow too bold; [Vanderbluff pulling him away.

Hence, loose your hold,

For love claims all my duty.

[To her.

They will bring us word when the enemy is in motion.

I know my own time, lieutenant.

Vanderbluff. Lose the Indies then, with all my heart. Lose the money, and you lose the woman, that I can tell you, captain. Furies, what would the woman be at!

Jenny. Not so hasty and choleric, I beg you, lieutenant. Give me the hearing, and perhaps, whatever you may think of us, you may once in your life hear a woman speak reason.

Vanderbluff. Dispatch then. And if a few words can

fatisfy you, be brief.

Jenny. Men only slight womens advice thro' an overconceit of their own opinions. I am against hazarding a battle. Why should we put what we have already got to the risque? We have money enough on board our ships to secure our persons, and can reserve a comfortable subsistence besides. Let us leave the Indies to our comrades.

Vanderbluff. Sure you are the first of the sex that ever stinted herself in love or money. If it were consistent with our honour, her counsel were worth listening to.

Jenny. Confissent with our honour! For shame, lieutenant; you talk downright Indian. One would take you for the savage's brother, or cousin-german at least. You may talk of honour, as other great men do: But when interest comes in your way, you should do as other great men do.

AIR XLIV. Ruben.

Honour plays a bubble's part, Ever bilk'd and cheated; Never in ambition's heart, Int'rest there is feated. Honour was in use of yore, Tho' by want attended: Since 'twas talk'd of, and no more; Lord, how times are mended!

Vanderbluff. What think you of her proposal, noble

captain? We may push matters too far.

Jenny. Consider, my dear, the Indies are only treafures in expectation. All your sensible men, now-aciays, love the ready. Let us seize the ships then, and away for England, while we have the opportunity.

Vanderbluff: Sure you can have no scruple against treachery, captain. 'Tis as common a money-getting vice as any in fashion; for who now-a-days ever bog-

gles at giving up his crew?

Morano. But the baulking of a great defign— Vanderbluff. 'Tis better baulking our own defigns, than have them baulk'd by others; for then our defigns and our lives will be cut short together.

AIR XLV. Troy Town.

When ambition's ten years toils
Have heap'd up mighty boards of gold;
Amid the harvest of the spoils,
Acquir'd by fraud and rapine hold,
Comes justice. The great scheme is crost,
At once wealth, life, and same, are lost.

This is a melancholy reflection for ambition, if it ever could think reasonably.

Morano. If you are fatisfy'd, and for your fecurity, Jenny. For any man may allow that he has money enough, when he has enough to fatisfy his wife.

Vanderbluff. We may make our retreat without sufpicion, for they will readily impute our being mis'd

to the accidents of war.

Enter Sailor.

Sail. There is just now news arriv'd, that the troops of the plantation have intercepted the passage to our ships; so that victory is our only hope. The Indian forces too are ready to march, and our's grow impatient for your presence, noble captain.

Morano. I'll be with 'em. Come then, lieutenant, for death or the world.

Jenny. Nay then, if affairs are desperate, nothing shall part me from you. I'll share your dangers.

Morano. Since I must have an empire, prepare yourfelf, Jenny, for the cares of royalty. Let us on to battle, to victory. Hark the trumpet. [Trumpet founds.

AIR XLVI. We've cheated the parson.

Despair leads to battle, no courage so great:
They must conquer or die who've no retreat.
Vanderbluff. No retreat.
Jenny.
No retreat.
Morano. They must conquer or die nubo've no retreat. [Ex2]

SCENE, Aroom of a poor cottage.

Cawwawkee in chains, Polly.

Polly. Unfortunate prince! I cannot blame your disbelief, when I tell you that I admire your virtues,

and share in your misfortunes.

Caw. To be oppressed by an European implies merit. Yet you are an European. Are you sools? Do you believe one another? Sure speech can be of no use among you.

Polly. There are constitutions that can resist a pesti-

lence.

Caw. But fure vice must be inherent in such constitutions. You are asham'd of your hearts, you can lie. How can you bear to look into yourselves?

Polly. My fincerity could even bear your examination. Caw. You have cancell'd faith. How can I believe

you? You are cowards too, for you are cruel.

Polly. Would it were in my power to give you proofs

of my compassion.

Caw. You can be avaritious. That is a complication of all vices. It comprehends them all. Heaven guard our country from the infection.

Polly. Yet the worst of men allow virtue to be amia-

ble, or there would be no hypocrites.

Caw. Have you then hypocrify still among you? For all that I have experienc'd of your manners is open violence, and barefac'd injustice. Who that had ever felt the satisfaction of virtue would ever part with it?

AIR XLVII. T'amo tanto.

Virtue's treafure,
Is a pleafure,
Cheerful even amid distress;
Nor pain nor crosses,
Nor grief nor losses,
Nor death itself can make itless.
Here relying,
Suff'ring, dying,
Honest souls find all redress.

Polly. My heart feels your fentiments, and my tongue longs to join in 'em.

Caw. Virtue's treasure
Is a tleasure,

Polly. Cheerful even amid distress; Caw. Nor pain nor crosses,

Polly. Nor grief nor losses, Caw. Nor death itself can make it less!

Polly. Here relying, Caw. Suffring, dying, Polly. Honest jouls find all redress.

Caru. Having this, I want no other confolation. I am prepared for all misfortune.

Polly. Had you means of escape, you could not

resuse it. To preserve your life is your duty.

Caw. By diffionest means, I scorn it.

Polly. But stratagem is allow'd in war; and 'tis lawful to use all the weapons employ'd against you. You may save your friends from affliction, and be the instrument of rescuing your country.

Caw. Those are powerful inducements. I seek not voluntarily to resign my life. While it lasts, I

would do my duty.

Polly. I'll talk with our guard. What induces them to rapine and murder, will induce them to betray.

You may offer them what they want; and from no hands, upon no terms, corruption can result the temptation.

Caw. I have no skill. Those who are corrupt themselves know how to corrupt others. You may do as you please. But whatever you promise for me, contrary to the European custom, I will perform. For, though a knave may break his word with a knave, an honest tongue knows no such distinctions.

Polly. Gentlemen, I desire some conserence with

you, that may be for your advantage.

Enter Laguerre, and Capstern.

Polly. Know you that you have the Indian prince in your custody?

Laguerre. Full well.

Polly. Know you the treasures that are in his power? Laguerre. I know too that they shall soon be our's. Polly. In having him in your possession they are your'.

Laguerre. As how, friend?

Polly. He might well reward you.

Laguerre. For what? Polly. For his liberty.

Caw. Yes, European, I can and will reward you.

Capstern. He's a great man, and I trust no such promises.

Caw. I have said it, European: And an Indian's

heart is always answerable for his words.

Polly. Think of the chance of war, gentlemen. Conquest is not so sure when you fight against those who fight for their liberties.

Laguerre. What think you of the proposal?

Capstern. The prince can give us places; he can make us all great men. Such a prospect, I can tell you, Laguerre, would tempt our betters.

Laguerre. Besides, if we are beaten, we have no

retreat to our ships.

Capftern. If we gain our ends, what matter how we

come by it?

Laguerre. Every man for himself, say I. There is no being even with mankind, without that universal maxim. Consider, brother, we run no risque.

I

Capstern. Nay, I have no objections.

Laguerre. If we conquer'd, and the booty were to be divided among the crews, what would it amount to? Perhaps this way we might get more than would come to our shares.

Cap/tern. Then too, I always lik'd a place at court. I have a genius to get, keep in, and make the most

of an employment.

Laguerre. You will confider, prince, our own politicians would have rewarded fuch meritorious services: We'll go off with you.

Capitern. We want only to be known to be employ'd.

Laguerre. Let us unbind him then.

Polly. 'Tis thus one able politician outwits another; and we admire their wisdom. You may rely upon the prince's word as much as if he was a poor man.

Capstern. Our fortunes then are made.

AIR XLVIII. Down in a meadow.

Polly. The sport men keep hawks, and their quarry they gain; Thus the woodcock, the partridge, the pheasant is slain.

What care and expence for their hounds are employ'd! Thus the fox, and the hare, and the stag are destroy'd. The spaniel they cherish, aubose stattering way Can as well as their masters cringe, sawn and betray.

Thus stanch politicians, look all the world round, Love the men who can serve as bawk, spaniel, or bound.



ACT III.

SCENE, The Indian Camp.

Pohetohee, and Attendants.

INDIAN.

SIR, a party from the British factory have joined us. Their chief attends for your majesty's orders for their disposition.

Pob. Let them be posted next my command; for I would be witness of their bravery. But first let their officer know I would see him.

[Exit Indian.

Enter Ducat.

Ducat. I would do all in my power to serve your majesty. I have brought up my men, and now, fir,—I would fain give up. I speak purely upon your majesty's account. For as to courage and all that—I have been a colonel of the militia these ten years.

Pob. Sure, you have not fear. Are you a man? Ducat. A married man, fir, who carries his wife's heart about him, and that indeed is a little timorous. Upon promife to her, I am engaged to quit in case of a battle; and her heart hath ever govern'd me more than my own. Besides, sir, sighting is not our business; we pay others for sighting; and yet 'tis well known we had rather part with our lives that our money.

Pob. And have you no spirit then to desend it? Your families, your liberties, your properties are at stake. If these cannot move you, you must be born

without a heart.

Ducat. Alas, sir, we cannot be answerable for human infirmities.

AIR XLIX. There was an old man, and he liv'd.

What man can on virtue or courage repose, Or guess if the touch 'twill abide? Like gold, if intrinsic sure no body knows, Till weigh'd in the ballance and try'd.

Poh. How different are your notions from ours! We think virtue, honour, and courage as essential to man as his limbs, or senses; and in every man we suppose the qualities of a man, till we have sound the contrary; but then we regard him only as a brute in discuise. How custom can degrade nature!

Ducat. Why should I have any more scruples about myself, than about my money? If I can make my courage pass current, what matter is it to me whether it be true or false? 'Tis time enough to own a man's failings when they are found out. If your majesty then will not dispense with my duty to my wife, with

ΙŒ

permission, I'll to my post. 'Tis wonderful to me that kings ever go to war, who have so much to lose, and

nothing essential to get. [Exit.

Poh. My fon a prisoner! Tortur'd perhaps and inhumanly butcher'd! Human nature cannot bear up against such afflictions. The war must suffer by his absence. More then is required from me. Grief raises my resolution, and calls me to relieve him, or to a just revenge. What mean those shouts? [Enter Indian.

Indian. The prince, fir, is return'd. The troops are animated by his presence. With some of the pirates in his retinue, he waits your majesty's commands.

Enter Cawwawkee, Polly, Laguerre, Capstern, &c.

Pob. Victory then is our's. Let me embrace him. Welcome, my fon. Without thee my heart could not have felt a triumph.

Caw. Let this youth then receive your thanks. To him are owing my life and liberty. And the love

of virtue alone gain'd me his friendship.

Pob. This hath convinc'd me that an European can

be generous and honest.

Caw. These others, indeed, have the passion of their country. I owe their services to gold, and my promise is engag'd to reward them. How it galls howour to have obligations to a dishonourable man!

Laguerre. I hope your majesty will not forget our

services.

Pob. I am bound for my fon's engagements.

Caw. For this youth, I will be answerable. Like a gem found in rubbish, he appears the brighter among these his countrymen.

AIR L. Iris la plus charmante.

Love with beauty is flying,
At once 'tis blooming and dying 3
But all feafons defying,
Friendship lasts on the year.
Love is by long enjoying,
Cloying;
Friendship, enjoy'd the longer,
Stronger.
O may the slame divine
Burn in your breast like mine!

Polly. Most noble prince, my behaviour shall justify the good opinion you have of me; and my friendship is beyond professions.

Pob. Let these men remain under guard, till after the battle. All promises shall then be made good to you.

[Exit Pirates, guarded.

Caw. May this young man be my companion in the war! As a boon I request it of you. He knows our cause is just, and that is sufficient to engage him in it.

Pob. I leave you to appoint him his command.

Dispose of him as you judge convenient.

Polly. To fall into their hands is certain torture and death. As far as my youth and strength will permit me, you may rely upon my duty.

Enter Indian.

Indian. Sir, the enemy are advancing towards us.

Pob. Victory then is at hand. Justice protects us,
and courage shall support us. Let us then to our posts.

[Execunt.

SCENE, The field of battle.

Culverin, Hacker, and Pirates.

AIR LI. There was a jovial beggar.

Pir. When borns, with cheerful found,
Proclaim the active day;
Impatience warms the bound,
He burns to chace the prey.

Chorus. Thus to battle we will go, &c.

2 Pir. How charms the trumpet's breath l'
The brave, with hope possess'd,
Forgetting wounds and death,
Feel conquest in their breast.

Chorus. Thus to battle, &c.

Culverin. But yet I don't see, brother Hacker, why we should be commanded by a Neger. 'Tis all along of him that we are led into these difficulties. I hate this land fighting. I love to have sea-room.

Hacker. We are of the council, brother. If ever we get on board again, my vote shall be for calling of

him to account for these pranks. Why should we be such sools to be ambitious of satisfying another's ambition?

Culverin. Let us mutiny. I love mutiny as well as

my wife.

1 Pir. Let us mutiny. 2 Pir. Ay, let us mutiny.

Hacker. Our captain takes too much upon him. I am for no engrosser of power. By our articles he hath no command but in a fight or in a storm. Look'ee, brothers, I am for mutiny as much as any of you, when occasion offers.

Culverin. Right, brother, all in good feason. The pass to our ships is cut off by the troops of the plantation. We must fight the Indians first, and we have

a mutiny good afterwards.

Hacker. Is Morano still with his doxy?

Culverin. He's yonder on the right, putting his

troops in order for the onset.

Hacker. I wish this fight of our's were well over. For, to be sure, let soldiers say what they will, they seel more pleasure after a battle than in it.

Cu'verin. Does not the drum-head here, quarter-

master, tempt you to sling a merry main or two?

[Takes dice out of his pocket.

Hacker. If I lose my money, I shall reimburse my-felf from the Indians. I have set.

Culverin. Have at you. A nick. [Flings. Hacker. Throw the dice fairly out. Are you at me again.

Culverin. I'm at it. Seven or eleven. [Flings.] Eleven.

Hacker. Furies! A manifest cog! I won't be bubbled, fir. This would not pass upon a drunken country gentleman. Death, sir, I won't be cheated.

Culverin. The money is mine. D'you take me for

a sharper, fir?

Hacker. Yes, fit.

Culverin. I'll have fatisfaction. Hacker. With all my heart.

[Fighting.

Enter Morano, Vanderbluff, &c.

Morano. For shame, gentlemen! [Parting them.] Is this a time for private quarrel? What do I see! Dic:

upon the drum-head! If you have not left off those cowardly tools, you are unworthy your profession. The articles you have sworn to, prohibit gaming for money. Friendship and society cannot subsist where it is practised. As this is the day of battle, I remit your penalties. But let me hear no more of it.

Culverin. To be call'd sharper, captain! is a re-

proach that no man of honour can put up.

Hacker. But to be one, is what no man of honour

can practise.

Morano. If you will not obey orders, quarter-master, this pistol shall put an end to the dispute. [Claps it is bis head.] The common cause now requires your agreement. If gaming is so rise, I don't wonder that treachery still subsists among you.

Hacker. Who is treacherous?

Morano. Capstern and Laguerre have let the prince and the stripling, you took prisoner, escape, and are gone off with them to the Indians. Upon your duty, gentlemen, this day depends our all.

Culverin. Rather than have ill blood among us I zeturn the money. I value your friendthip more. Let

all animofities be forgot.

Morano. We should be Indians among ourselves, and shew our breeding and parts to every body else. If we cannot be true to one another, and sale to all the world beside, there is an end of every great enterprize.

Hacker. We have nothing to trust to but death or

victory.

Morano. Then hey for victory and plunder, my lads!

AIR LII. To you, fair ladies.

By bolder steps we win the race.

Pir. Let's haste where danger calls.

Morano. Unless ambition mend its pace,

It totters, neds, and falls.

1 Pir. We must advance or be undone.

Morano. Think thus, and then the battle's won.

Chorus. With a fa la la, &c.

Morano. You see your booty, your plunder, gentlemen. The Indians are just upon us. The great must venture death some way or other, and the less

ceremony about it, in my opinion, the better. But why talk I of death! Those only talk of it, who fear it. Let us all live, and enjoy our conquests. Sound the charge.

AIR LIII. Prince Eugene's march.

When the tyger roams,

And the timorous flock is in his view,

Fury foams,

He thirsts for the blood of the crew.

His greedy eyes he throws,

Thirst with their number grows,

On he pours, with a wide waste pursuing,

Spreading the plain with a general ruin,

Thus let us charge, and our foes o'erturn:

Vanderbluff. Let us on one and all!

Pir. How they sty, how they fall!

Morano. For the war, for the prize I burn.

Vanderbluff. Were they dragons, my lads, as they fit brooding upon treasure, we would fright them from their ness.

Morano. But see, the enemy are advancing to close engagement. Before the onset, we'll demand a parley, and if we can, obtain honourable terms—We are everpower'd by numbers, and our retreat is cut off.

Enter Pohetohee, Cawwakee, Polly, &c. with the Indian army drawn up against the Pirates.

Peb. Our hearts are all ready. The enemy halts. Let the trumpets give the fignal.

AIR LIV. The Marlborough.

Caw. We the fword of justice drawing,
Terror cast in guilty eyes;
In its beam salse courage dies;
'Tis like lightning keen and awing,
Charge the soe,
Lay them low,
On then and strike the blow.
Hark, wistory calls us. See guilt is dismay'd:
The willain is of his own conscience assaid.
In your hands are your lives and your liberties held,
The courage of wirtue was never repell'd.

Pir. Our chief demands a parley. Pob. Let him advance.

Art thou Morano, that fell man of prey?

That foe to justice?

Morano. Tremble and obey.

Poh.

Art thou great Pohetohee styl'd?

---- the same.

I dare awow my actions and my name.

Mor. Thou know'st then, king, thy son there, was my prisoner. Pay us the ransom we demand, allow us safe passage to our ships, and we will give you your lives and liberties.

Pob. Shall robbers and plunderers prescribe rules to right and equity? Insolent madman! Composition with knaves is base and ignominious. Tremble at the sword of justice, rapacious brute.

AIR LV. Les rats.

Motano. Know then, war's my pleasure.

Am I thus controll'd?

Both thy heart and treasure

Pll at once unfold.

You, like a miser, scraping, biding,

Rob all the world; you're but mines of gold.

Rage my breast alarms,

War is by kings held right-deciding;

Then to arms, to arms;

With this sword Pll sorce your hold:

By thy obstinacy, king, thou hast provok'd thy fate; and so expect me.

Pob. Rapacious fool; by thy avarice thou shalt perish.

Morano. Fall on.

Pob. For your lives and liberties. [Fight, Pirates beat off.

Enter Ducat.

Ducat. A flight wound now would have been a good certificate; but who dares contradict a foldier? 'Tis your common foldiers who must content themselves with mere fighting; but 'tis we officers that run away with the most fame as well as pay. Of all fools, the

fool-hardy are the greatest, for they are not even to be trusted with themselves. Why should we provoke men to turn again upon us, after they are run away? For my own part, I think it wiser to talk of sighting, than only to be talk'd of. The same of a talking hero will satisfy me; the sound of whose valour amazes and assonishes all peaceable men, women, and children. Sure a man may be allow'd a little lying in his own praise, when there's so much going about to his discredit. Since every other body gives a man less praise than he deserves, a man, in justice to himself, ought to make up desciencies. Without this privilege, we should have sewer good characters in the world than we have.

AIR LVI. Mad Robin.

How faultless does the nymph appear,
When her own band the picture draws?
But all others only smear
Her wrinkles, cracks, and slaws.
Self-slattery is our claim and right,
Let men say what they will;
Sure we may set our good in sight,
When neighbours set our ill.

So, for my own part, I'll no more trust my reputation in my neighbours hands than my money. But will turn them both myself to the best advantage.

Enter Pohetohee, Cawwakee, and Indians.

Pob. Had Morano been taken or flain, our victory had been complete.

Ducat. A hare may escape from a mastiff. I could

not be a greyhound too.

Pob. How have you disposed of the prisoners?

Caw. They are all under fafe guard, till the king's justice, by their exemplary punishment, deters others from the like barbarities.

Pob. But all our troops are not as yet return'd from the pursuit: I am too for speedy justice, for in that there is a fort of clemency. Besides, I would not have my private thoughts worried by mercy to pardon such wretches. I cannot be answerable for the frailties of my nature. Cow. The youth who rescu'd me from these cruel men is missing; and amidst all our successes I cannot feel happiness. I fear he is among the slain. My gratitude interested itself so warmly in his safety, that you must pardon my concern. What hath victory done for me? I have lost a friend.

AIR LVII. Thro' the wood, laddy.

As fits the fad turtle alone on the spray;
His heart forely heating,
Sad murmur repeating,
Indulging his grief for his confort astray;
For force or death only could keep her away.
Now he thinks of the fowler, and every snare;
If guns have not slain her,
The net must detain her,
Thus he'll rise in my thoughts, every hour with
a tear,
If safe from the battle he do not appear.

Pob. Dead or alive, bring me intelligence of him; for I share in my son's affliction. [Exit Indian. Ducat. I had better too be upon the spot, or my man may embezzle some plunder which by right

men may embezzle some plunder which by right should be mine. [Exit.

Enter Indian.

Indian. 'The youth, fir, with a party is just return'd from the pursuit. He's here to attend your majesty's commands.

Enter Polly, and Indians.

Caw. Pardon, fir, the warmth of my friendship, if I sly to meet him, and for a moment intercept his duty.

[Embracing.

AIR LVIII. Clasp'd in my dear Melinda's arms.

Polly. Victory is our's.

Caw. - - - - - - - My fond beart is at reft.

Polly. Friendship thus receives its guest. Caw. O what transport fills my breast !

1 6

POLLY: AN OPERA.

Polly. Conquest is complete.

Caw. Now the triumph's great.

Polly. In your life is a nation blest.

Caw. In your life I'm of all posses'd.

Pob. The obligations my fon hath receiv'd from you, makes me take a part in his friendship. In your safety victory has been doubly kind to me. If Morano hath escap'd, justice only reserves him to be punish'd

by another hand.

204

Polly. In the rout, fir, I overtook him, flying with all the cowardice of guilt upon him. Thousands have false courage enough to be vicious; true fortitude is founded upon honour and virtue; that only can abide all tests. I made him my prisoner, and lest him without under strict guard, till I receiv'd your majesty's commands for his disposal.

Poh. Sure this youth was sent me as a guardian.

Let your prisoner be brought before us.

Enter Morano, guarded. Here's a young treacherous of

Morano. Here's a young treacherous dog now, who hangs the husband to come at the wife. There are wives in the world, who would have undertaken that affair to have come at him. Your fon's liberty, to be fure, you think better worth than mine; so that I allow you a good bargain if I take my own for his ransom, without a gratuity. You know, king, he is my debtor.

Pob. He hath the obligations to thee of a sheep who hath escap'd out of the jaws of the wolf, beast

of prey!

Morano. Your great men will never own their debts,.

that's certain.

Pab. Trifle not with justice, impious man. Your barbarities, your rapine, your murders are now at an end.

Morano. Ambition must take its chance. If I die, L die in my vocation.

AIR LIX. Parson upon Dorothy,
The soldiers, who by trade must dare
The deadly cannon's sounds,
You may be sure, betimes prepare
For satal blood and wounds,

The men, who with advent'rous dauce,
Bound from the cord on high,
Must own they have the frequent chance
By broken bones to die.
Since rarely then
Ambitious men,
Like others, lose their breath;
Like these, I hope,
They know a rope
Is but their natural death.

We must all take the common lot of our professions.

Poh. Would your European laws have suffer'd crimes

like these to have gone unpunish'd?

Morano. Were all I am worth safely landed, I have wherewithal to make almost any crime sit easy upon me.

Pob. Have ye notions of property?

Morano. Of my own.

Pob. Would not your honest industry have been suf-

acient to have supported you?

Morano. Honest industry! I have heard talk of it indeed, among the common people, but all great genius's are above it.

Poh. Have you no respect for virtue?

Morano. As a good phrase, sir. But the practisers of it are so insignificant and poor, that they are seldom sound in the best company.

Poh. Is not wisdom esteem'd among you?

Morano. Yes, fir: But only as a step to riches and power; a step that raises ourselves, and trips up our neighbours.

Pob. Honour, and honesty, are not those distin-

guish'd?

Morano. As incapacities and follies. How ignorant are these Indians! But indeed I think honour is of some use; it serves to swear upon.

Pob. Have you no consciousness? Have you no

shame?

Morano. Of being poor ...

Pob. How can society subsist with avarice! Ye are but the forms of men. Beasts would thrust you out of their herd upon that account, and man should cast a you out for your brutal dispositions.

Morano. Alexander the Great was more successful. That's all.

AIR LX. The collier has a daughter.

When right or wrong's decided,
In war or civil causes,
We by success are guided
To blame or give applauses.
Thus men exalt ambition.
In power by all commended,
But when it falls from high condition,.
Tyburn is well attended.

Pob. Let justice then take her course, I shall not interfere with her decrees. Mercy too obliges me to protest my country from such violences. Immediate death shall put a stop to your further mischiefs.

Morano. This fentence indeed is hard. Without the common forms of trial! Not so much as the counsel of a Newgate attorney! Not to be able to lay out my money in partiality and evidence! Not a friend perjur'd for me! This is hard, very hard!

Pob. Let the sentence be put in execution. Lead him to death. Let his accomplices be witnesses of it, and afterwards let them be securely guarded till surther

orders.

AIR LXI. Mad Moll.

Motano. All crimes are judg'd like fornication;

While rich we are honest no doubt.

Fine ladies can keep reputation,

Poor lasses alone are found out.

If justice had piercing eyes,

Like ourselves, to look within,

She'd find power and wealth a disguise

That shelter the worst of our kins [Exit, guarded.

Pob. How shall I return the obligations I owe you? Every thing in my power you may command. In making a request, you confer on me another benefit. For gratitude is oblig'd by occasions of making a return: And every occasion must be agreeable, for a grateful mind hath more pleasure in paying than receiving.

Casu. My friendship too is impatient to give you proofs of it. How happy would you make me in allowing me to discharge that duty!

AIR LXII. Prince George.

All friendship is a mutual debt,.

Polly. The contract's inclination:

Caw. We never can that bond forget

Of sweet retaliation.

Polly. All day, and every day the same, We are paying and still owing;

Caw. By turns we grant, by turns we claim.
The pleasure of bestowing.

Both. By turns que grant, &c.

Polly. The pleasure of having serv'd an honourable man is a sufficient return. My missortunes, I sear, are beyond relief.

Caw. That figh makes me suffer. If you have a

want, let me know it.

Pob. If it is in a king's power, my power will make

me happy.

Caw. If you believe me a friend, you are unjust in concealing your distresses from me. You deny me the privilege of friendship; for I have a right to share them, or redress them.

Pob. Can my treasures make you happy?

Polly. Those who have them not, think they can; those who have them, know they cannot.

Pob. How unlike his countrymen!

Caw. While you conceal one want from me, I feel every want for you. Such obstinacy to a friend is barbarity.

Polly. Let not my reflection interrupt the joys of your triumph. Could I have commanded my thoughts.

I would have reserv'd them for solitude.

Caw. Those sighs, and that reservedness, are symptoms of a heart in love. A pain that I am yet a stranger to.

Polly. Then you never have been completely wretched.

AIR LXIII. Blithe Jockey, young and gay:

Can words the pain express
Which absent lowers know?
He only mine can guess,
Whose heart kath selt the woes,
'Tis doubt, suspicion, sear,
Seldom hope, oft' despair;
'Tis jealousy, 'tis rage, in brief
'Tis every pang and grief.

Caw. But does not love often deny itself aid and

comfort, by being too obstinately secret?

Polly. One cannot be too open to generosity; that is a sun of universal benignity. In concealing ourfelves from it, we but deny ourselves the blessing of its influence.

AIR LXIV. In the fields in frost and snow-

The modest lilly, like the maid,
Its pure bloom defending,
Is of noxious dews asraid,
Soon as even's descending.
Clos'd all night,
Free from blight,
It preserves the native white;
But at morn' unfolds its leaves,
And the vital fun receives.

Yet why should I trouble your majesty with the misfortunes of so inconsiderable a wretch as I am?

Pob. A king's beneficence should be like the sun. The most humble weed should feel its influence, as well as the most gaudy flower. But I have the nearest concern in any thing that touches you.

Polly. You see then at your seet the most unhappy of women.

[Kneels, be raises ber.

Carv. A woman! Oh my heart!

Pob. A woman!

Polly. Yes, fir, the most wretched of her fex. In love! married! abandon'd, and in despair!

Pob. What brought you into these countries?

Polly. To find my husband. Why had not the love of virtue directed my heart? But, alas, 'tis outward.

209

appearance alone that generally engages a woman's affections! And my heart is in the possession of the most profligate of mankind.

Pob. Why this disguise?

Polly. To protect me from the violences and infults to which my fex might have exposed me.

Caw. Had she not been married, I might have been happy. [Afide.

Polly. He ran into the madness of every vice. I detest his principles, tho' I am fond of his person to distraction. Could your commands for search and enquiry restore him to me, you reward me at once with all my wishes. For sure my love still might reclaim him.

Caw. Had you conceal'd your fex, I had been happy in your friendship; but now, how uneasy, how restless is my heart!

AIR LXV. Whilft I gaze on Chlos.

Whilf I gaze in fond desiring,
Every former thought is lost;
Sighing, wishing, and admiring,
How my troubled foul is tost!
Hot and cold my blood is showing,
How it thrills in every vein!
Liberty and life are going,
Hope can ne'er relieve my pain.

Enter Indian.

Indian. The rest of the troops, sir, are return'd from the pursuit with more prisoners. They attend your majesty's commands.

Pob. Let them be brought before us. [Exit Indian.] Give not yourself up to despair; for every thing in my power you may command. [To Polly.

Caw. And every thing in mine. But, alas, I have none; for I am not in my own!

Enter Ducat and Jenny, guarded, &c.

Jenny. Spare my husband, Morano is my husband. .
Pob. Then I have reliev'd you from the society of a monster.

Jenny. Alas, fir, there are many husbands who are furious monsters to the rest of mankind, that are the tamest creatures alive to their wives. I can be answerable for his duty and submission to your majesty, for I know I have so much power over him, that I can even make him good.

Pob. Why then had you not made him so before? Jenny. I was, indeed, like other wives, too indulgent to him; and as it was agreeable to my own humour, I was loth to baulk his ambition. I must, indeed, own too that I had the frailty of pride. But where is the woman who hath not an inclination to be as great and rich as she can be?

Pob. With how much ease and unconcern these Enropeans talk of vices, as if they were necessary quali-

fications.

AIR LXVI. The Jamaica.

Jenny. The fex, we find,
Like men inclin'd
To guard against repreaches;
And none neglest
To pay respect
To regues who keep their coaches.

Indeed, fir, I had determin'd to be honest myself, and to have made him so too, as soon as I had put myself upon a reasonable soot in the world; and that is more

self-denial than is commonly practis'd.

Pob. Woman, your profligate scntiments offend me; and you describe to be cut off from society, with your husband. Mercy would be scarce excusable in pardoning you. Have done then. Morano is now under the stroke of justice.

Jenny. Let me implore your majesty to respite his fentence. Send me back again with him into slavery, from whence we escap'd. Give us an occasion of being honest, for we owe our lives and liberties to another.

Duc. Yes, fir, I find some of my run-away siaves among the crew; and I hope my services at least will allow me to claim my own again.

Jenny. Morano, sir, I must confess hath been a free liver, and a man of so many gallantries, that no woman could escape him. If Macheath's missortunes were known, the whole sex would be in tears.

Polly. Macheash!

Jenny. He is no black, fir, but under that disguise, for my sake, skreen'd himself from the claims and importunities of other women. May love intercede for him?

Polly. Macheath! Is it possible? Spare him, save

him, I ask no other reward.

Poh. Haste, let the sentence be suspended. [Ex. Ind. Polly. Fly; a moment may make me miserable: Why could not I know him? All his distresses brought upon him by my hand! Cruel love, how could'st thou blind me so?

AIR LXVII. Tweed fide.

The stag, when chas'd all the long day
O'er the lawn, thro' the forest and brake;
Now panting for breath and at hay,
Now stemming the river or lake;
When the treacherous scent is all cold,
And at eve he returns to his hind,
Can her joy, can her pleasure be told?
Such joy and such pleasure I find.

But, alas, now again reflection turns fear upon my heart. His pardon may come too late, and I may never see him more.

Pob. Take hence that profligate woman. Let her be

kept under strict guard till my commands.

Jenny. Slavery, sir, slavery is all I ask. Whatever becomes of him, spare my life; spare an unfortunate woman. What can be the meaning of this sudden turn! Consider, sir, if a husband be never so bad, a wife is bound to duty.

Pob. Take her hence, I say; let my orders be obey'd. [Exit Jenny, guarded.

Polly. What, no news yet? Not yet seturn'd!

Caro. If justice hath overtaken him, he was unwore
thy of you.

Polly. Not yet! Oh how I fear.

AIR LXVIII. Onc evening as I lay.

My heart forebodes be's dead,
That thought how can I bear?
He's gone, for ever fled,
My foul is all defpair!
I fee him pale and cold,
The noofe hath flop'd his breath,
Just as my dream foretold;
Oh had that fleep been death!

Enter Indians.

Polly. He's dead, he's dead! Their looks confess it. Your tongues have no need to give it utterance to confirm my missfortunes! I know, I see, I feel it! Support me! O Macheath!

Duc. Mercy upon me! now I look upon her nearer, bless me, it must be Polly. This woman, sir, is my slave, and I claim her as my own. I hope, if your majesty thinks of keeping her, you will reimburse me, and not let me be a loser. She was an honest girl to be sure, and had too much virtue to thrive; for, to my knowlege, money could not tempt her.

Pob. And if the is virtuous, European, dost thou think I'll act the infamous part of a russian, and force her? Tis my duty, as a king, to cherish and protect virtue.

Caw. Justice hath reliev'd you from the society of a wicked man. If an honest heart can recompence your loss, you would make me happy in accepting mine. I hope my father will consent to my happiness.

Pob. Since your love of her is founded upon the love of virtue and gratitude, I leave you to your own dif-

posal.

Caw. What, no reply?

Polly. Abandon me to my forrows. For in indulg-

ing them is my only relief.

Pob. Let the chiefs have immediate execution. For the rest, let them be restor'd to their owners, and return to their slavery.

AIR LXIX. Buff-coat.

Caw. Why that languish!

Polly. Ob be's dead! O be's lost for ever!

Caw. Cease your anguish, and forget your grief,

Polly. Ah, never!

What air, grace, and stature!

Caw. How false in his nature!

Polly. To virtue my love might bave wen bim.

Caw. How base and deceiving !
Polly. But love is believing.

Caw. Vice, at length, as 'tis meet, bath undone bim.

By your confent you might at the same time give me happiness, and procure your own. My titles, my treafures, are all at your command.

AIR LXX. An Italian Ballad.

Polly. Frail is ambition, bow weak the foundation?
Riches have wings as inconflant as wind;
My heart is proof against either temptation,
Virtue, without them, contentment can sind.

I am charm'd, prince, with your generosity and virtues. 'Tis only by the pursuit of those we secure real happiness. Those that know and feel virtue in themselves, must love it in others. Allow me to give a decent time to my sorrows. But my missortunes at present interrupt the joys of victory.

Caw. Fair princess, for so I hope shortly to make you, permit me to attend you, either to divide your griefs, or, by conversation, to soften your forrows.

Pob. 'Tis a pleasure to me by this alliance to recompence your merits [Exit Caw. and Polly.] Let the sports and dances then celebrate our victory. [Exit.

DANCE.

AIR LXXL The temple.

1 Ind. Justice long forbearing,
Power or riches never fearing,
Slow, yet persevering,
Hunts the villain's pace.
Chos. Justice long, &c.

214 POLLY: AN OPERA.

2 Ind. What tongues then defend him?

Or what hand will succour lend him?

Even his friends attend him,

To soment the chace.

Justice long forbearing, &cc.

Chor. Justice long, &c.
3 Ind.
Virtue subduing,
Humbles in ruin
All the proud wicked race,
Truth, never-failing,
Must be prevailing,
Falsebood shall find disgrace.

Chor.

A

TABLE of the SONGS.

ACT J.

ATD

AIR		
I. The manners of the great affect.	page	145
II. What can wealth.		147
III. He that weds a beauty.		149
IV. My conscience is of courtly mold.		150
V. In pimps and politicians.		151
VI. She who hath felt a real pain.		152
VII. Farewell, farewell, all bopes of blife.		
VIII. Despair is all folly.		153
IX. I will have my humours, I'll please all my	Com Co.	154
X. When billows come breaking on the strand	inales *	_
XI. When a woman jealous grows.	•	157
		158
XII. When kings by their buffing.		159
XIII. The crow or daw thro' all the year.		160
XIV. How can you be so teazing.		161
XV. Maids like courtiers must be woo'd.		162
XVI. Can I or toil or hunger fear.		ib.
XVII. Brave boys, prepare.		164
XVIII. Better to doubt.		_ •
XIX. Abroad after misses most busbands will :		165
	roum.	166
XX. Love now is nought but art.		167
XXI. As pilgrims thro' devotion.		169

ACT II.

XXII. Why did you spare bim.	169
XXIII. Sleep, O fleep.	170
XXIV. Of all the fins that are money-supplying.	171
XXV. By women won.	172
XXVI. Woman's like the flatt'ring ocean.	173
XXVII. I hate those coward tribes.	174
XXVIII. Cheer up, my lads, let us push on the fray.	
XXIX. When I'm great, and flush of treasure.	175 ib_
XXX. Shall I not be bold whom honour calls,	176

216 A TABLE OF THE AIRS.

216 A TABLE OF THE AIRS.	
XXXI. How many men bave found the skill.	177
XXXII. Fine women are devils, complete in their way	ib.
XXXIII. Tho' different passions rage by turns.	179
XXXIII. The different passions rage by turns. XXXIV. The world is always jarring.	180
XXXV. In love and life the present use.	181
XXXVI. We never blame the forward fwain.	182
XXXVII. My beart is by love for saken.	ib.
XXXVIII. By balves no friend.	183
XXXIX. If husbands sit unsteady.	184
XL. The body of the brave may be taken.	185
XLI. For gold you sacrifice your fame.	186
XLII. When gold is in hand.	187
XLIII. Honour calls me from thy arms.	188
XLIV. Honour plays a bubble's part.	189
XLV. When ambition's ten years toils.	190
XLVI. Despair leads to battle, &c.	191
XLVII. Virtue's treasure.	192
XLVIII. The sportsmen keep hawks, &c.	194
ACT III.	
XLIX. What man can on virtue or courage repose. L. Love with beauty is flying.	195
LI. When horns, with cheerful found.	196
LII. By bolder steps we win the race.	197
TIII When the turer reams	199
LIV. We the fword of justice drawing.	200 ib.
LV. Know then, war's my pleasure.	
LVI. How faultless does the nymph appear.	201
LVII. As fits the fad turtle alone on the spray.	202
LVIII. Victory is our's.	203 ib.
LIX. The foldiers, aubo by trade must dare.	
LX. When right or wrong's decided.	2^4 2c6
LXI. All crimes are judg'd like fornication.	ib.
LXII. All friendship is a mutual debt.	207
LXIII. Can quords the pain express.	208
LXIV. The modest lilly, like the maid.	ib.
LXV. Whilft I page in fond defiring.	
LXV. Whilft I gaze in fond defiring. LXVI. The fex, we find.	209
LXVII. The ftag, when chas'd all the long day.	211
LXVIII. My heart forebodes he's dead.	212
LXIX. Why that languish.	213
LXX. Frail is ambition, bow weak the foundation.	ib.
LXXI. Justice long forbearing.	ib.

ACHILLES:

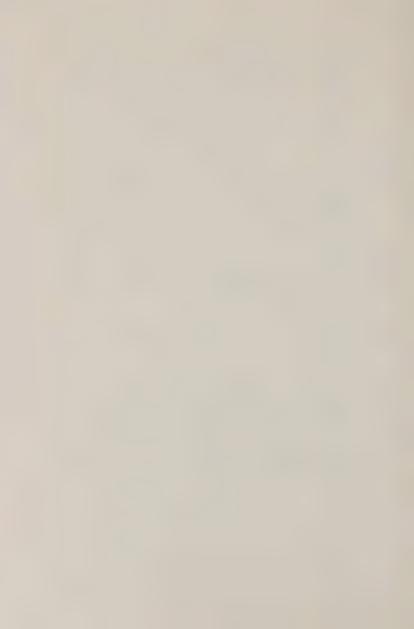
AN OPERA.

deceperat omnes
(In quibus Ajacem) sumptæ fallacia vestis.

Ovid. Metam. lib. xiii.

Naturam expellas surca licet, usque recurret.

Hore



PROLOGUE.

WRITTEN BY MR. GAY. Spoken by Mr. Quin.

I Wonder no? our Author doubts success;

One in his circumstance can do no less.
The dancer on the rope that tries at all,
In each unpractis'd caper, risques a fall:
I own I dread his ticklish situation;
Critics detest poetic innovation.
Itad Ic'rus been content with solid ground,
The giddy went'rous youth had ne'er been drown'd.
The Pegasus of old had sire and sorce,
But your true modern is a carrier's borse,
Drawn by the foremost bell, asraid to stray;
Bard sollowing bard, jogs on the beaten way.
Why is this man so obstinate an els?
Will be, alone, not imitate bimself?

His scene now shews the herees of old Greece;
But how? 'tis monstrous! In a comic piece.
To bushins, plumes, and beliets what pretence,
If mighty chiefs must speak but common sense?
Shall no bold diction, no poetic rage,
Fome at our months and thunder on the stage?
No—'tis Achilles, as be came from Chiron,
Just taught to sing as well as wield cold iron;
And whatsoever critics may suppose,
Our author bolds, that what he spoke was profit

Dramatis Persona.

MEN.

Lycomedes,	Mr. Quin.
Diphilus,	Mr. Afton.
Achilles,	Mr. Salway.
Ulysses,	Mr. Chapman.
Diomedes,	Mr. Laguerre.
Ajax,	Mr. Hall.
Periphas,	Mr. Walker.
Agyrtes,	Mr. Leveridge.

WOMEN.

Thetis,	Mrs. Buchanan.
Theaspe,	Mrs. Cantrel.
Deïdamia,	Miss Norfa.
Lesbia,	Miss Binks.
Philoe,	Mis Oates.
Artemona,	Mrs. Egleton.

Courtiers, Guards, &c.

SCENE, Segres.

ACHILLES:

AN OPERA.

ACT I. SCENE, The Palace.

THETIS, ACHILLES.

THETIS.

BEFORE I leave you, child, I must insist upon your promise, that you will never discover your-self without my leave. Don't look upon it as capricious sondness, nor think (because 'tis a mother's advice) that, in duty to yourself, you are oblig'd not to sollow it.

Ach. But my character! my honour! — Wou'd you have your fon live with infamy? — On the first step of a young fellow, depends his character for life.— I beg you, goddes, to dispense with your commands.

Thet. Have you then no regard to my presentiment? I can't bear the thoughts of your going; for I know that odious siege of Troy wou'd be the death of thee.

Acb. Because you have the natural sears of a mother, wou'd you have me insensible that I have the heart of a man? The world, madam, must look upon my absconding in this manner, and at this particular juncture, as infamous cowardice.

AIR I. A clown in Flanders once there was,

What's life? No curse is more severe, Than bearing life with shame. Is this your fondness; this your care? Q give me death with same! Thet. Keep your temper, Achilles: - 'Tis both impious and undutiful to call my prescience in question.

Ach. Pardon me, goddess, for had you, like other mothers, been a mere woman only, I shou'd have taken the liberty of other sons, and shou'd (as 'tis my duty) have heard your advice, and sollow'd my own.

Thet. I positively shall not be easy, child, unless you give me your word and honour.—You know my

commands.

Ach. My word, madam, I can give you; but my honour is already facrific'd to my duty. That I gave you, when I submitted to put on this woman's habit.

Thet. Believe me, Achilles, I have a tender regard for your honour, as well as life.—By preventing your running head-long to your destiny, I preserve you for future glory. Therefore, child, I once more insist

upon your folemn promise.

Ach. Was I a woman (as I appear to be) I cou'd, without difficulty, give you a promife, to have the plenfure of breaking it; but when I promife, my life is pledg'd for the performance.—Your commands, madam, are facred.—Yet I intreat you, goddefs, to confider the ignominious part you make me act.—In obeying you, I prove myself unworthy of you.

Thet. My will, Achilles, is not to be controverted. Your life depends upon your duty; and positively,

child, you shall not go to this siege.

AIR II. Gudgeon's fong.

Why thus am I held at defiance?
A mother, a goddefs obey!
Will men never practife compliance,
Till marriage hath taught 'em the way?

Ach. But why must I lead the life of a woman? why was I stolen away from my preceptor? Was I not as safe under the care of Chiron?—I know the love he had for me; I scel his concern; and I dare swear that good creature is now so distress'd for the loss of me, that he will quite sounder himself with galloping from place to place to look after me.

Thet. I'll hear no more. Obey, and feek to know so further.—Can you imagine that I wou'd have taken

all this trouble to have lodg'd you under the protection of Lycomedes, if I had not seen the absolute ne-

cessity of it?

Ach. Were I allow'd to follow my inclinations, what wou'd you have to fear?—I shou'd do my duty, and die with honour.—Was I to live an age, I cou'd do no more.

Thet. You are so very obstinate, that really, child, there is no enduring you.—Your impatience seems to forget that I am a goddes: Have I not degraded myself into the character of a distress'd Grecian princess? "Tis owing to my artistice and infinuation that we have the protection of the king of Scyros. Have I not won Lycomedes's friendship and hotpitality to that degree as to place you, without the least suspicion, among his daughters?—And for what, dear Achilles?—Your safety and future same required it.

Ach. 'I'is impossible, madam, to bear it much longer.—My words, my actions, my aukward behaviour, must one day inevitably discover me.—I had been

safer under the tuition of Chiron.

Thet. Hath not the prophet Calchas persuaded the confeuerates, that the success of their expedition against Troy depends upon your being among 'em? Have they not emissaries and spies almost every where in search of you? 'Tis here only, and in this disguise, that I can believe you out of the reach of suspicion.—You have so much youth, and such a bloom, that there is no man alive but must take you for a woman. What I am most assaid of is, that when you are among the ladies you shou'd be so little master of your passions as to find yourself a man.

AIR III. Did you ever hear of a gallant sailor.

Ach. The woman always in temptation,
Must do what nature bids her do;
Our hearts seel equal palpitation,
For we've unguarded minutes too.
By nature greedy,
When lank and needy,
K 4

Within your fold the avolf confine; Then bid the glutton Not think of mutton; Can you persuade him not to dine?

Thet. Now, dear child, let me beg you to be discreet.—I have some sea-affairs that require my attendance, which (much against my will) oblige me, for a time, to leave you to your own conduct.

Enter Artemona.

Art. The princesses, lady Pyrrha, have been fitting at their embroidery above a quarter of an hour, and

are perfectly miserable for want of you.

Thet. Pyrrha is so very unhandy, and so monstrously aukward at her needle, that I know she must be diverting. Her passion for romances (as you must have observed in other girls) took her off from every part of useful education.

Acb. For the many obligations I have to the princesses, I should (no doubt) upon all occasions shew myself ready to be the butt of their ridicule.—'Tis a duty that all great people expect from (what they call)

their dependants.

Art. How can you, lady Pyrrha, minnterpret a civility? I know they have a friendship, an esteem for

you; and have a pleasure in instructing you.

Thet. For heaven's sake, Pyrrha, let not your captious temper run away with your good manners. You cannot but be sensible of the king's and their civilities, both to you and me.—How can you be so horridly out of humour?

Acb. All I mean, madam, is; that when people are sensible of their own desects, they are not the proper

objects of ridicule.

Thet. You are so very touchy, Pyrrba, that there is no enduring you.—How can you be so unsociable a creature as to deny a friend the liberty of laughing at your little sollies and indiscretions? For what do you think women keep company with one another?

Ach. Because they hate one another, despise one another, and seek to have the pleasure of seeing and

exposing one another's faults and follies.

Thet. Now, dear Pyrrha, tell me, is work a thing you pique yourself upon? Suppose too they shou'd smile at an absurdity in your dress, it could not be such a mortification as if (like most women) you had made it the chief business of your life?

Art. Don't they treat one another with equal fami-

liarity?

Ach. But a reply from me (whatever was the provocation) might be look'd upon as impertinent. I' hate to be under the restraint of civility when I am illus'd.

Art. Will you allow me, madam, to make your excuses to the princesses?—The occasion of your highness's leaving her, I see, troubles her.—Perhaps I may interrupt conversation.

Thei. 'Tis allonishing, child, how you can have so little complaisance. This sullen behaviour of your's must be disagreeable. I hope, madam, she is not always

in this way?

Art. Never was any creature more entertaining? Such spirits, and so much vivacity? The princesses are really fond of her to distraction.—The most chearful tempers are liable to the spleen, and 'tis an indulgence that one woman owes to another.

Ach. The spleen, madam, is a semale frailty that I.

have no pretentions to, nor any of its affections.

AIR IV. Si vous vous moquez de nous.

When a woman sullen sits,
And wants breath to conquer reasons,
Always these affected sits
Are in season:
Since 'tis in her disposition,
Make her be her own physician.

Nay, dear madam, you shall not go without me.
Though I have my particular reasons to be out ofhumour, I cannot be desicient in good-manners.

A.t. I know they would take it mortally ill if they, thought your complainance had put yourfelf under the

least restraint.

Ach. I can't forgive myself for my behaviour.

You must excuse me, madam; for absence in conversation is an incivility that I am but too liable to.

Art. You know we all rally you upon your being in love, as that is one of its most infallible symp-

toms.

Thet. I charge you, upon my bleffing;—as you expect fame, glory, immortality, obey me. [To Achilles.

[Thetis kisses him. Exeunt Achilles and Artemona. As for his face, his air, his figure, I am not under the least apprehension; all my concern is from the impetuosity of his temper.—Yet, after all, why shou'd I fear a discovery? for women have the same passions, shough they employ 'em upon different objects.

AIR V. A minuet.

Man's so touchy, a word that's injurious
Wakes his honour; he's sudden as fire.
We man kindles, and is no less furious
For her trifles, or any desire.
Man is testy,
Or sour, or resty,
If halk'd of honours, or pow'r, or pels:
Woman's passions can no less molest ye,
And all for reasons she keeps to berself.

He is fudden, he is impatient. What then? Are women less so? Ask almost all servants what they know of their mistresses.—He is wilful, testy, and untractable. Can't thousands of husbands say as much of their wives? Then as for his obstinacy—that can never shew him less a woman. But he hath not that command of his tongue I cou'd wish him: He is too vehement, too severe in his expressions. In this particular, indeed, sow women take equal liberties to one another's faces, but they make ample amends for it behind each other's backs; so that, with all these infirmities of man, he may with the least conduct very well pass for a fine spirited woman.—This reslexion hath cur'd my anxiety, and will make me believe him secure.

Enter Lycomedes.

Thet. 'Tis with the utmost gratitude that I return your majesty thanks for the honours and hospitable favours shown to me and my daughter.

Lycom. You wou'd oblige me more, madam, if your

affairs wou'd allow you to accept 'em longer.

Thet. I have presum'd, sir, to trespass further on your generosity, in leaving my daughter under your protection.—I hope Pyrrba's behaviour will deserve it.

AIR VI. To you, my dear, and to no other.

Must then, alas, the fondest mother
Describer child?

Lycom. - - - - - - Ab, why this tear?

She'll in Theaspe find another;

In me, paternal love and care.

Had you taken her with you, my daughters wou'd have been miserable beyond expression. Theirs and her education shall be the same.

Thet. I beg you, fir, not to regard my gratitude Take the common obligations of princes; for neither time nor interest can ever cancel it.

Lycem. Affairs of consequence may require your presence. Importunity upon these occasions is troublesome and unhospitable.—I ask no questions, madam, because I chuse not to pry into secrets.

Thet. I can only thank, and rely upon your majesty's goodness.—My duty to the queen, sir, calls me hence, to own my obligations, and receive her commands.

[Exit.

Enter Diphilus.

Lycom. The princess Califla hath taken her leave; the is but just gone out of the room.

Diph. That Pyrrha, fir, was a most delicious piece. Lycom. With all her little vixen humours, to my taste she is infinitely agreeable.

Diph. Your parting with her, fir, in this easy manner, is astonishing. One too so excessively fond of you!

Lycom. Parting with her, Dipbilus!

Dipb. But no prince alive hath so great a command of his passions.

K 6

Lycom. Dear Diphilus, let me understand you. Diph. To my knowlege you might have had her.

Lycom. Can I believe thee?

Diph. I really thought the queen began to be a little unealy; and, for the quiet of the family (fince the is gone) I must own I am heartily glad of it.

AIR VII. John went suiting unto Joan.

How your patience had been try'd, Had this haughty dame comply'd! "What's a mistress and a wife? Joy for moments, plague for life.

Lycom. I am not so unhappy, Diphilus.—Her mother hath left her to my care.

Dipli. Just as I wish'd.

Lycom. Wou'd she had taken her with her!

Diph. It might have been better. For beyond dispute, fir, both you and the queen wou'd have been easier.

Lycom. Why did she trust her to me? Dipb. There cou'd be but one reason. Lycom. I cannot answer for myself.

Diph. Twas upon that very presumption you was trusted.

Lycom. Wou'd I could believe thee!

Diph. 'Tis an apparent manisest scheme, sir; and you wou'd disappoint both mother and daughter if your majesty did not betray your trust.—You love her, sir, you say.

Lycom. To distraction, Dipbilus.

Dipb. And was the betraying a trust ever as yet an obstacle to that passion? What wou'd you have a mother do more upon such an occasion? Ladies of her rank cannot transact an affair of this kind, but with some decorum.

Lycom. But you can never suppose Pyrrba knows any thing of the matter.

Diph. Why not, fir?

Lycom. From me the cannot; for I have never as

yet made any downright professions.

Diph. There lies the true cause of her thoughtfulness; 'tis nothing but anxiety, for fear her scheme should not take place; for, no doubt, her mother hath instructed her not to be too forward, to make you more so.—Believe me, sir, you will have no difficulties in this affair, but those little ones that every woman knows how to practise to quicken a lover.

Lycom. Be it as it will, Diphilus, I must have her.

Dipb. Had I been acquainted with your pleasure sooner, your majesty by this time had been tir'd of her—How happy shall I make her, if I may have the honour of your majesty's commands to hint your paffion to her!

Lycom. Never did eyes receive a passion with such

coldness, such indifference!

AIR VIII. Groom's complaint.

Whene'er my looks have spoke desire, I sigh'd, I gaz'd in vain; No glance confess'd her secret sire; And eyes the heart explain.

Diph. Though 'tis what she wishes, what she longs for, what she sighs for, respect and awe are a restraint upon her eyes as well as tongue. I have often told you, sir, she dares not understand you; she dares not believe herself so happy.

Lycom. This ring, Dipbilus-I must leave the rest

to your discretion.

Diph. There may be a manner in giving it her, a little hint or so—but the present will speak for itself; 'tis the most successful advocate of love, and never wants an interpreter.

Lycom. Say every thing for me, Dipbilus; for I

feel I cannot speak for myself.

Dipb. Cou'd I be as successful in all my other negotiations! Yet there may be difficulties, for, if I mistake not, the lady hath something of the coquette about her; and what self-denial will not those creatures suffer to give a lover anxiety!

AIR IX. O'er Bogie.

Observe the wanton kitten's play,
Whone'er a mouse appears;
You there the true coquette survey
In all her slirting airs:

Now pawing,
Now clawing,
Now in fond embrace,
Till 'midst her freaks,
He from her breaks,
Steals off, and bilks the chase.

Lycom. Dear Diphilus, what do you mean? I never

faw a woman so little of that character.

Diph. Pardon me, fir; your fituation is such, that you can never see what mankind really are. In your presence every one is asting a part; no one is himself, and was it not for the eyes and tongues of your faithful servants, how little wou'd your subjects be known to you! Though she is so prim and reserv'd before you, she is never at a loss for airs to draw all the young stirting lords of the court about her.

Lycom. Beauty must always have its followers.

Diph. If I mistake not, general Ajax too (who is fent to solicit your quota for the Trojan war) hath another solicitation more at heart.—But suppose she had ten thousand lovers; a woman's prevalent passion is ambition, which must answer your ends.—The queen is coming this way, and her commands may detain me.—I go, sir, to make Pyrrha the happiest creature upon earth.

[Exit.

Enter Theaspe.

Theaspe. I think the princess Calista might as well have taken her daughter with her.—That girl is so intolerably forward, that I cannot imagine such conversation can possibly be of any great advantage to your daughters' education.

Lycom. You feem of late to have taken an aversion to the girl. She hath spirit and vivacity, but not more than is becoming the sex; and I never saw any thing in her behaviour but what was extremely modest.

Theafre. For heaven's fake, fir, allow me to believe my own eyes. Her forwardness must give the fellows some encouragement, or there wou'd not be that intolerable flutter about her.—But perhaps she hath some reasons to be more upon her guard before you.

Lycom. How can you be so unreasonably censorious?

Theaspe. I can see her faults, sir. I see her as a woman sees a woman. The men, it seems, think the awkward creature handsome.

AIR X. Dutch skipper. First part.

Lycom. When woman's censorious,

And attacks the meritorious;

In the scandal she shews her own malicious thought.

If real guilt she blames,

Then pride her heart instames;

And she fansies she's better for another's fault.

Thus seeking to disclose

The slips of friends and soes,

By her envy she does herself alone expose.

Nay, dear child, your attacking her in this peevish

way can be nothing but downright antipathy.

Theaspe. Nay, dear fir, your defending her in this feeling manner can be nothing but downright partiality.

Lycom. I own myself partial to distress, and I see

her in that circumstance.

Theaspe. But there are other reasons that may make a man partial.

AIR XI. Dutch skipper. Second part.

As you, fir, are my bustand, no doubt you're prone To turn each new face To a wife's disgrace;

And for no other cause, but that she's your own;
Nay, sir, 'tis an evident case.
'Tis strange that all bushands should prove so blind,
That a wise's real merits they ne'er can find,
Tho' they strike all the rest of mankind.

Lycom. How can you be so ridiculous? By these airs, madam, you would have me believe you are jealous.

Theaspe. Whence had you this contemptible opinion of me? Jealous! If I was so, I have a spirit above owning it. I wou'd never heighten your pleasure by letting you have the satisfaction of knowing I was uneasy.

Lycem. Let me beg you, my dear, to keep your temper. Theafre. Since I have been so unguarded as to own.

it; give me leave to tell you, fir, that was I of a lower rank it wou'd keep you in fome awe, because you wou'd then know I cou'd take my revenge.

Lycom. You forget your duty, child.

Therefore. There is a duty too due from a husband. Lycom. How can you give way to these passions? Theaspe. Because you give way to your's. Lycom. But to be so unreasonably jealous! Theaspe. Unreasonably! Wou'd it were so!

AIR XII. Black joke.

Lycom. Then must I bear eternal strife,

Both night and day put in mind of a wife, By her pouts, spleen, and passionate airs?

Theaspe. D'ye think I'll bear eternal slight,

And not complain when I'm robb'd of my right?

Call you this, fir, but whimsical fears?

Lycom. Can nought then still this raging storm? Theaspe. Yes. What you promis'd, if you'd perform.

Lycom. Pr'ythce teaze me na more. Theaspe. I can never give o'er,

Till I find you as fond and as kind as before.

Lycom. Will you ne'er ask
A possible task?

Wou'd you have me so unhospitable as to deny her

my protection?

Theaspe. 'Tis not, sir, that I presume to controul you in your pleasures. — Yet you might, methinks, have shew'd that tenderness for me, to have acted with a little more reserve. Women are not so blind as husbands imagine. — Were there no other circumstances,—your coolness to me, your indifference.— How I despite myself for this consession!—Pardon me, sir, love made me thus indifference.

AIR XIII: Ye shepherds and nymphs.

Theaspe, weeping.

O love, plead my pardon, nor plead it in wain;
'Twas you that was jealous, 'twas you was in pain;
Yet why should you speak? To auhat purpose or end?
I must be unhappy if love can offend.

Yet was ever a delign of this kind fo manifest, so bare-fac'd!

AIR XIV. The goddesses.

Theaspe, angry.

To what a pitch is man profuse,
And all for ossentatious pride!
Ew'n misses are not kept for use,
But for mere show, and nought beside.
For might a wife speak out,
She cou'd prove beyond all doubt,
With more than enough he was supply'd.

The princess Calista hath shewn an uncommon considence in your majesty. The woman no doubt depends upon it, that her daughter's charms are not to be resisted.

Lycom. Nay, dear child, don't be scandalous.

AIR XV. Joan's placket.

Reputations back'd and bew'd,
Can never be mended again;
Yet nothing stints the tattling prude,
Who joys in another's pain.
Thus while she rends
Both foes and friends,
By both she's torn in twain.
Reputations hack'd and bew'd,
Can never be mended again.

Theaspe. You are in so particular a manner oblig'd to her, that I am not surpris'd at your taking her part.

Lycom. But, dear madam, why at present is all this violent suster?

Theaspe. Ask your own heart, ask your own conduct. Those can best inform you.—"Twou'd have been more obliging if Pyrrha and you had kept me out of this impudent secret.—You know, sir, I have reason.

Lycom. If one woman's virtue depended upon another's suspicions, where shou'd we find a woman of common modesty! Indeed, I think you injure her: I believe her virtuous.

Theaspe. When a man hath ruin'd a woman, he

thinks himself oblig'd in honour to stand up for her

reputation.

Lycom. If you will believe only your own unaccountable suspicious, and are determined not to hear reason, I must leave you to your perverse humours.—What wou'd you have me say? What wou'd you have me do?

Theaspe. Shew your hospitality (as you call it) to

me, and put that creature out of the palace.

Lycom. I have a greater regard to your's and my own quiet, than ever to comply with the extravagant paf-

fions of a jealous woman.

Theaspe. You have taken then your resolutions, I find; and I am sentenc'd to neglect—Did ever a woman-marry but with the probability of having at least one man in her power?—What a wretched wise am I!

Lycom. Jealous from a wise, even to a man of quality, is now look'd upon as ill-manners, though the affair be never so public.—But without a cause!—I beg you, madam, to say no more upon this subject.

Theospe. Though you, fir, may think her fit company for you; methinks the very same reasons might tell you that she is not so very reputable a companion

for your daughters.

Lycom. Since a passionate woman will only believe herself, I must leave you, madam, to enjoy your obstinacy. I know but that way of putting an end to the dispute.

AIR XVI. We've cheated the parson, &c.

Though woman's glib tongue, when her passions are fir'd, Eternally go, a man's ear can he tir'd. Since woman will have both her word and her way, I yield to your tongue; but my reason obey.

I obey, Nothing fay,

Since avoman will have both her award and her away.

[Exit.

Theaspe. Wou'd I had been more upon the reserve! But husbands are horridly provoking; they know the frailty of the sex, and never fail to take the advantage

of our passions to make us expose ourselves by contradiction.—Artemona.

Enter Artemona.

Art. Madam.

Thea/pe. Is that creature, that (what do you call her) that princes gone?

Art. Yes, madam.

Theafpe. Why did she not take that awkward thing, her daughter, with her?

Art. The advantages the might receive in her education, might be an inducement to leave her.

Theaspe. Might that be an inducement?

Art. Besides, in her present circumstance, it might be inconvenient to take her daughter with her.

Theaspe. Can't you find out any other reason for

leaving her?

Art. Your courtely, madam; your hospitality.

Theaspe. No other reason?

Theafie. Wou'd I cou'd believe there was no other?
Act. 'Tis not for me to pry into your majedy's secrets.
Theafie. I have a girl that is so intolerably forward.

Art. I never observed any thing but those little liberaties that girls of her age will take, when they are among themselves.—Perhaps those particular distinctions the princesses shew her, may have made her too familiar.—I am not, madam, an advocate for her behaviour.

Theaspe. A look so very audacious! Now the filthy men, who love every thing that is impudent, call that spirit.—But there are, Artemona, some particular distinctions from a certain person, who of late hath been very particular to me, that might indeed make her too familiar.

Art. Heaven forbid!

Theaspe. How precarious is the happiness of a wife, when it is in the power of every new face to destroy it!—Now, dear Artemona, tell me sincerely, don't you, from what you yourself have observed, think I have reason to be uneasy?

Art. That I have observ'd !

Theaspe. Dear Artemona, don't frighten thyself.—I am not accusing, but talking to you as a friend.

AIR XVII. Fairy elves.

Ast. O guard your bours from care,
Of jealousy beware;
For she with sancy'd sprites,
Herself torments and frights.
Thus she frets, and pines, and grieves;
Raising sears that she believes.

Theaspe. I hate myself too for having so much condescension and humility as to be jealous. 'Tis flattering the man that uses one ill; and 'tis wanting the natural pride that belongs to the sex. What a wretched, mean, contemptible figure is a jealous woman! How have I expos'd myself!

Art. Your majesty is safe in the confidence repos'd

in me.

Theaspe. That is not the case, Artemona. Lycomedor knows I am unhappy. I have own'd it, and was so unguarded as to accuse him.

Art. Upon meer suspicion only?

Theaspe. Beyond dispute he loves her. I know it, Artemona; and can one imagine that girl hath virtue enough to withstand such a proposal?

AIR XVIII. Moll Peatly.

All hearts are a little frail

When temptation is rightly apply'd...

What can shame or scar avail

When we sooth both ambition and pride?

All women have power in view;

Then there's pkasure to tempt her too.

Such a sure attack there's no desying,

No denying;

Since complying

Gives her another's due.

I can't indeed (if you mean that) positively assimuthat he hath yet had her.

Art. Then it may be still only suspicion.

Theaspe. I have trusted too my daughter Deidamia with my weakness, that she, by her intimacies and

friendship with Pyrrba, may get into her secrets. In short, I have plac'd her as my spy about her.—That girl (out of good-nature, and to prevent family-disputes) may deceive me. She insits upon it, that I have nothing to fear from yrrba; and is so positive in this opinion, that she offers to be answerable for her conduct.

Art. Why then, madam, will you still believe your

own jealousies?

Theafp. All I say is, that Deidamia may deceive me; for whatever is in the affair, 'tis impossible but she must know it; I have order'd it so that she is scarce ever from her; they have one and the same bed-chamber; yet such is my distemper, that I suspect every body, and can only believe my own imaginations.—

There must be some reason that Deidamia hath not been with me this morning.—I am impatient to see her.

AIR XIX. John Anderson my Jo.

Art.

Let jealousy no longer

A fruitless search pursue;
You make his slame the stronger,
And wake resentment too.
This self-tormenting care give o'er;
For all you can obtain
Is, what was only doubt before,
Yo change for real pain.



ACT II.

DIPHILUS, ACHILLES.

ACHILLES.

Am very sensible, my lord, of the particular honoural that are shewn me.

Diph. Honours, madam! Lycomedes is still more particular. How happy must that woman be, whom he respects! Ach. What do you mean, my lord?

Dipb. Let this speak both for him and me: the present is worthy him to give, and you to receive.

Acb. I have too many obligations already.

Dipb. 'Tis in your power, madam, to return 'em all. Ach. Thus I return 'em. And, if you dare be honest, tell him this ring had been a more bonourable present to Theaspe.

AIR XX. Abroad as I was walking.

Diph. [Offering the ring a second time.]

Such homage to ber beauty,

What coyness can reject?

Accept, as 'tis your duty,

The tribute with respect.

With love I offer power;

What shame can ever slain thee,

Restrain thee,

Or pain thee,

When llest with such a dower?

Tis but an earnest, madam, of future favours.—When Lycomedes's power is your's, I intreat your highness not to forget your fervant.

Acb. I shall remember thee with contempt and ab-

horrence.

Diph. I beg you, madam, to confider your present situation.—This uncommon distinction requires a softer answer.

Ach. I shall give no other, my lord.—I dare say, Diphilus, you think yourself highly honour'd by your present negociation.—Is there no office too mean for ambition r—Was you not a man of quality, was you not a favourite, the world, my lord, would call you a pimp, a pander, a bawd, for this very honourable proposal of your's.

Dipb. What an unmerciful weapon is a woman's tongue!—I beg your highness to confine yourself within the bounds of common civility, and to confider

who I am.

Acb. I do confider it, Dipbilus, and that makes thee a thousand times the more contemptible.

AIR XXI. Butter'd pease.

Shou'd the beast of the noblest race
At the brute of the lowest class;
Tell me, which do you think more base,
Or the lion or the ass?
Boast not then of thy rank or state;
That but shows thee the meaner slave.
Take thy due then of scorn and hate,
As thou'rt but the greater knave.

Diph. Though the fex have the privilege of unlimited expression, and that a woman's words are not to be resented; yet a lady, madam, may be ill-bred. Ladies too are generally passionate enough without a provocation, so that a reply at present would be unnecessary.

Ach. Are such the friends of power?—How unhappy are princes to have their passions so very readily put in execution, that they seldom know the benefit of resection! Go, and for once make your report faithfully and without flattery.

[Exit.

Dipb. This girl is so excessively ill-bred, and such an arrant termigant, that I could as soon fall in love with a tygress. She hath a handsome face, 'tis true, but in her temper she is a very sury.—But Lycomedes. likes her; and 'tis not for me to dispute either his taste or pleasure. Notwithstanding she is such a spit-fire, 'tis my opinion the thing may still do! Things of this nature should be always transacted in person, for there are women so ridiculously half-modelt, that they are asham'd in words to consent to what (when a man comes to the point) they will make no difficulties to comply with.

Enter Lycomedes.

Lycom. Well, Dipbilus, in what manner did she re-

Dipb. Tis my opinion, fir, that she will accept it only from your hands. From me she absolutely re-

AIR XXII. Come open the door, fiveet Betty.

Lycom. What, must I remain in anguish?

And did not ber eyes consent?

No sigh, not a blush, nor languish
That promis'd a kind event!

It must be all affectation,
The tongue bath ber heart bely'd;
That oft hath withstood temptation,
When ev'ry thing else comply'd.

How did she receive you? Did you watch her eyes? What was her behaviour when you first told her I lov'd her?

Diph. She seem'd to be desperately disappointed, that you had not told her so yourself.

Lycom. But when you press'd it to her-

Diph. She had all the resentment and fury of the

most complying prude.

Lycom. But did she not soften upon consideration?

Diph. She seem'd to take it mortally ill of me, that
my meddling in the affair had delay'd your majesty's
application.

Lycom. What, no favourable circumstance?

Diph. Nay, I was not in the least surprised at her behaviour. Love at second-hand to a lady of her warm constitution! It was a disappointment, sir; and she could not but treat it accordingly.—Whatever was my opinion, 'twas my duty, sir, to obey you; but I found just the reception I expected. Apply to her yourself, sir; answer her wishes, and (if I know any thing of woman) she will then answer your's, and behave herself as she ought.

Lycom. But, dear Dipbilus, I grow more and more

impatient.

Dipb. That too by this time is her case—To save the appearances of virtue, the most easy woman expects a little gentle compulsion, and to be allow'd the decency of a little seeble resistance. For the quiet of her own conscience, a woman may insist upon acting the part of modesty, and you must comply with her scruples.—You will have no more trouble but what will heighten the pleasure.

Lycom. Pyrrha!—This is beyond my hopes.—Diphilus, lay your hand upon my breast. Feel how my heart flutters.

Dipb. Did Pyrrha feel these assurances of love she

wou'd not appear so thoughtful.

Lycom. Deidamia too not with her! Diph. She is with the queen, sir.

Lycom. My other daughters, who seem less fond of her, are in the garden; so all's sase.—Leave me, Diphilus, and let none, upon pain of my displeasure, presume to intrude.

[Exit Diph.

Enter Achilles.

Lycom. Lady Pyrrba, my dear child, why fo

thoughtful?

Ach. Thoughts may not be so respectful; they may be too familiar, too friendly, too true: And who about you presumes to communicate 'em? Words and forms only are for your ear, sir.

Lycom. You know, Pyrrba, you was never receiv'd upon the foot of ceremony, but friendship; so that it wou'd be more respectful, if you was less shy and less reserv'd.—'Tis your behaviour, Pyrrba, that keeps me

at a distance.

Ach. If I was wanting, fir, either in duty to you or myself, my own heart wou'd be the first to reproach me.—Your majesty's generosity is too solicitous upon my account; and your courtesy and affability may even now detain you from assairs of importance.—
If you have no commands, sir, the princesses expect me in the garden.

Licom. Nay, positively, my dear Pyrrba, you shall

not go.

Ach. But why, fir?—For heaven's fake, what hath fet you a trembling?——I fear, fir, you are out of order.——Who waits there?

Lycom. I did not call, Pyrrha.

Ach. Let me then, sir, know your commands.—

AIR XXIII. Altro giorno in compagnia.

Lycom. If my passion want explaining,
This way turn and read my eyes;
These will tell thee, without feigning,
What in words I must disguise.

Ach. Why do you fix your eyes so intensely upon me?—Speak your pleasure, speak to me then.—Why am I seiz'd?—Spare me, fir, for I have a temper that

can't bear provocation.

Lycom. I know there are a thousand necessary affectations of modesty, which women, in decency to themfelves, practise with common lovers before compliance.—But my passion, Pyrrba, deserves some distinction.

Ach. I beg you then, sir, don't lay violent hands

upon me.

Lycom. The present you refus'd from Dipbilus, accept

from me.

Acb. Why will you perfift?—Nay, dear fir, I can't answer for my passions.

Lycom. 'Tis not Diphilus, but I give it you.
Ach. That Diphilus, sir, is your enemy.

Lycom. 'Tis I that offer it.

Acb. Your very worst enemy, your flatterer.

Lycom. You shou'd strive, child, to conquer these extravagant passions.

Ach. How I despise that sellow! that pimp, that

pander!

AIR XXIV. Trip to the landey.

How unhappy are the great,
Thus begirt with ferwile slawes!
Such with praise your reason cheat.
Flatt'rers are the meanest knawes.
They in friendship's guise accost you;
False in all they say or do.
When these wretches have ingross'd you,
Who's the slawe, sir, they or you?

Lycom. Is this reproachful language, Pyrrha, befitfing my presence?

Ach. Nay, dear fir, don't worry me. By Jove,

you'll provoke me.

Lycom. Your affectation, Pyrrba, is intolerable. There's enough of it.—Those looks of aversion are insupportable.—I will have no struggling.

Ach. Then, fir, I must have no violence.

AIR XXV. As I walk'd along Fleet-fireet.

Lycom. When the fort on no condition

Will admit the gen'rous foe,

Parley but delays submission;

We by storm shou'd lay it low.

I am in earnest, lady.—I will have no trifling, no coquetting; you may spare those little arts of women, for my passion is warm and vehement enough without 'em—Do you know, Pyrrba, that obedience is your duty?

Acb. I know my duty, fir; and, had it not been for that sycophant Diphilus, perhaps you had known

your's.

Lycom. I am not, lady, to be aw'd and frighten'd by stern looks and frowns.—Since your obstinate behaviour then makes violence necessary—

Ach. You make self-preservation, sir, as necessary.

Lycom. I won't be refus'd.

AIR XXVI. The lady's New-year's gift.

Ach. Why fuch affectation?

Ach. Why this provocation?

Lycom. Must I bear resistance still!

Ach. Check your inclination.

Lycom. Dare you then deny me?

Ach. You too far may try me.

Lycom. Must I then against your will!

Ach. Force shall never ply me.

Lycom. Never was such a termagant!
Ach. By Jove, never was such an insult!

Lycom. Will you?—Dare you?—Never was such strength!—[Achilles pushes bim from him with great wiolence, and throws bim down.

Acb. Defift then.

Lycom. Audacious fury, know you what you have done?

AIR XXVII. Puppet-show trumpet tune.

[Achilles holding Lycomedes down.]

Ach. What heart hath not courage, hy force affail'd,

To brave the most desperate fight?

'Tis justice and virtue that hath prevail'd;

L'ower must yield to right.

Lycom. Am I so ignominiously to be got the better of 1 Ach. You are.

Lycom. By a woman!

Ach. You now, fir, find you had acted a greater part, if (in spite of your flatterers) you had got the better of your own passions.

Enter Diphilus and Courtiers.

1 Court. An attempt upon the king's life!—The guards! where are the guards?

2 Court. Such an open, barefac'd assassination?

[They seize Achilles, and raise Lycomedes.

3 Court. And by a woman too!

1 Court. Where are your wounds, fir?
2 Court. Take the dagger from her, that she do no farther mischief.

farther milchief.

3 Court. The dagger! Where? What dagger?

1 Court. You will find it fomewhere or other con-

cealed; examine her, fearch her.

Ach. Save your zeal, firs, for times of real danger.

Let Lycomedes accuse me. - He knows my offence.

Lycom. How have I expos'd myself!—Dithilus, bid these over-officious friends leave me, and, as they value my favour, that they say nothing of what they have seen.—[Diphilus talks apart with the Courtiers, who go out.] Though the insult from any other perfon had been unpardonable, there are ways that you, madam, might still take to reconcile me.

Ach. Self-desence, sir, is the privilege of mankind. I know your power, but, as I have offended no law, I

rely upon your justice.

Lycom. 'Twould be fafer, madam, to rely on your own future behaviour.

Ach. Who was the aggressor, fir?

Lycom. Beauty, inclination, love. If you will merit favour you know the conditions.

AIR XXVIII. Old king Cole.

No more be coy;
Give a loose to joy,
And let love for thy pardon sue.
A glance ccu'd all my rage destroy,
And light up my stame anew.

For though a man can stand at bay Against a woman's will; And keep, amid the loudest fray, His resolution still: I'ct when consenting smiles accost, The man in ber arms is loft.

Ach. If your resentment wants only the show of justice, let this honourable man here be my accuser; it may be necessary for him to trump up a horrid con-

spiracy to skreen his own infamous practices.

Dipb. Your majesty hath had too much confidence in this woman. The lives of kings are facred, and the matter (trivial as it feems) deserves further inquiry.-There must be some secret villainous design in this affair.

Acb. And are not you, Diphilus, conscious of that

secret villainous design?

Dipb. 'Tis an offence, fir, that is not to be pardon'd. Your dignity, fir, calls upon you (notwithflanding your partiality to her) to make her an example. There must be things of consequence that we are still ignorant of; and the ought to undergo the severest examination .- My zeal for your service, fir, was never as yet at a loss for witnesses upon these occasions. [To Lycom.

Lycom. Don't you see the queen coming this way? Have done with this discourse, dear Diphilus, and leave me.—Wou'd I cou'd forget this ridiculous affair! For the present. Pyrrba. I trust you to return to the ladies; though (confidering your passionate temper) I have

little reason to rely on your discretion.

[Excunt Achilles and Diphilus.

Enter Theaspe and Deidamia.

Theaspe. I thought I had heard Pyrrha's voice.

Lycom. A jealous woman's thoughts are her own and her husband's eternal plague; so I beg you, my dear, fay no more of her.

Theaspe. And have I no reason but my own thoughts,

my liege?

AIR XXIX. Dicky's walk, in Dr. Faustus.

What give o'er! I must and will complain.

Lycom. You plague us both in wain.
Theaspe. You won't then hear a wife!
Lycom. I must, it seems, for life.

Teaze no more.

Theaspe. Nay, fir, you know 'tis true, That 'tis to her I oave my due. No thanks to you!

It behoves kings, fir, to have the feverest guard upon their actions; for as their great ones are trumpeted by fame, their little ones are as certainly and as widely convey'd from ear to ear by a whisper.

Lycom. These chimerical jealousies, madam, may

provoke my patience.

Theaste. Chimerical jealousies!—And do you really, fir, think your ignominious affair is still a secret?—Am I to be ignorant of a thing that is already whisper'd every where?

AIR XXX. Puddings and pyes.

Lycom. The flips of a bushand you wives

Will never forget:
Your tongue for the course of our lives
Is never in debt.
'Tis now funning,

'Tis now funning,
And then dunning;
Intent on our follies alone,

'Tis so fully employ'd that you never can think of your own.

Theaspe. My suspicions have, indeed, wrong'd Pyrrha.—How I respect and honour that girl!—Deidamia, that honourable, that virtuous creature Pyrrha, well deserves both your friendship and mine.—As soon as you have found her bring her to me, that I may acknowlege the merits she hath to me.

Exit Deidamia. After the repulse and disgrace you have very justly met with, you might with reason censure me for want of duty and respect shou'd lupbraid you.—'Tis past; and if you will never again put me in mind, I chuse to forget it.—Yet, wou'd you reward virtue, and had you any regard for my quiet—

AIR XXXI. My dilding, my dalding,

Ab! shou'd you ever sind ber Complying and kinder; Though now you have resign'd ber; What then must ensue! Your slame, though now 'tis over, Again will recover; You'll prove as fond a lover, As I'm now of you.

Lycom. What wou'd you have me do?

Theafre. I wou'd have you distrust yourself and remove the temptation.—I have long had it at heart to find a match for my nephew Periphas, and I really think we can never meet with a more deserving woman.

Lycom. Whatever scheme you have for her, I shall not interfere with you.—I have had enough of her termagant humours; she hath not the common softness of the sex.—'Tis my opinion, that Periphas will not find himself much oblig'd to you; for the man that marries her must either conquer his own passions, or her's, and one of 'em (according to my observation) is not to be conquer'd.

Theaspe. Marriage, fir, hath broke many a woman's spirit; and that will be only his affair.—When he takes her with him, your own family at least will be easy.

Lycom. Her presence just now would be shocking.—I cou'd not stand the shame and consusion.—I see her, and Deidamia with her.—Do with her as you please; you have my consent.

[Exit.

Enter Deidamia and Achilles.

Theaspe. The character Deidamia hath given of you, and your own behaviour, child, have so charm'd me, that I think I never can sufficiently reward your merits.

Ach. Deidamia's friendship may make her partial.-

My only merit, madam, is gratitude.

Theaspe. To convince you of the opinion I have of you—But I must first ask you a question—Don't you think, lady Pyrrha, that my nephew Periphas is very agreeable?

Acb. That impatience of his, to serve as a volunteer with the troops of Lycomedes at the siege of Troy, is

becoming his birth.—So much fire, and fo much spirit!—I don't wonder your majesty is fond of him.

Theaspe. But I am sure, Pyrrha, you must think his

person agrecable.

Ach. No woman alive can dispute it.

Theaspe. I don't know, every way, so deserving a young man; and have that influence upon him, and at the same time that regard for him, that I would have him happy.—Don't think, child, that I wou'd make him happy at your expence; for knowing him, I know you will be so.—Was the princess Calista here, 'tis a match she cou'd not disapprove of; therefore let that be no obstacle, for every thing, in regard to her, I take upon myself.

Ach. Wou'd you make me the obstacle to his glory?

Pardon me, madam, I know myself undeserving.

AlR XXXII. How happy are you and I.

First let bim for honour roam,
And martial fame obtain:
Then (if he shou'd come home)
Perhaps I may explain.
Since then alone the hero's deeds
Can make my heart give way;
Till Ilion falls and Hector bleeds,
I must my choice delay.

Theaspe. Nay, Pyrrba, I won't take these romantic notions of your's for an answer.—Deidamia is so much your friend, that, I am sure, she must be happy with this alliance; so, while I make the proposal to my nephew, I leave you two to talk over the affair together.

[Exit.

Ach. Was there ever a man in so whimsical a cir-

cumstance!

Deid. Was there ever a woman in so happy and so

unhappy a one as mine!

Ach. Why did I submit? why did I plight my faith thus infamously to conceal myself?—What is become of my honour?

Deid. Ah Pyrrha, Pyrrha, what is become of mine!

Acb. When shall I behave myself as a man!

Deid. Wou'd you had never behav'd yourself as one!

AIR XXXIII. Fy gar rub her o'er with straw.

Think what anguish tears my quiet,
Since I suffer'd shame for thee;
Man at large may rove and riot,
We are bound, but you are free.
Are thy vows and oaths mistaken?
See the birds that wing the sky;
These their mates have no er forsaken,
Till their young at least can sty.

Ach. Pester'd and worried thus from every quarter, 'tis impossible much longer to prevent discovery!

Deid. Dear, dear / yrrha, confide in me. Any other discovery but to me only wou'd be inevitable perdition to us both.—Am I treated like a common profitute? Can your gratitude (wou'd I might say love!) resuse to let me know the man to whom I owe my ruin?

Ach. You must rely, my dear princes, upon my honour; for I am not, like a fond weak husband, to

be teaz'd into the breaking my resolution.

AIR XXXIV. Beggar's Opera. Hornpipe.

Deid.

Can then nothing move thee?

Ach.

Ask not, fince denial gives me pain.

Deid.

Think how much I love thee.

Ach.

What's a secret in a woman's breast?

Canst thou thus upbraid me!

Ach.

Let me leave thy heart and tongue at rest.

Deid.

Love then hath betray'd me.

Ach. For heaven's fake, Deidamia, if you regard my love, give me quiet.—Intreaties, fondness, tears, rage, and the whole matrimonial rhetoric of woman to gain her ends, are all thrown away upon me; for, by the gods, my dear Deidamia, I am inexorable.

Deid. But, my dear Pyrrha (for you oblige me still to call you by that name) only imagine what must be the consequence of a month or two.—Think of my unhappy condition.—To save my shame (if you are a man of honour) you must then come to some resolution.

Ach. 'Till I deserve these suspicions, Deidamia, methinks it wou'd be more becoming your professions of

love to spare 'em.—I have taken my resolutions; and when the time comes, you shall know 'em: till then be easy, and press me no farther.

AIR XXXV. My time, O ye muses.

Deid. How bappy my days and how sweet was my rest,
Ere love with his passions my bosom distrest!
Now I languish with sorrow, I doubt and I fear:
But love hath my all when my Pyrrha is near.
Yet why have I griew'd?—Ye wain passions adicu!
I know my own heart, and I'll think thee as true;
And as you know my heart,'twould be folly to range;
For who'd be inconstant to lose by the change?

My life, my honour, then I implicitly intrust with you.

Ach. Who wou'd have the trouble of putting on a character that does not naturally belong to him! the life of a hypocrite must be one continual scene of anxiety. When shall I appear as I am, and extricate myself out of this chain of perplexities!—I have no sooner escap'd being ravish'd, but I am immediately to be made a wife.

Deid. But, dear Pyrrha, for my sake, for your own, have a particular regard to your behaviour till your resolution is ripe for execution.—You now and then take such intolerable strides, that I vow you have set me a blushing.

Acb. Considering my continual restraint, and how much the part I act differs from my inclinations, I

am surpriz'd at my own behaviour.

AIR XXXVI. I am come to your house.

Your drefs, your conversations,
Your airs of joy and pain,
All these are affectations
We never can attain.
The sex so often varies,
'Tis nature more than art:
To play their whole vagaries
We must have woman's heart.

Deid. Your swearing too, upon certain occasions, sounds so very masculine—an oath startles me.—Wou'd I cou'd cure myself of these violent apprehensions!

Ach. As for that matter, there are ladies who, in their passions, can take all the liberties of speech.

Deid. Then too, you very often look so agreeably impudent upon me, that, let me die, if I have not been mortally asraid my sisters wou'd find you out.

Ach. Impudent! are women so censorious, that looks cannot escape 'em?—May not one woman look kindly

upon another without scandal?

Deid. But such looks!—Nay, perhaps I may be particular, and it may be only my own fears; for (not-withstanding your dress) whenever I look upon you, I have always the image of a man before my eyes.

Ach. Do what we will, love at some moments will be unguarded.—But what shall I do about this Periphas?

Deid. His heart is so set upon the siege, that I know you can have but very little persecution upon his account.

Ach. Wou'd I cou'd go with him! Deid. And cou'd you leave me thus?

Acb. Have you only a womanish fondness? I thought,. Deidamia, you lov'd me. And you cannot truly love and esteem, if in every circumstance of life you have

not a just regard for my honour.

Deid. Dear Pyrrha, don't mention it; the very thought of it kills me. You have fet my heart in a most violent palpitation.—Let us talk no more upon this disagreeable subject.—My sisters will grow very impatient.—Shou'd we stay longer together, I might again be importunate and ask to know you; and I had rather bear the eternal plague of unsatisfied curiosity, than give you a moment's disquiet.—They are now expecting us in the garden, and, considering my present circumstances, I wou'd not give 'em occasion to be impertinent, for of late they have been horridly prying and inquisitive.—Let us go to 'em.

Acb. I envy that Periphas. His honour, his fame,

his glory is not to be shackled by a woman.

AIR XXXVII. The Clarinette.

Ach.

Ab, why is my beart so tender?

My honour incites me to arms:

To love shall I same surrender?

By laurels I'll merit thy charms.

L. 6.

ACHILLES:

252

Deid. Ach. Deid.

How can I bear the reflection? I balance; and honour gives way. Reward my love by affection;

I ask thee no more than I pay.



ACT III.

THEASPE, PERIPHAS, ARTEDONA.

THEASPE.

PERIPHAS, I have a favour to ask of you, and positively I will not be refus'd.

Per. Your majesty may command.

Thealpe. Nay, nephew, 'tis for your own good.

Per. To obey your commands, madam, must be so. Theaspe. I am not, Periphas, talking to you as a queen, but as a relation, a friend.—I must have no difficulties; therefore I infift upon your absolute promise.

Per. I am not in my own power, madam.—Lycomedes, you know, hath acceded to the treaty of alliance; that to furnish his quota, his troops are already embark'd, and that I have engag'd myself in his service.

Theaspe. Why will you raise obstacles before you know the conditions? 'Tis a thing I have fet my heart upon, and I tell you 'tis what in honour you can comply with.

Per. My duty, my obligations, put me entirely in

your disposal.

Theaspe. You promise then solemnly, faithfully-

Per. I do.

Theaspe. I have remark'd, Periphas, that you are prodigiously fond of the princess Califie's daughter.

Per. I fond of her, madam!

Theaspe. Nay, Periphas, are you not eternally at her ear?

Art. How I have seen that formidable hero, general Ajax, suffer upon your account!-Of all his rivals you are his eternal torment.—He reddens, fighs, and (as much as is confisient with such a blustering soldier's valour) languishes whenever you are near her.

Theaspe. You may safely own your passion, Periphas,

for I know you think her agreeable.

Art. Besides her being the sashionable beauty of the court (which is sufficient vanity to make all the young sellows follow her) you, of all mankind, in gratitude ought to like her. I know all of 'em envy the particular distinctions she shows you.

Theaspe. I am convinc'd of her merits; and your marrying her I know wou'd make you both happy.

Per. Let me perish, madam, if I ever once thought

of it!

Theaspe. Your happiness you see hath been in my thoughts.—I take the settling this affair upon myself.

Per. How cou'd you, madam, imagine I had any views of this kind!—What, be a woman's follower with intention to marry her! Why, the very women themselves wou'd laugh at a man who had so vulgar a notion of gallantry, and knew so little of their inclinations.—The man never means it, and the woman never expects it; and for the most part they have every other view but marriage.

Theaspe. But I am serious, nephew, and insist upon.

your promise.

AIR XXXVIII. No fooner hath Jonathan leap'd from the boat.

What are the jests that on marriage you quote?
All ignorant backelors censure by rote;
Like critics you view it with envy or spleen,
You pry out its faults, but the good is o'erseen.

Per. 'Tis not in my power, madam; 'tis not in my inclinations.—A foldier can have but one inducement to marry (and the woman may have the same reason too), which is the opportunities of absence.

Theaspe. You know, nephew, you have promis'd.

Per. But suppose I am already engag'd. Theaspe. That will be another merit to her.

Per. Tis impossible, madam.—In a day or two you know I am to fet out for the campaign.

Theaspe. A lady of her romantic spirit can have no objections to following the camp.

AIR XXXIX. Love's a dream of mighty pleasure.

Soldier, think before you marry;
If your wife the camp attends,
You but a convenience carry,
For (perhaps) a hundred friends.
If at home she's left in sorrow,
Absence is convenient too;
Neighbours now and then may borrow
What is of no use to you.

I indeed fear'd Pyrrba might have started some difficulties, but if you rightly consider the proposal, you can have none.

Per. What is the cause of the war we are now engaged in? Does not the sate of Menelaus stare me in the sace?

Theaspe. I will have no more of your tristing objections, Periphas; and as to your part, from this time, I will look upon the affair as happily concluded.—All that now remains to be done is with Pyrrha. I have lest her to Deidamia's management; and without doubt her good offices must prevail, for you can never have a better advocate.—But shou'd the girl be perverse and obstinate!—'Tis impossible. For however her heart is already engag'd, no woman alive can resist the ambition of such an alliance.

Excust Theaspe, and Artemona. Per. Had I so little taste of liberty as to be inclin'd to marry, that girl is of so termagant spirit!—The bravest man must have the dread of an eternal domestic war.—In a tongue-combat woman is invincible, and the husband must come off with shame and infamy; for though he lives in perpetual noise and tumult, the poor man is only ridiculous to his neighbours.—How can we ever get rid of her?—Hercules conquered the seven-headed Hydra, but his wise was a venomed shirt that stuck to him to the last.

Enter Ajax.

Ajax. This rencounter, Periphas, is as I wish'd.— The liberties you have taken—you know what I mean—when my honour is concern'd—an indignity, and all that !—'Tis not to be put up; and I must insist upon an explanation.—There is a particular affair, my lord—

Per. Your according me in this particular manner, lord Ajax, requires explanation.—For let me die, if I

comprehend you!

Ajax. Death, my lord, I explain! I am not come here to be ask'd questions.—'Tis sufficient that I know the affront, and that you know I will have satisfaction.—So, now you are answer'd—

Per. I can't say, much to my satisfaction, my lord;

for I can't so much as guess at your meaning.

Ajax. A man of honour, Periphas, is not to be trifled withal.

Per. But a man of honour, Ajax, is not obliged in

courage to be unintelligible.

Ajax. I hate talking.—The tongue is a woman's weapon. Whenever I am affronted, by the gods, this

fword is my only answer.

Per. 'Tis not, Ajax, that I decline the dispute, or wou'd upon any account deny you the pleasure of fighting; yet (if it is not too much condescension in a man of honour) before I fight I wou'd willingly know the provocation.

AIR XL. Maggy Lawther.

Ajax. What is all this idle chat?

Words are out of scason.

Whether 'tis or this or that,

The sourd shall do me reason.

Honour call'd me to the task;

No matter for explaining to "Tis a fresh affront to ask."

A man of bonour's meaning.

Be it as it will, *Periphas*; we have gone too far already to retract.—You know, I suppose, of my pretensions to a certain lady.—Now are you satisfied?

Per. If you had her, my lord, it had been much more to my fatisfaction. I admire your courage,

AIR XLI. Lord Frog and lady Moufe.

Ob, then it feems you avant a avife!
Shou'd I confent,
You may repent,
And all her daily jars and firife
You may on me refent.
Thus ev'ry day and ev'ry night,
If things at home shou'd not go right,
We three must live in constant sight.
Take her at all event.

Ajax. Hell, and furies! I am not to be rally'd out

of my resentment.

Per. Now, in my opinion, 'tis flinging away your courage to fight without a cause; though indeed the men of uncommon prowess, by their loving to make the most of every quarrel, seem to think the contrary.

Ajax. You are not so sure of the lady, Periphas, as you flatter yourself; for whenever I am a rival, by Jove, 'tis not her consent, but my sword, that must

decide the question.

Per. Sure never a rival (as you will call me) had a better reason for fighting than I have at present; for if I am kill'd, I shall be out of danger of having the woman.

Ajax. You might spare your jokes. Periphas, for my courage wants no provocation.—If 1 fall, Pyrrha may be your's: You will then deserve her.—Till then—

Per. So he that conquers, as a reward, I find is to be married.—Now, dear Ajax, is that worth fighting

for ?----

Ajax. Your passion for that lady, Periphas, is too public to bear dispute.—Have not I seen you whisper her, laugh with her? And by some particular looks at the same time, 'twas too evident that I was the subject of your mirth.

Per. Looks, Ajax!

Ajax. Yes, looks, my lord; and I never did or will take an impertinent one from any man.

Per. Impertinent one!

Ajax. Furies! This calm mockery is not to be borne.—I won't have my words repeated.

Per. Such language, djax, may provoke me.

AIR XLII. Richmond ball.

Per. What means all this ranting?

Ajax. Cease your joking; 'Tis provoking;

Per. I to my bonour will ne'er be wanting.

Ajax. Will you do me right?

Per. What means all this ranting?

Ajax. Cease your joking; 'Tis provoking,

Per. I to my honour will ne'er be wanting.

Ajax. Talk not then, but fight.

Give then by action

Satisfaction.

Per. I'm not in awe, fir.

Ajax. Death! will you draw, fir?

Tittle-tattle
Is a battle

You may safer try.

Per. Yet, first, I'd fain know why.

Ajax. By Jupiter, Periphas, 'till now I never thought

you a coward.

Per. Nay then—fince my own honour calls upon me.—Take notice, Ajax, that I don't fight for the woman.

[They fight.

Enter Theaspe, Artemona, and Guards.

1 Guard. Part 'em-Beat down their swords.

[They are parted.

2 Guard. How dar'd you presume to fight in the royal gardens?

1 Guard. Nay, in the very presence!-For see, the

queen.

Ajax. 'Tis very hard, firs, that a man shou'd be deny'd the satisfaction of a gentleman.

Theaspe. Lord Ajax, for this unparallel'd presump-

tion, we forbid you the palace.

djax. I shall take some other opportunity, my lord. [Exit.

Theafre. And as for you, Periphas—
Per. Your majesty's rigor can do no less than forbid
me the woman.

Theaspe. The woman, Periphas, is the only thing

that can reconcile me to your behaviour.

Per. That blundering hero Ajax will have it that I am his rival. The man will be almost as miserable without her as 'tis probable he might be with her.—Oblige us both then, madam, and let the general be miserable in his own way.

Theaspe. I cou'd not have imagin'd that oblinate girl cou'd have had any scruples to the match; but Deidamia tells me she finds her as difficult as you.

Per. Since you know, madam, that Pyrrba will have her own way; for both our fakes, and to fave yourself unnecessary trouble, your majesty had better give up this impossibility.

Enter Diphilus and Guards.

Dipb. To prevent future mischief, my lord, his majesty puts you under arrest, and commands you to attend him. General Ajax is already in custody.—'Tis his pleasure too, that (after you have paid your duty to him) you embark with the troops immediately; and you are not to come ashore again upon pain of his majesty's displeasure.

AIR XLUL

Pes. In war we've nought but death to fear,
How gracious is the fentence!
For that is easier far to bear,
Than marriage with repentance.
Begirt with foes, by numbers braw'd,
I'd bless the happy criss;
The man from greater danger saw'd;
The lesser ones despises.

Your majefly then, you find, must dispense with my promise 'till after the expedition.—If the general shou'd be so happy, to bring Pyrrba with him to the camp, perhaps we may like one another better.

Diph. The king, madam, wants to talk to your majesty upon affairs of consequence.—You will find

him in the royal apartment.

Theaspe. My daughter, with Pyrrha, have just turn'd the walk, and are coming this way.—You may stay with 'em, Artemona, till I send for you.

[Excunt Theaspe, Periphas, &c.

Enter Philoe and Lesbia.

Pkil. 'Tis horridly mortifying that these tradespeople will never get any thing new against a birthday. They are all so abominably stupid, that a woman of fancy cannot possibly have the opportunity of shewing her genius.

Lestia. The fatigue one hath of talking to those creatures for at least a month before a birth-day, is infupportable; for you know, sister, when the time draws so very near, a woman can think of nothing else.

Phil. After all, fifter, though their things are deteflable, one must make choice of something or other. I have sent to the fellows to be with me this morning.

Lessia. You are so eternally sending for 'em, one wou'd imagine you was delighted with their conversation. For those hideous stuffs they will shew us from year to year are frightful, are shocking. How can a woman have so ill a taste as to expose herself in a last year's pattern!

Phil. Dear madam, I beg your pardon. Let me die, if I saw you!

Lessia. Our meeting her was lucky beyond expression, for I never selt so uneasy a thing as a secret.

Phil. You know, fifter, we had agreed to trust her with our fuspicions.

Lestia. Yet after all, when a fister's reputation is concern'd.

Phil. But is not the honour of a family of greater

consequence?

Lestia. Tho' she is a woman and a favourite, I dare say, if Artemona promises, whatever she suffers she will inviolably keep it to herself.

Art. If I had not this quality, I had little deserv'd Theaspe's friendship—By all that's sacred, ladies, you may safely trust me.

Pbil. 'Tis impossible, sister, but she herself must have

observ'd it.

Lessia. Whatever people have observed, 'tis a thing, you know, that no creature alive can presume to talk upon.

Phil. Deal fairly and openly with us, Artemona.

Have you remark'd nothing particular of Deidamia yonder of late?

Art. Of Deidamia!

Lesbia. Only look upon her, madam. Phil. Well-what do you think of her?

Lesbia. Are you blind, Artemona, or dare not you believe your eyes?

Art. Her particular intimacy with Pyrrba, do you

mcan?

Phil. Dear madam!-Then I find we must speak first. Lesbia. Now, dear Artemona, can any woman alive imagine that shape of her's within the compass of common modesty?

Art. But how can one possibly have those suspicions? Phil. She is a woman, madam; she hath inclinations, and may have had her opportunities that we know nothing of.

AIR XLIV. Minuet of Corelli in the ninth Concerter

We may resolve to resist temptation; And that's all we can do: For in the bour of inclination What cou'd-I or you?

Lesbia. Though the thing is improbable, 'tis so monstrously evident that it cannot bear a dispute.

Phil. Then her bosom too is so preposterously impudent!-One wou'd think a woman in her condition was not conscious of her own shame.

Leslia. Or imagin'd other people cou'd overlook it

as well as herself.

Phil. Then she is so squeamish and so frequently out of order .-

Lesvia. That she hath all the outward marks of female frailty, must be visible to all womankind.

Phil. But how she came by 'em, there, Artemona,

is still the fecret.

Lesbia. I must own that, by her particular intimacies with that forward creature Pyrrha, I suspect her to be her confident in this accident.

Art. I beg you, ladies, to turn this discourse; for Deidamia and Pyrrba are just coming upon us to join the conversation.

Enter Deidamia and Achilles.

Lesbia. Now I dare swear that careless creature

Pyrrba hath not once thought of her clothes.

Art. Nay, dear lady Pyrrha, the thing is not such a trisle, for 'tis the only mark of respect that most people are capable of shewing. And though that is not your case, I know your gratitude can never omit this public occasion.

AIR XLV. Tom and Will were shepherds twain.

Think of dress in every light;

'Tis woman's chiefest duty;

Neglesting that, ourselves we slight

And underwalue beauty.

That allures the lover's eye,

And graces every action;

Besides, when not a creature's by,

'Tis inward satisfaction.

Ach. As I am yet a stranger, ladies, to the fashions of the country, 'tis your fancy that must determine me. Phil. How can a woman of common sense be so un-

folicitous about her dress!

Lestia. And trust a woman to chuse for her! 'Tis a temptation to be spiteful that very sew of us can resist; for we have not many pleasures that can equal that of seeing another woman ridiculous.

Phil. But you have not, Pyrrha, misplac'd your

confidence.

Enter Servant.

Serv. Your embroiderer, madam.

Phil. That woman is everlastingly pestering me or employment. Now can she imagine, that to promote her tawdry trade I can be talk'd into making myself ridiculous by appearing eternally in her odious embroidery?—I can't see her now.—But perhaps I may want her for some trivial thing or other.—Let her call again to morrow.

Serv. The anti-chamber, madam, is crowdel with

trades-people.

Phil. Did not I tell you that I wou'd not be troubled with those impertinent creatures?—But hold—I had forgot I sent for 'em.—Let 'em wait.

Lestia. But if those foreign merchants who lately

came into port are among 'em-

Phil. There, fifter, is all my hope. I shall be horridly disappointed if they don't shew us something charming.

Lesbia. Shou'd any woman alive get fight of their

things before us-

Pbil. I cou'd not bear it.—To appear in what another woman had refus'd, wou'd make the creature so intolerably vain!

Lessia. Are those merchants, I ask you, among 'em' serv. They have been waiting, madam, above this

half hour.

Lessia. And did not you know our impatience?— How cou'd you be so stupid!—Let us see them this instant.

[Exit Servant.

Enter Ulysses and Diomedes, disguis'd as merchants.

Art. Unless you have any thing that is absolutely new and very uncommon, you will give us and your-

felves, gentlemen, but unnecessary trouble.

Ulys. Our experience, madam, must have profited very little by the honour of dealing with ladies, if we cou'd imagine they cou'd possibly be pleas'd twice with the same thing.

Diom. You might as well offer 'em the same lover. Ulys. We have learnt the good manners, madam, to distinguish our customers.—To produce any thing that had ever been seen before, wou'd be a downright insult upon the genius of a lady of quality.

Diom. Novelty is the very spirit of dress.

Lessia. Let me die, if the fellows don't talk charmingly!

Phil. Senfibly, fifter.

Lesbia. 'Tis evident they must have had dealings with ladies of condition.

Diom. We only wait your commands.
Ulys. We have things of all kinds, ladies.

Phil. Of all kinds !- Now that is just what I wanted to see.

Lesbia. Are not these, sister, most delightful creatures?

Ulys. We know a lady can never fix unless we first cloy her curiofity.

Diom. And if variety can please, we have every

thing that fancy can wish.

AIR XLVI. The bob-tail lass.

In dress and love by like desires
Is woman's beart perplext;

The man and the gown she one day admires,

She wishes to change the next.

The more you are fickle, we're more employ'd, And love bath more customers too; For men are as fickle, and soon are cloy'd,

Unless they have something new.

Lesbia. But, dear man, consider our impatience.

Ulys. Wou'd you command the things, ladies, to
be brought here, or wou'd you see 'em in your own
apartment?

Phil. How intolerably these sellows love talking! Lesbia. How canst thou, man, ask such a question!

Pbil. Here—immediately.

Ulys. Nay, 'tis not, madam, that our goods can be put out of countenance by the most glaring light—as for that matter—

Lestia. Nay, pr'ythee, fellow, have done.

[Diomedes goes out, and returns with Agyrtes. Ulyf. I wou'd not offer you these pearls, ladies, if

the world cou'd produce such another pair.

Phil. A pair, fellow—Dost thou think that jewels pair like men and women, because they were never made to agree?

Diom. Now, ladies, here is all that art can shew

you.-Open the packet.

Lessia. This very individual pattern, in a blue pink, had been infinitely charming.

Phil. Don't you think it pretty, Deidamia?

Lesbia. For heaven's sake, lady Pyrrba.—Nay, dear child, how can any creature have so little curiosity!

Ulys. Look upon it again, madam.—Never was so delightful a mixture!

Diom. So foft! so mellow!

Ulys. So advantageous for the complexion!

Lestia. I can't bear it, man; the colour is frightful.

Phil. I hate our own tame home-bred fancy.—I own
I like the defign—but take it away, man.

Art. There must be something pretty in every thing that is foreign. [Ulysses shows another piece,

Deid. I am fure, madam, this must convince you to the contrary.—Never was any thing so detestable!

Lestia. For heaven's sake, sir, open that other packet;

and take away this hideous trumpery.

Ulyf. How could'st thou make this mistake?—Never was such an eternal blunderer. [Opens the armour.

Phil. How ridiculous is this accident!

Diom. Pardon the mistake, ladies.

Lesbia. A suit of armour!-You see, Philoe, they

can at least equip us for the camp.

Phil. Nay, Leshia, for that matter it might serve many a stiff awkward creature that we see every day in the drawing-room; for their dress is every way as absurd and preposterous.

[Another packet open'd.

"Ulyf. If your expectations, ladies, are not now answer'd, let fancy own herself at a stand. 'Tis

inimitable! 'Tis irresistable!

[As the ladies are employ'd in examining the stuffs, Achilles is handling and poising the armour, Ulysses

observing bim.

Acb. The workmanship is curious; and so justly mounted! This very sword seems fitted to my hand.— The shield too is so little cumbersome; so very easy!— Was Hestor here, the fate of Troy shou'd this instant be decided.—How my heart burns to meet him!

Ulys. [Aside to Diom.] That intrepid air! That godlike look! It must be he! His nature, his disposition shews him through the disguise. [To Achilles.] Son of Thetis, I know thee, Greece demands thee, and now, Achilles, the house of Priam shakes.

Ach. But what are you, friend, who thus presume to know me?

Ulys. You cannot be a stranger, sir, to the name of Ulyses.

Ach. As I have long honour'd, I shall now endeavour,

fir, to emulate your fame.

Ulys. Know, fir, Diomedes; he too is ambitious to attend you, and partake your glory.

Diom. Come, Agyrtes; with him we carry conquest to the confederates.

[Agyrtes takes a trumpet, which lay among ft the armour, and founds.

AIR XLVII. My dame hath a lame tame crane.

Ulyf. Thy fate then, O Troy, is decreed.

Diom. How I pant!

Ach. How I burn for the fight.

Diom. Hark, glory calls.

Ach. Now great Hector shall bleed.

Aoyt. Fame shall our deeds requite.

As Achilles is going off, he turns and looks on Deidamia.

AIR XLVIII. Geminiani's Minuet.

Ach. Beauty weeps.—Ah, why that langu sh?
See she calls and bids me stay.

How can I leave her? my heart feels her anguish.

Hence, fame and glory. Love wins the day.

[He drops the sword and shield.

Trumpet founds, and he takes 'em up again.

AIR My dame hath a lame, &c. as before, fung in four parts as a catch.

Ulys. Thy fate then, O Troy, is decreed.

Ach. How I pant! How I burn for the fight!

Diom. Hark, glory calls. Now great Hector shall bleed.

Agyr. Fame shall our deeds requite.

[As they are going; Achilles stops, with his eyes fix'd on Deidamia.

Art. For heaven's fake, ladies, support Deidamia. Pbil. Never was any thing so assonishing!

Lessia. Run then, Artemona, and acquaint the king and queen with what hath happen'd. [Exit Artemona.

Phil. Ah sister, sister, the mystery then of that particular intimacy between you and Pyrrba is at last unravell'd.

Lesbia. Now if it had not been a man of this pro-

digious consequence, it had been the same thing.

Sure never unguarded woman was so unaccountably Jucky!

Deid. Can you leave me, Achilles? - Can you?

Ulys. Consider your own glory, fir.

AIR XLIX. Gavotte of Corelli.

Ach.

Why this pair?
Love adicu,
Break thy chain,
Fame purfue.
Ah, false heart,
Can'st thou part?
Oaths and voves have bound me.
Fame cries, Go;

Love fays, No.
Why d'ye thus confound me?

Deid. Think of my condition.—Save my honour.

Ulys. Think of the honour of Greece.

Deid. Think of your folemn oaths and promifes. Ulyf. Nations depend upon you.—Victory, fir, calls you hence.

Deid. Can you, Achilles, be perfidious?

Ulys. Can you lose your glory in the arms of a woman?

Deid. Can you sacrifice the same of your saithsul Deidamia?

AIR L. The scheme.

Ach. O, what a conflid's in my breaft !

Ulys. What, still in suspence? bid fame adieu.

Deid. See me with shame opprest:

I curfe, yet I love thee too.

Ulys. Let not ber fighs unman your heart. Deid. Can you then go, and faith refign

Ach. Show'd I! -- How can I part?

Deid. Your bonour is link'd with mine.

Enter Artemona, Lycomedes, Theaspe, Diphilus, Periphas, and Ajax.

Lycom. Hence, Diplilus; and présume no more to come into my presence. 'Twas your paltry flattery

that made me ridiculous.—Such a genius can never be at a loss for employment, for I have found you qualified for the very meanest offices.

[Exit Diphilus.]

Theaspe. My daughter, sir, I hope, hath put con-

fidence in a man of honour.

Ach. My word, madam, is as facred as the most religious ceremony.—Yet (though we are already solemnly betroth'd to each other) 'tis my request, madam, that before I leave the court the priest may confirm the marriage. [Theaspe whispers Artemona, who goes cut.

Theaspe. This might have prov'd a scurvy affair, Deidamia; for a woman can never depend upon a man's honour after she hath lost her own to him.

[Achilles talks apart to Ulysses, Periphas, &c. Lycom. You must own, madam, that 'twas your own jealousies that were the occasion of Deidamia's disgrace.

Theaspe. How can you have the assurance to name it? Does it not put you in mind of your own?—Let her marriage to Achilles make us forget every thing past.

Acb. As you was so suriously in love, lord Ajax, I

hope I shall still retain your friendship.

Ajax. No joking I beg you, young man.—But pr'ythee, how came you here? and in a woman's dress too!—Your setting out, stripling, did not seem to promise much.

Ach. The adventure wou'd be too long to tell

you. I shall reserve the story for the camp.

[Artemona returns, with the priest.

Art. The priest, sir, is ready. Lycom. The ceremony waits you.

Ach. It shall be my study, Lycomedes, to deserve this alliance.

Lycom. May you be happy!

Theaspe. Let the priest then join your hands.

[Achilles, Deidamia, Lycomedes, Theaspe, Lesbia, Philoe, Artemona, retire to the back part of the

flage. The priest performs the ceremony.

Per. Our duel, Ajax, had made a much better figure if there had been a woman in the case.——But you know, like men of violent honour, we were

M 2

so very valiant that we did not know what we were fighting for.

Ajax. If you are too free with your wit, Periphas,

perhaps we may know what we quarrel about.

Ulyf. What, testy Ajax! Petticoats have led many a man into an error. How lucky was the discovery! for had you found a real complying woman, you had irretrievably been married. - The presence of Achilles thall now animate the war.

AIR LI. The man that is drunk, &c.

Per. Was ever a lover so bappily freed! Try me no more; and mention it never. Ajax. Suppoje you had found ber a woman indeed. Ulyf. Must I be teaz'd and avorried for ever! Ajax.

By conquest in battle we finish the strife; Diom. Per. But marriage had kept you in quarrels for life. Ajax. Must you be fleering? Truce with your jeering. Know that you wits oft' pay for your Sneering.

Per. If you had been deceiv'd by a woman-'tis what we are all liable to.

Diom. But Ajax is a man of warm imagination. Ajax. After this day let me hear no more of this

ridiculous affair.

Per. Nay, for that matter, any man might have been deceiv'd; for love, you know, is blind.

Ajax. With my sword I can answer any man. I tell you, I hate joking. [Lycomedes, &c. come

forwards.

Lycom. I have the common cause so much at heart, that I wou'd not, son, detain you from the siege.

There liv'd long ago in a country place. AIR LII.

Deid. How short was my calm! in a moment 'tis past; Fresh sorrows arise, and my day is o'ercast. But fince 'tis decreed - Let me flifte this tear. Be bold, yet be cautious; my life is thy care; On thine it depends; 'tis for thee that I fear.

Lycom. As both her country and your glory are concern'd, Deidamia must learn to bear your absence.—In the mean time, Achilles, she shall be our care.—As the marriage is confirm'd; let the dancers, who were preparing for th' approaching sessival, celebrate the wedding.

Ajax. But hearkee, young Cllow.— This is the old foldier's play; for we feldom leave quarters but the landlord's daughter is the better for us.—Hah!

[To Achilles.

DANCE.

Ulyf. We may for a while put on a feign'd character, but nature is so often unguarded that it will shew itself.—'Tis to the armour we owe Achilles.

AIR LIII. Minuet of Corelli.

Single. Nature breaks forth at the moment unguarded.
Chorus. Through all disguise she herself must betray.
Single. Heav'n with success hath our labours rewarded.
Chorus. Let's with Achilles our genius obey.

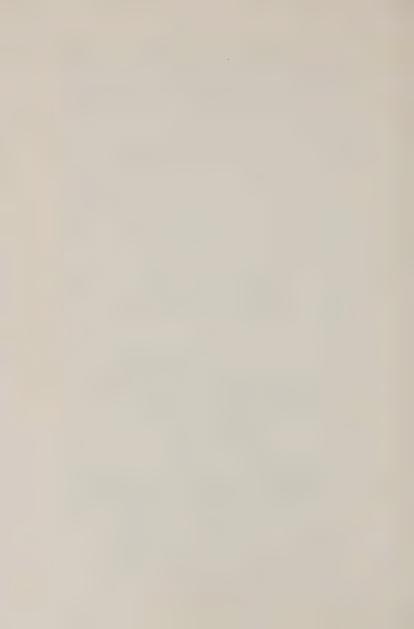
AIR LIV. Saraband of Corelli.

Ulyl. Thus when the cat had once all woman's graces;
Courtship, marriage, won her embraces:
Forth leapt a mouse; she, forgetting enjoyment,
Quits her sond spouse for her former employment.

C H O R U S.

Minuet of Corelli.

Nature breaks forth at a moment unguarded;
Through all disquise she berself must betray.
Heav'n with success bath our labours rewarded;
Let's with Achilles our genius obey.



THE

DISTRESS'D WIFE:

A COMEDY.

ADVERTISEMENT.

THIS COMEDY, and the Rehearfal at Goatham were finished by Mr. GAY, and intended for the stage before his death; when they were left, with his other papers, to the care of his noble friend and patron the DUKE of QUEENSBURY: His grace accordingly permitted them to the press, and they are here printed from the original in the author's own hand-writing.



Dramatis Personæ.

MEN.

Sir Thomas Willit.
Batter, a merchant, uncle to fir Thomas,
Lord Courtlove.

Pert,
Forward,
Flutter,

Trenchwell, a farmer, tenant to fir Thomas,
Humphrey, butler to fir Thomas.
Fibber, porter to fir Thomas.

WOMEN.

Lady Willit.

Lady Frankair, fifter to lord Courtlove.

Lady Rampant.

Mrs. Buxom.

Mrs. Clackit.

Miss Sprightly, niece to lady Willit.

Miss Friendless, cousin to lady Willit.

Fetch, lady Willit's woman.

THE

DISTRESS'D WIFE.

ACT I.

Sir THOMAS WILLIT, Mr. BARTER.

BARTER.

W HY did you bring her to town at all? Why did not you pack her off into the country three months ago?

Sir Tho. But to fall upon the fex in so fewere a manner looks like pique. You old bachelors should not judge of all women by those you have convers'd with.

Bart. Had I been ever married, nephew, you might have suspected me of pique and prejudice. Consider too, that a looker-on very often sees the oversights of those that are engag'd in the game; and of all mankind, according to my observations, a husband sees the least of what his wife is doing.

Sir Tho. But there may be exceptions, fir.

Bart. I tell you, nephew, 'tis every husband's case. A wise hath a thousand ways of blinding you.—
(Not to mention lying) What think you of flattery, fondness, and tears? Those are hood-winks that wives

have ready upon every occasion.

Sir Tho. Perhaps I have not the strongest reasons to be an advocate for matrimony; yet, for our own sakes, we should conceal our wives infirmities; for, if family disputes were to be made public, of all states, the state of matrimony must be the most ridiculous.—

I grant you, sir, I have been very credulous; and that

M 5

she hath teaz'd and flatter'd me too into ambition; and I did believe some great relations of her's were to procure me an employment; so that I must take part of the folly of bringing her to town upon myself.

Bart. And had you not a more profitable employment, than they could give you, in looking after your own affairs in the country?—Employments and titles are the shadows that you country gentlemen catch at, and knaves run away with your substance. Besides, nephew, you are whimsical, and have opinions of your own. Then too, you have a perverse uncourtly manner of speaking your mind. Never think of an employment without implicit political faith, and the other necessary qualifications.

Sir Tbo. I have given up all views, and am fix'd and determin'd for the country.—Such another year's ex-

pence would irretrievably ruin me.

Bart. A man with fuch a wife is never fix'd, is never determin'd; he is the weather-cock, and she the wind that blows it.—Give me leave to doubt your resolutions, for I can believe nobody in the family but your wife, because she knows what she will do.

Sir Tho. Nay, fir, you may believe me; for debts, duns, and necessity, have ty'd me down to be so unhusband like, as to make my wife do a reasonable thing.

Bart: But when she (with fondness and tears) assures you, that matters are just upon a crisis, that a good employment will soon set all assairs to rights; you must be convine'd she hath your interest at heart, and you cannot in gratitude resule to accept of her good offices in town for a month or two longer.

Sir Tho. Spare me, fir; for I know and own my

weakness in being led into this foolish scheme.

Bart. But are you fure that you can be so uncomplaisant, as to throw a lady into a condition of life that she is utterly unsit for? For you must have experienc'd she hath all the suitable extravagance becoming a court-lady.—Nay, you too (without an employment) have show'd yourself qualify'd for one, by running into luxuries you could not support.—Does she game as deep as ever?

Sir The. You know the does.

275 Bart. And can you be so unreasonable as to put her

out of the way of so innocent an amusement?

Sir Tho. Why will you aggravate matters? I am but too sensible of 'em already. -But it is necessary to pay tradesmen's bills upon leaving the town, and my sleward hath been so slack in his remittances, that I shall be obliged to take up another thousand.

Bart. To enable your wife to play with a freer spirit. Sir Tho. The moment I have fatisfied my creditors. I will remove her from the temptation; and nothing

the can fay shall make me alter my opinion.

Bart. Upon that condition, I will find a friend, who shall furnish you with the sum, for your own, and her extravagancies have drain'd me of all my ready money?-But is your wife prepar'd for this terrible

change?

Sir Tho. If you mean, that she is convinc'd, that the bath confented to live in a regular way (a way that almost every woman detests and despites) that is a question I shail never ask her. Though she is obstinate, I am as peremptory; so, without disputing a point I know the never will give up, the authority of a husband shall prevent all her objections. We shall have time enough for a reconciliation when we are fettied in the country.

Bart. Since I find you have got the use of your reason again, I shall take the privilege of a friend, and tell you, it was high time, upon every account, to do as you have determined. - Your character, as well as

fortune, suffers.

Sir Tho. I beg you to explain yourfelf.

Bart. Is there not a bargain and fale on foot of your niece Sprightly, to that formal pedant in politics, lord Courtlove? The whole town looks upon that treaty of marriage (as you call it) in no other light.

Sir Tho. She is a relation of my wife's, and 'tis an

affair that I have never meddled with.

Bart. How can the thing possibly have any other appearance?-What are your pretentions to an employment?-What were you to give for it?-I know the common way of dealing hath been, for so much honour, or so much conscience; but there have been those too,

M 6

who have dealt for wives, daughters and nieces.—In short, no place is to be had without a valuable confideration some way or another.

Sir Tho. I know there have been proposals from lord

Courtlove; but what is that to me?

Bart. The world (in things of this nature) will suppose a man and his wife agreed, though they know ten thousand instances to the contrary.—'Tis impossible for us to distinguish to whom the folly or indiscretion properly belongs, with that exactness you can do between yourselves; so that your wise's conduct, in this particular, must resect upon you.

Sir Tho. That old beau is an arrant assembly-

haunter.

Bart. But this is a serious affair.

Sir Tho. Not a young girl of any confequence can appear, but he is her profess'd follower; and they all coquet it with him only to turn him into ridicule.

Bart. That is not the case here. Indeed, nephew,

your wife's behaviour is downright scandalous.

Enter lady Willit.

La. Willit. How can you be so provoking, fir Thomas? Was there no place in the house to bring your company into but my dressing-room?—Mr. Barter, your servant.—After all, this is intolerable, that one can never have a room to one's felf.

Sir Tho. My uncle, madam, was desirous of paying

his respecte to you.

La. Willit. And why had not you brought him to

my bed-fide?

Bart. If your ladyship is out of humour — [Geing. La. Willit. Pardon me, Mr. Barter; I was not speaking to you. But you must allow that (notwithstanding the privileges of a husband) a wise ought to be treated with common good manners.—That's all.

Sir Tho. Your objections then, madam, are to me,

it seems.

La. Willit. Bless me, how can any creature alive be so captious? I vow, Mr. Barter, I look upon your visit as very obliging.—But when one is just out of

bed!—You might have been so civil, methinks, to-have sent up to know if one saw company or not.

Sir Tho. Nay, prithce, child, don't make yourself ridiculous. How can you put yourself out of humour for such trifles?—I have sent for my uncle to advise with him about settling my affairs upon our leaving the town.—

La. Willii. How should he be judge of our affairs?

Sir Tho. I am judge of 'em, madam.—I wish you were so too.

La. Willit. I wish some people would not be so overfond of their own opinions.—'Tis astonishing a mancan have so perverse a conduct, as to make it impossible for one to serve him.

Sir Tho. What do you mean, madam?

La. Willit. To speak plainer then, you are not a judge of your own affairs.—Sure you will allow me to-

know what I am doing.

Sir Tho. Then I must speak plainer too, madam, and acquaint you, that my circumstances oblige me to put an end to your negociations, and that my resolutions are taken to retrieve, to look after, and support the estate I was born to.—The wildgoose chase is over.—Let the necessitious and sycophants haunt levees, and seek to spunge upon the public; 'tis a pursuit beneath a free-born country gentleman. So, madam, I will not be the occasion of one lie more, either from you or your friends, for I here cancel all court-promises; and frankly own, that I am assumed of the part you have made me act.

La. Willit. I beg vou, fir Thomas, don't speak so disagreeably loud.—My head akes, and you worry one to death.

Sir Tho. Have you call'd in all your tradefmen's bills?

La. Willit. One would think you had found those creatures forward and impertinent enough without my encouragement.

Sir Tho. But these are things, child; that must be

settled.

La. Willit. Always upon this topic! A man with these vulgar scruples about him is his own eternal dun.—Was there ever a man, who grew to be of any

consequence, who did not run out?—Would you have credit, and not make use of it?—Now, Mr. Barter,

is not this narrow way of thinking provoking?

Bart. You would not, madam, condescend to appeal to a merchant upon this subject.—We live on in the humdrum way of honesty and regularity: We think, we act, differently from people at your end of the town; and as it never yet was known, can it now be expected, that courtiers should ever stoop to regulate their conduct by ours?—As I am no judge, you must excuse me from giving my opinion.

La. Willit. I wish you had never given your opinion to somebody else; for my husband is never so unreasonable as after he hash conversed with you.

Would your wisdom advise him now, out of caprice, to abandon a very considerable thing, that is ready for

his acceptance?

Sir Tho. You know my resolution, and I advise you

to prepare for it.

La. Willit. And do you really think this language is even becoming a husband?—For heaven's fake have done.—You know I am out of order, and company kills me; so that I must beg to be excused.—A brute!

[Exit.

Bart. I never enter into a dispute with a woman; for every reason against her, only serves to make her

the more obstinate in her own opinion.

Enter Fibber.

Fibber. Lord Courtleve, fir.

Enter lord Courtleve.

[Exit.

Ld. Court. The business of the day will make the levee sooner than usual this morning: If you will give me leave, fir Thomas, I will have the honour of waiting upon you.—I hope is do not break in upon business.—Pray, who is this gentleman? May one talk before him?—You will pardon my caution.

Sir The. My uncle, my lord.

Ld. Court. Mr. Barter, your most obedient servant.—The honour of being known to you is what I have been long soliciting.—Are we to have the favour of your company?—Shall I have the honour of presenting you?

Bart. To whom, and where, my lord ?

Ld. Court. Sir Thomas and I are going together to the levee.

Bart. My nephew may do what he pleases; I have neither business, nor any thing to ask; and I would not make myself seem a dependent, to swell any great man's vanity in Christendom.

Ld. Court. I beg your pardon, sir. You merchants

have your own ways of thinking.-

Bare. And of speaking and acting too.—But you know, my lord, we are a particular race of people.

Ld. Court. Pray, fir Thomas, hath Mr. Barter been disabliged?—I think it would not be prudent to talk upon your affair before him.

Sir Tho. My uncle is perseally well acquainted with every step I am taking, and I beg you to give him

no suspicions of me.

Ld. Court. Believe me, fir Thomas, you have not a common promise; I would not have your impatience shew you look upon it as such.—Your want of confidence of late, I know, hath given some unjust jealousies, but all those may be got over.—And will you just now, by any little omissions, make your affair impracticable?—You are sensible all my small interest is engag'd to serve you: I have made a point of it, and the thing shall be done.

Sir Tho. And so you have answer'd for my attendance

this morning.-I have business, my lord.

Ld. Court. At this particular time, fir, I know your absenting yourself must be taken notice of; and it would not easily be forgiven.—My zeal, fir, for your

interest, was the occasion of this visit.

Sir Tho. Is attendance and homage then expected from me as a duty?—Am I number'd among the profitute hirelings of power?—I hope my behaviour hath not made me appear to the world in the contemptible light I do to you and your friends. 'Tis high time, my lord, that my conduct should rectify your mistake.

Ld. Court. Without your further appearing in it, fir Thomas, I say the thing shall be done.—But at present I wave the discourse.—You must pardon me, sir, if I am somewhat solicitous about my own success.—Am I to be happy with Miss Sprightly? Did she listen to the sast proposals I made to lady Willit?

280

Sir Tho. The girl never ask'd my advice; but if your lordship asks it, I own I think the inequality of your age makes the thing ridiculous.

Ld. Court. The alliance, the fortune, I hope, is un-

exceptionable.

Sir Tho. 'Tis not, my lord, that I think your applications desperate; for daughters, as well as fathers and mothers, fet their hearts on nothing but title and fortune. As to love, daily examples shew you, they seldom wholly rely upon a husband.

Ld. Court. We are upon no secret, Mr. Barter .-You cannot be a stranger to my treaty of marriage with

Miss Sprightly.

Bart. If the girl was not so great a fortune, methinks your lordship's love would appear somewhat more dis-

interested.

Sir Tho. I have quitted all my pretensions to an employment; and did your lordship weigh the affair rightly, you would give up your's to a wife. - An employment frequently runs you into every fashionable extravagance, luxury, and debt: does not a wife do the same?—An employment influences your words and actions, even against reason and common sense: a wife hath done, and can do the same .- As I am resolved to do one reasonable thing myself, I advise your lordship to do another.-Keep your reason, keep your liberty, and think no more of my niece.

Ld. Court. She feems to wait only for your ap-

probation.

Sir Tho. Excuse me, my lord.—If I know her; sne is not to be influenc'd, but by her own inclinations: What those are I could never find out; perhaps they may be at present to a title; after you have her, they may be to something else.-Were it in my power, I would not do your lordship so ill an office.

Ld. Court. I truft myself to your friendship. -- I am forry I cannot have the honour of your company where I am going; when I return to pay my respects to the ladies, I hope to bring you proofs that my friendship was not merely profession.

Bart. I find you have the use of your reason when your wife is not by; consider yourself as a man, and confider her as a woman, and you may have it then too.—You were born to freedom, and would you feek to make yourself a flave? you were born to fortune, and would you stoop to make yourself a beggar? For of all beggars, I look upon a minister's follower to be the meanest.

Sir Tho. I have still, sir, so much of the spirit of a true Briton, that I despise myself for the steps I have been led into.—"Tis true, I am one slesh with my wise, but my mind is my own; and you shall soon be convinced, that I have so reasonable a regard for her, that my own honour shall govern me, and not her capticious passions.

Bart. That you may not be disappointed of the sum upon this emergency, it shall be my immediate business to find out a person to supply you. I'll be with you

again an hour or two before dinner.

Sir Tho. I shall ever own the obligation, and you will soon have the pleasure to see that your good offices were not thrown away.

[Exit Batter.

Enter Humphrey.

Sir Tho. Well, Humphrey, what want you?

Humph. My lady, si, hath order'd me to call upon the wine-merchant for six dozen more of champaign. Now the case is, Mr. Botler won't deliver a drop more without ready money.—Alack-a-day, sir! things are hugely alter'd from what they were in old sir Thomas's time.—But servants must see all, and say nothing.

Sir Tbo. 'Tis no matter, Humphrey.—You may tell my wife, that I gave you orders to the contrary.

Humph. Well,—it is no wonder that your fine folk live so great, when they pay for nothing.— Now to my thinking, to squander more than a man hath, is not so reputable a thing as your people of quality seem to think.—Why now, an't like your honour, there's your taylor uses you like a dog.—My lady too, methinks, had better play less and pay better.—But servants, they say, must see, and say nothing.—
What, though it be the fashion, to my thinking, there is no such mighty matter of greatness in being bubbled by knaves, and spunging upon industry.—Now, for

my part, I can't find out where would be the lessening of a great man, though he should pay his debts.—Great folk have great privileges, that's certain—But, troth, I think 'tis e'en as creditable to be just and honest.

Sir Tho. I thank thee, Humphrey, for thy blunt reproof. I feel the shame of being in debt.——'Tis a life of dependance, and beneath a man of honour.

Humph. And they tell me too, that matters are going at a wild rate in the country yonder. Hath your honour spoke with your tenant John Trenchwell, who came to town last night?—But here he is himself, and he can better inform your honour.—He would very sain have seen your honour as soon as he came to town.

Enter Trenchwell.

Sir Tho. Farmer Trenchwell, I am glad to see you.

Pray, what business brought you to town?

Trench. My business, fir Thomas, is merely upon your account. As I have always found you a kind landlord, I thought it my duty to serve you to the best of my power.

Sir Tho. What is that paper in your hand? Hath a

life dropp'd, and do you want to renew?

Trench. That you might not look upon it as a private pique of mine, you will find there the hands of most of your creditable tenants.—Your steward Survey,

fir, hath abused you.

Humph. Open his eyes, Master Trenchwell. Be a rogue never so rich and great, 'tis the part of an honest man to detect him.—Fear him not, farmer Trenchwell. A knave, before he is found out, is proud and insolent, but after he is found out, he is the meanest of cowards.—Speak out; speak plain. 'Tis what every fervant of the family hath long thought of him.

Sir The. 'Tis a remonstrance I see against Survey,

my steward.

Trench. He never had any thing to transact with any one tenant, but he had a private jobb of his own.

By what means, think you, hath he purchased all those fine tenements round you?—Only give your tenants a hearing, and you will not want proofs.

Sir Tho. I always took Survey to be an honest fellow.

Trench. And do you think so still? Sir Tho. I don't know what to think.

Trench. Read on. — Only see how he hath acted since he was lest to himself.

Humph. Well said, teach him to know a rogue from an honest man. 'Tis a lesson that country gentlemen almost always pay for learning.—Now he does not care to find him out, because it will give him the trouble of looking into his own affairs.—Then too, none of your high-born gentlemen ever care to own they have been imposed upon.

Sir The. The facts charg'd against him are very strong.

Trench. And very true.

Sir The. I have been very kind to the fellow.

Trench. Knavery, fir Thomas, is not confin'd to London. We are not so ignorant of the ways of the world. Pray, how think you stewards get richer than their masters?—Ah, dear sir—they know how to make the most of a place too.

Enter lady Willit.

La. Willit. How can you have your creatures in one's dressing-room?—You know I want to dress.—
What business have you here?—Did not I order you to go to the wine-merchant?

Sir Tho. I shall give direction about it, child.—— Here's my honest neighbour Trenchwell hath brought me a most flagrant information against Survey.

La. Willit. A gentleman would have a fine time on't to be influenc'd by a few discontented peasants.

Sir The. But the thing, madam, must be enquired into.

La. Willit. How can any creature be so dull, so unentertaining, to be always pothering over his own affairs! Can you be so unlike a gentleman, to think your father left you an estate to look after it?—What are stewards for?

Sir The. To look after fools estates, till they leave

'em nothing to look after.

La. Willit. Short and pithy.—But wh

La. Willit. Short and pithy.—But why am I to be warried?—I am not your fleward;—am I?—Do you

know that I am to have company to breakfast?——
Fetch, get my things ready to dress this instant.

[Calls at the door.

Sir Tho. Since the company and discourse are disagreeable to you, we'll talk farther upon this affair below.

La. Willit. What is the wench stupid?—Fetcb—No—let the disagreeable crew be gone first.—And let me know when every thing is ready.

[Exit.

Sir Tho. Where shall one look for honesty?—
Who hath it? — Or of what use is it to the owner?— 'Tis a restraint upon a man's fortune; 'tis a curb upon opportunity, and makes either a public or private trust worth nothing.—What's its reward?—Poverty.— Is it among the rich? No: for it never keeps company with avarice, luxury and extravagance.— Is it among the vulgar? No: for they act by imitation.— Who can one trust?—If I trust my fervant, I tempt him.—If I trust my friend, I lose him.—If I trust my wise, for the quiet of the family, she looks upon it as her duty to deceive me.

Tis then ourselves who, by implicit trust, Tempt servants, friends, and wives to be unjust.



ACT II.

Lady Willit, FETCH.

Lady Willit sitting at ber toilet.

Lady WILLUIT.

BLESS me!—How can any mortal be so awkward [Fetch combing ber bair.]—Dost think I have no feeling?—Am I to be slea'd alive?—Go—begone. [going.] Come hither. [returning.]—Who do you think is to dress me?—Tell 'em I'll have the teakettle ready this instant. [going.]—Is the wench distracted?—What, am I to set all day long with my hair

285

about my ears like a mermaid? [returning.] — Now I'll be fworn for't, thou hast not spoke for the teawater all this while, though I order'd it an hour ago.

Fetch. Not by me, madam.

La. Willit. So you tell me I lye—that's all. [going].—What is the blundering fool doing?—Am I to be dress'd to day or no? [returning]—Bid the porter bring me up the book of visits.—Why don't you go? [going]—Mult I bid you do the same thing a thousand times over and over again?—I am to have no breakfast to day, that I find you are determin'd upon. [stops at the deer.]

Fetch. Your ladyship bid me call the porter.

La. Willit. And where is he?—Thou hast not done any one thing that I have order'd thee all this day. [going.]—Bring me the lavender-drops. [returning.]—No, I won't have any now—you know I hate 'em—One would think the wench had learn'd from her master, and that I was born to be contradicted.—The visiting book, I suppose, is to be a secret; and I am the last of the samily who is to be trusted with it.—Go, get out of my sight, provoking slut. [stops at the deor.]

Fetch. Your ladyship hares one so-so-so, that you will not give one ti-ti-mc-to do a hundred things

at once.

La. Willit. Don't stand there a pouting and blubbering.—Is the creature grown a changeling?—Fetch, Fetch, Fetch, come hither, I say. [raises her woice every time she calls]—Well, madam, now I speak to you calmly. [Fetch returns.]—Will you be so obliging as to desire the porter to bring me the book of visits, as soon as he and you shall think convenient. [going]—But first (d'ye hear me?) [returns.] bring me the cellar yonder. [brings the box]—What am I to drink out of?—A tea-cup, fool.

Fetch. I hope your ladyship is well. [brings the

tea-cup.]

La. Willie. Thou art so intolerably stupid, there's no enduring thee. — I have rav'd myself into the spleen—hold, hold. [pours some cordial water into the tea-cup.]

Fetch. What fignifies that drop or two?-indeed,

madam, your ladyship should take a little more.

La. Willit. There, there; enough.—One would think, girl, thou hadst a mind to fuddle me [drinks.]—So then you won't take it away again!—What art thou pothering about?—Fetch, how long is it fince we came to town?

Fetch. The four months, madam, are out this

week.

La. Willet. Well; methinks, it is but a day, an hour, a minute.—I am determin'd he shall not have his will in ev'ry thing.—I am not to be dangled about whenever and wherever his odious business calls him.—Well.—And where's the porter? [Exit Fetch, lady Willit rises.] Sure, nothing can be more shocking than knowing the day of one's death, except knowing the day one is to be buried in the country! There to be stuck, and to have a new suit every spring like a tree, for the benefit of the birds of the air and the beasts of the field; to be gaz'd at every Sunday at church by ploughmen and their cubs, and draw the envy of their wives and daughters!

Enter Fetch and Fibber.

La. Willit. Thou wilt always be a blundering fellow, Fibber. [fits down.]—Give me the book then. [fnatches the book out of bis hand, and looks on it every now and then.]—Wilt thou never learn to know any body? Every creature is let in you should keep out, and I am deny'd to every body you should let in.—I am not at home this morning—d'ye hear me?—I mean to no odd-body; to no formals—I'll see no-body whatever.—To me visits are now as troublesome as to a man under sentence. Hath your master, Fibber, given any orders about going into the country?

Fibber. The servants, madam, talk of this week.

La. Willit. Servants will always be talking impertinently.—I defire I may have no more of your blunders.—You may go. [going.]—But stay; [returns.]

You know I always am at home to Mr. Pert. [going.]—Now, Fetch, pray tell me sincerely; who do you think the pretiest sellow of all my visitors?—Fibber.—Call

him back, and bid him wait without.—[Fetch goes out and returns.] Well,—Why don't you answer me? ...[Rifes.

Feteb. Dear madam!

La. Willit. Nav, Fetch, you fall tell me.

Fetch. Why, madam, I own, (if I must speak truth) I think Mr. Pert is a charming man.

La. Willit. Now, Fetch, you say that to flatter me. Fetch. Sure no creature alive was ever half so entertaining.—'Tis a pity he is so given to whisper.—

La. Wilke. After all, a woman, as well as a minister, would lose half her importance without her whisperers.—They give one an air of consequence at an assembly.—I know the women hate me for it, for it makes the men appear too particular.

Fetch. Now I love a man that speaks out.

La. Willit. Weil,—and what's the use of a whisper?— The fault of it, Fetch, is, that it is often too plain.

Fetch. Your lady ship should not betray his whispers. La. Willit. How dare you?—I won't suffer you, Fetch, to be impertinent.—But why is not the porter here i—Would'st thou have me call him? [Exit Fetch, and returns.]—For what was it I wanted him?—oh—

Enter Fibber.

If Mr. Forward calls, I think—Yes—You may let him in —But no one living creature befides. [going.]—Hold—Where is the stupid fellow going? [returns.]—And lord Courtleve too.—No—'Tis no matter.—But be sure you let me know when he is with Miss Sprightly.

Fetch. Your ladyship hath forgot Mr. Flutter.

La. Willie. The fellow could not be such a blockhead to deny me to him.—You know he is always admitted.

Fibber. And if lady Frankair calls-

La. Willie. How canst thou ask such a question? Have not I sent to her twice this morning? If she is not here in five minutes, order the footman to go again.—Now you know my commands.—But, be sure you let in no susties. [Exit Fibber.] How happy is that creature!—Of all the women in the world I envy lady Frankair.

Fetch. Why so, madam?

La. Willit. She hath her will in every thing, be it ever so unreasonable.-Then too, she hath not (like most of our fine ladies) lost her reputation, I should fay gain'd a reputation for nothing.—Besides, who lives more elegantly? Who dresses better? Who hath more command in her family? Who plays deeper and handsomer? Who hath the credit of more intrigues, and hath really had 'em? Half of the women in town have had nothing but the vanity of having loft their reputation.-Sure there was a time, when men and women had other pleasures besides vanity!-The flirting fellows now play at making love, as the children make believe gossipings and christenings. But, lady Frankair; fure, she hath more wit and more real pleasure !- Wou'd I were that very individual woman!

Fetch. But they say she runs her husband in debt

most monstrously.

La. Willit. And would'st thou really, Fetch, have a woman deny herself the use of her husband's fortune? [fits down.] Thou talkest so like my husband, there's no bearing thee.—I have an aversion to any body that is so intolerably wise.—Why dost not thou talk to me too of occonomy?—I am surfeited with that hideous word.—Don't you know we have company to dinner, and that I am to be dress'd to-day?—Nay, prithee, wench, don't lay violent hands upon me.—I won't dress yet.—See if the tea-things are ready.

Enter Fibber.

Fibber. Lady Frankair, madam.

La. Willit. Why did not you bid her come up, fool? [rises.] [Exit Fibber.

Enter lady Frankair.

La. Frank. Sure, child, you can never be so tame a domestic animal as to submit to dwell with birds and beasts! The town was built for rational creatures.—Pluck up the spirit of a woman of sense, and be obstinate.

La. Willit. How different is the state of marriage!— To you 'tis a convenience, to me 'tis a bridle; to you 'tis liberty, to me 'tis chains; to you 'tis a gallant, to me 'tis only a clog, a dog in the manger, — a husband.

La. Frank. All this is owing to your too easy complying temper. I dare say (as if he were another man) you now and then sit with him, converse with him, and have been unguarded enough to have been convinc'd by him.—Now that is what I can have no notion of.—'Tis such as you, child, that make husbands impertinent.—But, after all, why in these violent agonies?—The employment, that I know will be offer'd him, must keep him in town.—My brother Courtlove tells me the thing is sure.—But pray, how are he and Miss Sprightly together at present?

La. Willit. Never were two such unaccountable creatures!—The thing may seem incredible, yet 'tis certain, the man absolutely will not accept of an employment, and the woman resules a title.—In short, my dear, there are a thousand disagreeable circumstances, that concur to make my case desperate.

La. Frank. 'Tis not, child, that he hath any objections to an employment; 'tis the expectation, 'tis the delay, that hath difguited him. A promise hath disobliged many a country gentleman; but the em-

ployment never fails to reconcile 'em again.

La. Willit. But there are other things too.—Could you imagine him still so little acquainted with good breeding as to be jealous?—There are creatures who can never get the better of their natural rusticity.—Besides, 'tis evident, I am beset with spies. He keeps that awkward cousin of his in the house for nothing else, who worries me with her company eternally; and though she leads the life of a dog, like a spaniel, she is the fonder of me for her ill usage. That girl, I suspect, hath been a devil to me.

La. Frank. I really think her pretty; then too, she scems a harmless, good fort of a creature: I dare swear

she is inoffensive, that is to say, unobserving.

La. Willit. Hang her, I hate her.

La. Frank. But your business, my dear, at present is to gain time: you must contrive to defer the journey, or you are utterly lost.

La. Willit. What must be, must be,- 'Tis merely

possible the country may be agreeable to cows and asses; I hate meadows and trees.—The country air for health!—'Tisalye.—'Tisplague, pestilence, and death.

La. Frank. Why can't you be fick?

La. Willit. To have the immediate sentence of

banishment by the prescription of a physician.

La. Frank. But what think you of the spleen, vapours, fits?—Never sear, child, the physicians will keep such patients in town for their own sakes.—The spleen hath weakened many a husband's authority; the vapours have blown up many a dreadful resolution; and by well-tim'd fits I have known the most miserable slaves of wives grow to absolute dominion.

[Fetch enters; the tea-table brought in.]

La. Willit. Nay, I must and will try what can be done; for I had rather really die in town than live in the country; though I hate paradise, 'tis painted so monstrously like it. What is death but leaving the company one likes?—And is not one depriv'd of that in the country? Death is oblivion, 'tis a state of forgetfulness; but there we live and hear of pleasures that we are ever debarr'd from; and where's the difference of being buried in a church-yard, or an odious country-house? A restless, walking, dead thing, who is sensible she is dead and seels herself buried!

La. Frank. Only gain time, child, and you must gain

your ends.

La. Willit. 'Twas the malicious penny-post letter, about me and Mr. Pert, that made him thus entirely untractable.—I will get to the bottom of it, I am determin'd—I know the girl hates me.—Fetch, go call my cousin Jenny to me this instant. [They sit down at the tea-table.]

Enter Miss Friendless, and Fetch.

La. Willit. Heavens! How like a mawkin the thing looks! Whence came you now?—From flopping of tea to be fure!—Miss Sprightly and you are always nuzling your heads together.—I will have no pouting—don't stand biting your thumbs, but sit you down.—Now, Jenny, don't deny it; for I know that giggling

firt and you are always turning the family into ridi-

cule, that you are oblig'd to.

Friendl. How can your ladyship think me so ungrateful!-Let me entreat you, madam, to have a little confideration for me before company.

La. Frank. Are you for a cup of tea, Miss Friendless. La. Willit. Don't trouble yourself, madam; the girl is so cramm'd already, that she can't guzzle down a drop more-You, that are an observer in the family, without doubt, must know all things .- Will lord Courtis we carry his point with Miss Sprightly?—Now I take

Tack Forward to be her favourite.

La. Frank. Miss Friendless, your tea will be cold. La. Willit. Dear madam, do you mean to drown the girl? I told you she had breakfasted already. - But. Tenny, why don't you answer me?-Don't be in your fullens.

Friendl. She trufts me with none of her secrets.

La. Willie. How monthrously this girl will lie!-There. [She rifes and turns her round, and then fits dozun. Friendless remains flanding.] Turn about and show yourself .- Now pray tell me, lady Frankair, is this creature fit to appear in civiliz'd company?

Friendl. How can you be so inhuman? La. Willit. Nay; you shan't stir .- Now, Jenny, let me alk you one question, and know that I will have an answer .- How frightfully the girl stares!-What letter was that, which put fir Thomas in such insufferable ill-humour yesterday? Come, own it fairly.-'Twas Miss Sprightly set you upon it .- That flirt would have a regiment of lovers. I have long observ'd she hath an eye to Mr. Pert, and she thinks I prevent his coquetting it with her. - Now is not this true, coufin Jenny ?

Friendl. Your ladyship sure is not in earnest.

La. Willit. Let me have a direct answer; for know. I will be satisfied.

Friendl. You may believe me, madam.

La. Willit. But I won't believe you .- The thing shall be brought to light.—Now will I be hang'd if the hath not another letter in her pocket to carry on the

same mischief. - Fetch, turn out the creature's pocket. -

I know I am your aversion.

Friendl. What a life am I born to! chamber-maids, kitchen-maids, fcullions are to be envy'd. I am tormented, like a boy's bird, merely for diversion.

La. Frank. Really, madam, you are now too severe. La. Willit. Nay, madam, that is my business.—

Fetch, do as I bid you, huffy.

Friendl. Ah!

La. Willit. Why does not the wench give it me?— What a luggage is here!—Why dost not thou carry a knap-fack?

Friendl. I beg it of you.—How can your ladyship

expose one so!

La. Willit. What have we here?—A tawdry purse of her own work. Couldst thou imagine this a thing that cou'd ever be of use in thy pocket!—Here; take your dirty trumpery.—The top of a tooth-pick case, a bit of sealing-wax, and a huswise.—There; why don't you take your trolloping things as I give them you? A knotting-needle, a glass necklace, and a mother of pearl snuff-box.—So, now I see which way all my snuff goes.—There—pick 'em up when I bid you.

Friendl. 'Tis not to be borne.- I will have my

pocket.

La. Willit. You will!—How?—Am I to be infulted thus?—Am I to be talk'd to in this manner?—You will!—Fetcb, keep the girl from me till I have donc—You shall sind, madam, that I have the command in my own house.—You grow so monstrously uneasy, that I fancy the secret is not far off.—This broken-class pocket-book may be worth perusal; and this letter too, may make some discovery.—There, take all your nasty litter; [Flings ber the pocket. They rise from the tea-table.] it makes me sick; there's no enduring it.—To Mrs. Elizabeth Pantry.—Pray, how long hath this correspondence been between you and my house-keeper?

Friendl. Your ladyship cannot be so ill-bred as to

break open one's letters.

La. Willit. That such a creature should talk of good-breeding! [breaks open the letter.] Are you now convinc'd, lady Frankair, of the girl's impertinence?—

[reads.] " Mrs. Pantry, As I promised to give you intelligence of our leaving London, that you might " get things in order, I can now tell you, that I guess " it will be the latter end of this week. Your friend " and humble servant, Jane Friendles."-You are beals enough to be fond of the country, I find; and I am to be lugg'd thither to keep you company .- But the pocket-book may be of more confequence. -[reads] " For seeing the play with Mrs. Feich, one shilling et and fixpence. Lost at cribbage to Mrs. Fetch, twoof pence halfpenny. For feeing the wax-work in Fleet-" freet, fixpence."-Nothing but a paultry account of her expences. But what have we here? [reads] " A collection of the newest expressions in use among "the fine gentlemen and ladies."-What can'st thou mean by all this nonlense?-[reads.] " Having an " affair with a lady. Being well with a lady.-" Expressions not fit for a modest pen to explain .- To of follow a woman. That is, when a man takes all occasions to shew the town that he follows her."

Friendl. You tear me to pieces. Dear madam, have

fome mercy.

La. Willit. [Reads.] " A dangler. One that passes 46 his time with the ladies; who fays nothing, does of nothing, means nothing, and whom nothing is " meant to. It puts one in mind of Mr. Flutter."-Fool!-" A flirt. One who gives himself all the airs " of making love in public; that is of vast confequence " to himself, and to nobody besides .- Something of " Mr. Pert."-ridiculous flut !- [reads] " A fine man .-" Just what I take Mr. Pert to be. A man who knows " little, and pretends to every thing."-horridly ignorant!-[reads.] " A pretty fellow-that is, a fine dress'd man with little sense and a great deal of assurance.-" Mr. Forward is what one may call a pretty fellow."-Foolish beyond expression !- " The man is married ;-"that is, has an extravagant wife, is hen-peck'd and 4 a cuckold, like-"[looking on lady Frankair.] The girl is horridly scurrilous .- " Fusties, formals, and odd bodies. "That is, her own, and her husband's relations."-The only just remark thou hast made!-Here, take

 N_3

your impertinent book, get into your own soom, and darn your tatter'd pinners,—flattern.

[Exit Miss Friendless.

La. Frank. Supposing the girl innocent, your passion

made you very provoking.

La. Willit. I can't endure any thing so intolerably forward.—Sure all the fine men have abandoned me to-day; they desert me as rats do a falling house; they have a presentiment of my disgrace, my ruin, my banishment.

La. Frank. That is the point you are to guard against. Don't insist upon too much; get but a reprieve, and with my instructions you shall carry every thing you wish.

La. Willit. Now is that creature gone to grunt out her grievances to Miss Sprightly.—But she shall not have

that satisfaction.

La. Frank. Make ber your fingle view. On the fuccess of my brother Courtlove's affair, in short, depends your happiness or misery.

La. Willit. I know that malicious cousin of his, underhand opposes me in every thing.—Let us break

in upon their conversation.

La. Frank. I am for working up the girl to the match.—Respect keeps a man from hurrying on an affair, which may be the very thing a woman wishes; now upon such an occasion, 'tis incredible how much we women can do with one another.—'Tis certain, my brother is extravagantly fond of her, for it is not to be supposed but he might have as good offers.

La. Willit. Your ladyship speaks my very senti-

ments.-Let us about it this moment.

La. Frank. Man knows us not; we trifle with their art:
Woman can only judge of woman's heart,

ACT III.

Lady WILLIT, Lady FRANKAIR, Miss SPRIGHTLY.

SPRIGHTLY.

DUT after all, lady Frankair, the match would be ridiculous; you must think lord Courtlove too old.

La. Frank. What can you mean, child? I am proposing him for a husband, and you are thinking of a lover. Now those, in my opinion, require very different qualifications.

La. Willit. You should consider, niece, he is a man

of quality.

Spright. I should consider too, that many a woman hath paid too dear for a title.

La. Willit. But then his estate-

Spright. No doubt is sufficient to keep more women than one.—No woman can be so unreasonable, as to expect my lord should live beneath his quality.

La. Willit. Besides all this, his employment-

Spright. That is one of the strongest temptations to a man to give up himself, I grant you; but women have other temptations that are more prevalent.

La. Willet. What temptations but these can induce a woman to marry?—I always thought the girl wanted discretion; but now, child, you have convinced me

you know nothing of the world.

Spright. And you really would persuade me to make myself an old child's rattle, one that will be every day more and more a child, one that can never grow to a man!—Pardon me, madam, I had forgot he was your ladyship's brother!—but, however, you know that can't make him younger, and I speak only of my lord's age.

La. Frank. Miss Sprightly hath so many lovers, that she doth not care to determine on one for sear of losing all the rest.—Now is not that the case, miss?—Believe me, child, after marriage all the rest will double their

application.

La. Willit. You have then so little consideration for your own happiness, that you would venture on a young fellow.—Now, lady Frankair, is it not surprizing that girls can have so little judgment?—Suppose that Mr. Pert really was in earnest.—Nay, don't colour, niece, for I know he hath sent you verses.

Spright. What then?—That is, not that he admires me, but that I may admire him.—That's but a pump, madam; I know where his passion lies, though I think

his most prevalent one is his own dear self.

La. Willit. Nay, now, child, you are piqu'd.—But perhaps I may be mistaken, for Jack Forward is per-

petually fiirting it with you.

Spright. Ever talking, and ever faying nothing.— There is more entertainment in the chattering of a monkey, because one may imagine that creature means something.

La. Willit. Yet you feem to listen, niece, to what you now give yourself such violent airs of despising.—

Perhaps after all, Flutter is the man.

Spright. I do seem to listen, I grant you.—But does not your ladyship think there is a pleasure in hearing sools expose themselves i—Some women listen for one

zeason, and some for another.

La. Willit. Though every woman thinks she hath it, 'tis evident a true taste for men is very uncommon. Look ye, niece, I have consider'd your happiness more than your inexperience can possibly consider it; and I must own to you, that lord Courtleve hath had my consent.

La. Frant. All miss Sprightly's objections seem to arise from her particular notions of that family convenience, a husband. Look round, miss, among the husbands that you converse with, and then tell me, by

what you fee, what 'tis you expect.

La. Willit. 'Tis morally impossible, child, you can think of love and a husband together.—You are pats fixteen; and 'tis high time for you to have the views of a reasonable woman.

La. Frank. Would you feek to put yourself in the power of one man, take a young husband; would you have many men in your own power, chuse an old one.

La. Willit. Are not a jointure and pin-money security for every husband's good behaviour?

La. Frank. Are they not the pledges, the insurance

of our liberty and independence?

La. Willit. What can a woman wish for more i—Is not every pleasure included, child, in the having your own will?

La. Frank. You feem to have no notion of the real pleasures of a woman.—I am convinc'd, miss, you read romances.

La. Willit. Were you, like me, to lose three parts of your life in a detestable country house, it might be a frightful proposal.

La. Frank. But to have for life the opportunity of masquerades, assemblies, operas, plays, parks, and

drawing-rooms!

La. Willit. How can such a woman be ever unhappy!—Let me die, girl, if I don't envy you.

La. Frank. As lord Courtleve is my brother, what-

ever I say may be thought partial.

La. Willit. The flirting with young fellows is converfing with them in their own way; they mean nothing else; but lord Courtlove's address is of the last consequence. Now don't be ridiculous, child; I hope you will think yourself oblig'd to me.—But here he comes.—Lord Courtlove, your servant.

Enter Lord Courtlove.

Ld. Court. Ladies, your most humble servant.

Spright. No whispering, I beg you .-

Ld. Court. Though 'tis look'd upon as ill-manners,

it is always excuseable in a lover.

Spright. Your lordship's proposals are no secret; and why should we make believe love, when you are only talking of marriage?—Lady Frankair, and lady. Willit, have been instructing me in the duty of a wise.—But are we really in earnest about this affair, my lord?—Nay I must own they have set the thing in an agreeable light enough on one side.—But—'tis assomishing to me, how a man with so much wisdom about him, can take it into his head to marry!—My good aunt here tells me, she hath promis'd for.

N 5

me; perhaps, 'tis because she knows that no woman knows her own mind, or in this case, can answer for herself.—Take care, my lord, what you offer; should I take you at your word, I know you are a man of honour, whatever may be the consequence.

La. Willit. I now, niece, for your sake, will look

upon the affair as concluded.

La. Frank. There may be some things they would

not chuse to talk over before company.

[Exeunt Lady Willit and Lady Frankair.

Ld. Ceurt. Lady Willit, madam, hath promis'd that
this day she will deliver happiness into my possession.

Spright. Then lady Willit, my lord, hath promis'd she does not know what: for, as I take it, your happiness will depend more upon me than her; and no woman knows what a wife she shall make any more than she knows what she shall be in t'other world; perhaps an angel, perhaps a sury.—Look ye, my lord, you may venture if you please;—all I can promise is to be a wife as the world goes.—Now you know what you have to trust to.

Ld. Court. Could I but obtain your consent.—

Spright. What signifies my consent?—After marriage I can act without your consent, as you act without mine before.—That's a most enormous perriwig, my lord; o'my conscience 'twould load an ass, and cover head, ears and all.

Ld. Ccurt. You ramble from the question, madam. Spright. Look ve, my lord, I tell you before-hand, I won't be grave; it is so like duliness, I hate it.

Ld. Court. If candour, benevolence, and affability can cement affections, our mutual happiness will know no period.

Spright. And are candour, benevolence, and affabi-

lity all that I am to expect?

Ld. Court. Inclusive of the just duties of conjugal affection.

Spright. Your lordship speaks with so much solemnity, and so much deliberation, that your thoughts seem to be run away, and your words, I sear, will never overtake 'em.

Ld. Court. While I feel the fatirical strokes of your wit, I admire it.

Spright. I am glad you like it, for 'tis what I can't help, and you must expect.—An owl! an ass!—Sure all grave animals are ridiculous—but man. Really, my lord, whenever I see you in this solemn wise way, I shall think of a grave animal; and I must laugh, whatever be the consequence.

Ld. Court. Shall I never have the favour of a ferious answer? How can I leave my heart in so undetermin'd, so precarious a state!—This, madam, is a day of public importance too; and I think it hard, that the care of kingdoms should call me from what I value more.—Though it is a particular ministerial point, and I have given my word and honour; if possible, I will get my attendance dispens'd withal. Think, madam, how I shall suffer with impatience.

Enter Forward.

Ferw. What, in the name of love, can you mean, madam? Marriage would infallibly turn the jest upon yourself: The whole town have given you to lord Courtieve. To make a man so perfectly happy without the least prospect of a return, is the utmost pitch of generosity.—Now I (who know the men you have in your power) have a better opinion of your judgment.—Think of the consequence of such an husband.—To wed, to sleep;—no more!

Spright. Am I to be terrified with Shakespear? Let

Shake/pear then thus answer you.

" Of all the wonders that I yet have heard,

" It seems to me most strange women should fear;

66 Since marriage is a necessary ill,
66 And will come when it will come."

Why, Ferward, you have not the least idea of love; who can mention that and judgment together. Love and judgment! they are things, Forward, that are incompatible.

Forw. Only think on me, madam.—You are witness of my love; and no creature alive can dispute my

judgment.

Spright. Yes, I dispute it; or why this contemptible opinion of me? For I am not that credulous soolish thing, to imagine you ever meant to marry me.—All the fine ladies in town would tear my eyes out.—You belong to the fex, and 'twould be inhuman to rob 'em

of so innocent an amusement.

Forw. Innocent!—That such a charge should ever light upon me!—Wou'd (for some lady's quiet, who shall be nameless) that all husbands were of your opinion.—Yet, perhaps, I may have this infamous character, and it may be owing to my secresy and discretion.

Spright. Suppose, now, I should pin you down to

your proposal. - Poor lady Frankair!

Forav. The town is malicious.—Gallantry, nothing but gallantry.

Spright. But lady Rampant.

Forav. Importunate, filly woman! I have left har off these three weeks.

Spright. The widow Buxom too.

Forav. Sure the women themselves must have a vanity in telling it!—Where the devil got you your inselligence?

Spright. And the forlorn, disconsolate, Mrs. Clackit.
Forw. Defend me from her!—She is of so forward
a constitution, that her reputation was sing'd at sisteen.—Was the girl ever such an ideot to think I meant

to marry her?

Spright. I am not that ideot, Forward.—Some women are to be ruin'd one way, and some another; but 'tis not every woman's good fortune to be ruined by marriage.—How can your sine women be so unconscionable!—Nay, there's my aunt too, lady Willit, would never forgive me.—I know this visit was meant to her; so I shall not have the vanity to take it to myself.

Forno. You know, miss Sprightly, where she is particularly; but I take it to be more owing to Fetch's infinuation than her inclinations; for that Pert is a most egregious coxcomb; he hath just capacity enough to

corrupt a chamber-maid.

Spright. You are now, Forward, giving proofs of your fecrefy and discretion; for you know 'tis not safe to trust one of the samily.

Forw. No, faith, madam, I am in earnest.—Not that I think his success so sure neither.—For by this

301

time (for fome reasons I know) I believe fir Thunassmoaks their intimacy.

Spright. For some reasons!

Forw. I mean, madam, the affair is grown so very public.—But what's all this to the purpose? I come, madam, to save you.—Only imagine yourself married to your old fellow. He may be jealous; he must be inconvenient; for husbands will every now and then be thrusting themselves into their wives parties of pleasure.

Spright. These are terrors we must risque; but woman's resolution gets the better of them all. — Now, Jack Forward, don't take this to yourself. — Between one sool's vanity, and another's resentment, a woman's reputation is in prodigious safe hands among you fine

gentlemen.

Forw. What do you mean, madam?

Spright. Did not you fay just now that Pert was a coxcomb? 'Tis plain you converse with the ladies, for the finest woman alive could not treat a friend more familiarly.—But should my aunt surprise us together, her jealous temper would conclude I don't know what.

—So, Mr. Forward, your servant.

[Exit.

Enter Fetch, Flutter, Pert ..

Fetch. My lady, fir, is in the utmost confusion, that any business should make you wait;—in two or three minutes she'll be at liberty.—Now don't go, Mr. Forward, I know she'll take it mortally ill.—Mr. Flutter, your servant.—Mr. Pert! I must own I am always glad to see you, though I blush to tell you so.—Were not you very impudent last night?—How could you have the assurance to make me such a proposal?—But then, how can I have the assurance to remember it?

Forw. You must always be particular.—Why may not we too share the pleasure of Mrs. Fetch's con-

versation?

Fetch. You must excuse me, gentlemen, for I dare not stay;—my lady will be with you immediately.

Flutter. Most certainly she must be at prayers; for that is the only thing the sine women are now asham'd to do before us.

Pert. Perhaps she is with her husband, and would not chuse to appear ridiculous, by being caught in such difagreeable company.

Flutter. Let me die, if I don't think Jack Foravard is well with more women than any one man in England.

Pert. Only mention him, and they cry, that Forward

is fo easy, so good-natur'd.

Flutter. Good-nature is another name for flattery. tis upon that score the women are so fond of it.

Pert. But is your visit, Forward, to lady Willit

or miss Sprightly?

Flutter. How can you, Jack, be so inhuman, as not to rescue the girl out of the paws of that old baboon?

Forw. You must always take a woman in her own way. - She hath her scruples about marriage; and I had always (though she was a fair hit) too much goodnature to ruin her.

Flutter. I'll lay you fifty guineas there is one in the

company that still might have her.

Pert. You might have faid three, and had a fure bet on't.—One does not care to shock the girl.—Let me die, if I have not been forced to turn the discourse, to prevent her proposing it.

Forw. I dare swear she hath ask'd Flutter. Flutt. Never directly, as I hope to be sav'd.

[Adjusting himself at the glass.

Pert. Let her marry .- That is not our affair; a husband is a stalking horse, that makes the game the furer.

Forw. That Flutter hath so much vanity, and such

a flock of affurance!

Pert. And what accomplishments are more successful? His vanity takes with the women, as they are fond of what is like themselves.

Forw. And without assurance they find a man good

for nothing.

Pert. The fellow is a fool; but what then? a fool with a woman may have his merits.

Forw. What in contemplation!

Pert. Why, Flutter, you feem as if you were thinking. Flutt. I hate that Forward.—Wherever he is admitted he makes others appear as infignificant as himfelf.—You know him to be a conceited puppy.

Pert. But we must bear him; for whoever follows the fine women must take up with the company they keep.

Flutt. Why so disconsolate, Forward? never despair

upon miss Sprightly's account.

Pert. Let lord Courtlove have her.—We shall have her slirting about, and taking all the liberties of a wise in a fortnight.

[Pert at the looking-glass.

Forav. I am fick of that Pert.—The fellow follows me every where like a shadow, and is of no more con-

sequence.

Flutt. Then too he hath invention equal to his vanity. Forw. The puppy must think we have the faith of prudes, who are ready to believe all scandal for the sake of telling it again.

Enter Sir Thomas Willit.

Sir Tho. Gentlemen, your servant.—My wife is a little indispos'd, and begs to be excus'd this morning.

—I have business, and you must pardon me. [Exit.

Pert. Whosoever makes love to the wife, must some-

times bear the husband's impertinence.

Forw. Let me die, if I don't pity the poor woman who must bear both his and her husband's too. [To Flut. [Exeunt Forward and Flutter.]

[Fetch enters and twitches Pert by the fleeve.

Fetch. Never was any thing so unlucky! O dear Mr. Pert!—What is it that we have done?

Pert. Nothing yet, my dear girl: and you cannot

blame me.

Fetch. There's no enduring you. How can you be fo impudent? Now don't look upon my calling you back as an encouragement; for if you are so provokingly rude again, let me die if I don't tear your eyes out.

Pert. Would you have me love you, and not tell you to?—Nay pr'ythee, child.—What is the meaning of

thefe airs?

Fetch. Let go my hand, you devil.—I won't be pull'd and haul'd.—Why am I to be talk'd to in this audacious manner?—What do you take me for?

Pert. You shall not go, child.—I will know what

hath happen'd.

Fetch. Don't be rude then -The minute you grow uncivil, depend upon it I'll leave you.

Pert. 'Tis in vain, child; I will have it so.-You

shall sit down by me.

Fetch. I tell you I won't .- Should I be caught (fier down) in this familiar way, what is there people might not think of me?-And so you must know, you have made a most dreadful quarrel in the family .- That impudent letter you fent to dissuade me from going into the country, fet me in such a fluster, that in the hurry and confusion I only burnt the cover, and fir Thomas found the letter; and his jealousy imagines it was sent to his wife.—Now you know, be the confequences never so terrible. I dare not tell the truth, and take it upon myself.-We may set out for the country to-night for ought I know.—Every thing hath that appearance.

Pert. Well, my dear, what's all this to us?-Now

is your time to resolve then.

Fetch. What! to be a whore!-[Rifes] I am not

that credulous fool you take me for,

Pert. You mistake the thing, child.—I have more regard for your reputation, and I never propos'd but to keep you.

Fetch. Keep me! impertinence.

Pert. Why not? Marriage of late is grown to that prodigious expence, that few estates can support it.-Pr'ythee, child, how do you think that young gentlewomen of small fortunes dispose of themselves ?- 'Tis become quite reputable. You see 'em admitted every where. - Then where can lie your objection?

Fetch. I wonder how I can have the impudence to

listen to you.

Pert. Only look upon that paper.

Fetch. I look upon your odious papers !

Pert. A hundred, and for life. Fetch. I tell you I won't be ruin'd.

Pert. 'Tis a settlement, child. Do not all women,. even in marriage, look upon that as the most material part of the ceremony.

Fetch. So you won't be answered!

Pert. Let us fign and seal.

Fetch. Let me die if ever I see your face again !

305

Pert. A hundred, and for life.

Fetch. A whore! faugh.—Because you are a pretty man, you think you may say any thing. Let me go.

Pert. For life! look upon it, read it.

Fetch. Infinuating monster! you know I like you, and that makes you give yourself these liberties.—I tell you again, I won't.—What would you have me say to you?

Pert. You are determin'd then, like your lady, to lose your life in the country, in marriage and penitence.

Fetch. If any man could prevail—But what am I faying?—I won't.—Dear Mr. Pert, don't insist upon

it. - I avon't. - My reputation !

Pert. What dost thou mean, child, by reputation? Why should you frighten yourself with such unsashionable scruples?—If you were a wise, you could not be so ungenteel as once to think of it; and 'tis really filly to make those distinctions between before marriage and after.

Fetch. I am afraid to trust my words with my thoughts.

—I don't know what to say.

Pert. You will then.

Fetch. Sure the only security of any woman's virtue is to keep it out of temptation! [Sight.

Pert. Well then, my dear, the affair is fix'd.

Fetch. I was not so impudent to consent, was I?—I have not given my word, Mr. Pert.—But if you are refolv'd to ruin me—My lady rings, and I must leave you this moment.—Nay dear, dear Mr. Pert, I won't be kis'd.—But am I to take that paper with me?

Pert. Hold, child, things of this nature like marriage must be done in form. Every thing shall be ready when next we meet.—Think my dear what I have saved you from.—Had you gone into the country with these scruples about you, you must have dy'd a maid, or at least have been married.—How many married women will now envy you!

How sweet, though short, would be the nuptial life L Is 'twas no longer love, no longer wise.

ACT IV.

Lady WILLIT, FETCH.

Lady WILLIT.

ELL!—And what is become of all the men?— Did not I charge you not to let 'em go?

Fetch. Sir Thomas, madam-

La. Willit. Sir Thomas! always Sir Thomas!—I have so much of him, that I am sick of the very name.—For heaven's sake, talk of something more agreeable.——Can I never have any one thing done that I order?—Are they gone, I ask you?

Fetch. Your husband then, madam-

La. Willit. Husband! hideous!—How can the wench be so vulgar! Husband!—Didst thou ever hear that word even in mix'd conversation that was commonly well-bred; for who can tell but there may be married women in company?—To my face too—What have I done to be mortified in this brutal manner?

Fetch. Your ladyship ask'd me a question.— La. Willit. And why don't you answer me?

Fetch. Sir Thomas then, madam, told 'em you were indispos'd, and desir'd to be excus'd.

La. Willit. A favage!—You could have told him he ly'd.—

Fetch. There are familiarities that might become

your ladyship. --

La. Willit. Impertinence! don't talk to me. It kills me to think of his behaviour.—I'm fick to death of him.—[Flings kerfelf on the couch.] The falts—Where are they?—Where have you missaid the bottle, monster?—What is the blund'ring fool looking for?—I know you saw I had it in my hand, and thou would's not have the humanity all this while to tell me of it.—So you won't then give me that play-book when I bid you!—I'll read, and try to forget him.

Fetch. Your ladyship changes your mind so often. that 'tis impossible for any servant alive to keep pace

with it.

La. Willit. You will talk then !

Fetch. When one does all one can to please you — La. Willit. Hold your tongue, I say, and don't provoke me.—I hate this filly trash.—

[Flings away the books

Enter Fibber.

La. Willit. What does this fellow want? How dar'd you come into the room without being fent for?—Where's the blockhead going?—Well, what hast thou to fav to me now?

Fibb. Miss Clackit presents her humble service to your ladyship, and hopes that you have not forgot that she is to go to the opera with your ladyship at night.

—She'll call upon your ladyship at half an hour after

five.

La. Willit. Say that I'm out of order; that I see no company; —say any thing.—Now, can that brute ever

make me amends for the loss of an opera?

Fibb. Mrs. Buxom, madam, fent word, that she hath secur'd a box for the new play next week, and that there will be room for your ladyship, lady Frankair, and miss Sprightly.

La. Willit. What will become of me! I must and will keep my engagements.—Why did I ever know there was such a place as London?—Was there no

body besides?

Fibb. Lady Rampant depends upon your ladyship to

make up her quadrille party after the opera.

La. Willit. 'Tis intolerable, that one must set every agreeable thing aside for the impertinent business of a husband.—You may go.—But hast thou any thing else to say to me?

Fibb. Only the man left the masquerade tickets for

your ladyship-Here they are, madam.

La. Willit. Blockhead! fool! [Tears them to pieces.] But why, I pray, were not these messages deliver'd me as they were sent?

Fibb. Your ladyship was with ur Thomas; and I had

his politive orders to the contrary.

La. Willit. Get you out of my fight.—How dar'd you to think of obeying him in any thing that related to me? [Exit Fibber.] This coulin of his is a most hypocritical jade—I must and will unravel this affair.—

308

Call her to me then.—[Exit Fetch, and returns with Friendless.] But now I think on't I'll stay till I have seen lady Frankair.—Have you any business with me, madam?

Friendl. Did not your ladyship send for me?

La. Willit. I send for you !-Don't statter thyself, girl, I am not in such miserable distress for company.
-You may go again.

[Exit Friendless.

La. Willit. How could you be such a blundering

creature?-Did not I bid you call Miss Sprightly.

[Geing ;

Fetch. Really, madam, you confound me. [Returns. La. Willit. I won't be spoke to.—Where are you going i—[Going.] I won't see her now; I've chang'd my mind.

Fetch. If it be not an unreasonable request from a servant, I could wish your ladyship would know your own mind before you speak:—'Twould save you a great many words, and me a great deal of trouble.

La. Willit. I tell you, Fetch, I won't bear your infolence.—Go, fee who 'tis that knocks.—If 'tis lady Frankair, that blund'ring fool of a porter may deny me. —I'll call when I want you. [Exit Fetch.

Enter Lady Frankair.

La. Willit. If I had done any thing to make him

jealous, it wou'd not vex me.

La. Frank. Hath he still the use of his reason? sure he must be more than man, or you less than woman!—What, let a man that loves you have his own way!—How can you answer it to the sex?

La. Willit. The creature fancies too he hath bufiness.

La. Frank. And fancies you have pleasure.—Why cannot each of you follow your own amusement?—Did ever any man but a husband talk to a woman about business?—One wou'd imagine they did not know what we were made for.

Enter Fibber.

Fibb. Lord Courtlove, madam.

[Exit.

Enter Lord Courtlove.

La. Willit. Is the affair fettled? You must pardoa me, my lord; for I am very impatient.

Ld. Court. The promise is renew'd, but the place is gone. What is a promise?—A civility, and nothing more; and yet greedy necessitous sools will depend upon it; they will flatter, they will lye, they will betray for it; they will run in debt upon it; they take it too as current coin, and, till their creditors fall upon 'em, they never find the mistake.—Excuse me, ladies, for I have lost all temper.

La. Willit. Then I am wretched.

La. Frank. You are a lost woman if you trust yourself in the country with him-We must defer it.

La. Willit. But how, how! that's the question, my

dear lady Frankair.

La. Frant. Miss Sprightly must have my brother.

Nay, child, we must some way or other bring it about.

La. Willit. Wou'd I cou'd marry him!

La. Frant. I hope fir Thomas hath never seen you in this tame governable way.—Shou'd he imagine you had so much condescension in your constitution, there is no husband alive but wou'd take the advantage of it.—How many of 'em have I known spoil'd to all intents and purposes by our compliance to what they call reasonable things!—Now I can have no notion that a husband can propose a reasonable thing.

La. Willit. I am forry your ladyship hath so mean an opinion of my understanding.—Sir Thomas may give himself what airs he pleases, but upon this head I

have nothing to accuse myself.

La. Frank. Support the dignity of your character now or never.—Though you are his wife, determine

to be always your own woman.

La. Willit. But who can hinder the creature from thruthing his advice upon one?—Had I ever taken it, I should not wonder at him.—But, dear lady Frankair, can you think of any scheme to save me, for I hate to be obstinate when there is no occasion for it?

La. Frank. Keep your temper, child; your case is not yet desperate.—Now wou'd not any one swear that man was really unhappy? So disconsolate, so sighing, and all for the loss of a woman!—Had he been a year or two married, he would have learnt to have borne a loss of this kind with more philosophical resigna-

tion.—Brother, nay prithee, brother, is it the ill usage of friends or of your mistress that touches you?

Ld. Court. 'Tis not that I am so unexperienc'd in public business, as to expect that every promise should be comply'd with; but 'tis hard, sister, that one of my consequence shou'd be treated like a common country gentleman.

La. Frank. Have you not told me, child, that Mr. Barter influences your husband in every thing i—We

must make that man our friend.

La. Willit. Never think of it.—Had it not been for that meddling fool, mine had never once thought of his debts, nor the family been in this confusion.

La. Frank. Yet there may be ways of fostening him.

La. Willit. You don't know him. La. Frank. Pardon me, madam.

La. Willit. 'Tis impossible.

La. Frank. Have not you observed, that he and I of late are very well together?—He makes up to me upon all occasions.—We only ask him, child, to speak and act contrary to his opinion; trisses that, my brother knows, are every day got the better of in things of greater consequence.—What offers hath he refused that he ever been rightly applyed to?

La. Willit. But then that cursed devil of a girl

Friendless, is so set against me.

La. Frank. Now I really don't think the girl, in common justice to herself, should part with her interest in miss Sprightly for nothing.—My brother ought to have offer'd her some sort of civility. As the interest with our friends is a saleable commodity, pray, why should not she make the best of it too?

Ld. Court. Without doubt; it hath been a shame-

ful omission.

La. Willit. Now is it not assonishing, madam, that that hideous girl should ever be of consequence enough to be brib'd?—'Tis ridiculous.

Ld. Court. That, madam, shall be my affair.

La. Frank. You are now, my dear, in the right way.

La. Willit. What a ling'ring death have you fav'd me from I Fetch, tell my coufin Jeans to come to me immediately—Lady Frankair and I, my lord, will leave you to manage that awkward creature—'Twou'd

make one mad to think that such a wretch should thrive upon my distresses.

Enter Miss Friendless.

La. Frank. Don't you think the girl prodigiously genteel to-day?—Come hither, child.—I never saw a head more becoming. This is a mighty pretty silk, mits Friend of; the sleeve too is so easy.—Was this apron, child, of your own work?

Friendl. Your ladyship's civility is so like flattery, that it puts me in confusion.—I am so unacquainted with both of 'em, that 'tis hard for me to distinguish

one from t'other.

La. Willit. Now wou'd any body imagine by that creature's looks, that she had so much mischief and malice within her?

[To lady Frankair.

Ld. Court. The diffinctions mils Sprightly shows you, are to me indisputable proofs of your merit.

[To Friendless.

La. Frank. I differ with you, madam: Miss Strigbtly, in my opinion, does not want sense.

To lady Willits

La. Willit. And yet she seems to think love the most reasonable motive to marriage.—Now is that like a woman of common understanding?—The girl is unaccountable.

La Frank. Our last conversation must have had some

effect upon her.

La. Willit. Is miss Sprightly, cousin Jenny, in her own room?

Friendl. I left her there, madam.

La. Willit. Let us fet upon her once again; she is the only woman I ever knew that another woman could not find out; though we are such riddles to men, we are not such mysterious things to one another.—
I leave you, cousin Jenny, to entertain lord Courtlove.

[Exeunt lady Willit, and lady Frank.

Ld. Court. Those eyes! were not my heart already

engag'd, I must have lov'd now.

Friendl. I am unus'd to flattery, my lord; 'tis thrown away upon me, for I have not yet learnt that easy happy faith, to join with every flatterer in flattering myself.

Ld. Court. That modefly, madam, is too severe, which takes offence at truth. — You cannot be a stranger to my passion, who enjoy the intimacies of a conversation, which (though you deserve) I always envy.—Were your friendship to second my address to miss sprightly, it could not possibly fail of success.

Friend. Your lordship's ear perhaps is as little acquainted with truth as mine is with flattery; so that to one of your rank I cannot be so ill-bred, to speak it without permission.—Pardon me, then, my lord,

if I am not of your opinion.

Ld. Court. I know you could do it, mis Jenny.

Friendl. I should deceive your lordship, it I did not dissuade you from this pursuit.

Ld. Court. Would she but let me know her objec-

tions.

Ericual. As in this case they generally depend upon fancy and caprice, a woman either can't give

'em, or won't give 'em.

Ld. Court. I know, miss, you have good-nature; I know too the credit you have with her.—Might I hope for your good offices, you should not find me ungrateful.

Friendl. What do you mean, my lord?

Ld. Court. Mean, madam !-I faid I would not be ungrateful.

Friendl. Have I ever call'd your gratitude in ques-

tion, my lord?

Ld. Court. I thought the courtly phrase of transacting business had been better understood.

Friendl. But why are you so mysterious?

Ld. Court. I mean then, madam, (you must pardon me) that the thing shall turn out to your own interest too.

Friendl. To my interest!

Ld. Court. A thousand guineas, or a diamond ring of that value.

Friendl. For what?—To fell my friend? Were I a man, you wou'd not have had the courage to have offer'd me this affront.

Ld. Court. Excuse me, madam; 'tis an affront that men of the greatest distinction pocket up without the least scruple.

Friendl. Is it because I want sortune you presume to

use me thus? — Which of us two thinks the other the most contemptible?

Ld. Court. The present is not so inconsiderable,

but the richest person might have accepted it.

Friendl. A man who wou'd bribe me to be his friend (by tacitly calling me a knave) very justly makes me his enemy. Could I ferve you, were I inclin'd to ferve you, my honour would now forbid me.

Enter Fetch.

Fetch. My lady, and lady Frankair are in the drawing room, and defire your lo-dthip's company immediately.

Ld. Court. I hope, miss you will think more favourably of me, and not misinterpret a civility. [Exit.

Friendl. Is miss Sprightly alone, Mrs. Fetch?

Fetch. My lady hid me charge you not to flir from this room till she sent for you.—You had best not provoke her; for miss, yonder, hath put her most horridly out of humour.

Enter Miss Sprightly.

Spright. I have left my aunt like a woman distracted; she thinks me very unreasonable that I won't be married for her conveniency; now I think a woman runs a sufficient risque who marries for her own.

Friendl. Your lover hath been just now offering me proofs of his good opinion of you, and his ill opinion of me; for he would have brib'd handsomely for you.

Spright. I am fure, child, he must hold thy parts in prodigious contempt:—'Tis the great commerce of the world: for a man of rank or figure is above selling any thing—but his friend,—or himself.

Friendl. How can you divert yourself by being worried every day of your life?—Have you put an end to

it at last by a peremptory answer?

Spright. My uncie, I find, holds his resolution of going into the country, and then there's an end of all his wise's schemes at once. 'Tis a sphere that stints the genius of an extravagant affected woman.—Inclination may be the same, but opportunities must be wanting; and she cannot have those frequent temptations of making herself and her husband so conspicuously ridiculous.

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314

Friendl. The want of fortune is felt so severely in no condition of life, as in being oblig'd to a proud imperious relation. White she is talking to me, I am in such awe, that my very reason is not my own.—In all places my circumstance must be the same.

Spright. You will always find a friend in me.

Friendl. Her very civilities are infults.

Spright. That lady Frankair hath been the poor woman's ruin.

Friendl She affects her phrases -

Spright. Her very vices, like an imitating poet. Friendl. Then, without the common kill or views of a gamester, the plays immoderately.

Spright. And 'tis by that (if I mistake not) lady

Frankair pays herself for her instructions.

Friendl. Now were I a man, I should be the most

jealous of my wife's acomen-companions.

Spright. She is over-run with affectation; she is an awkward copy of that very woman, or rather of every woman of fathion.—Why does she paint? not that she wants a complexion, but because lady Flareit does it.—Why are all the sops in town admitted to her toilette? Because she hath seen 'cm at lady Frankair's.—Why are common cheats and sharpers admitted among her visitors? Because she hath seen the particular civilities shown 'em at lady Quadrille's.—She is asham'd of going to church, because lady Frankair hath no religion.—Then too she wou'd fain have the reputation of making her husband a cuckold, in imitation of —— a hundred of the fine ladies of her acquaintance.

Enter Fetch.

Fetch. Mis Friendle/s, my lady wants you this moment. Spright. Nay, you shall not go, child; for, in the humour she is in, I know she wou'd use you like a dog.

Fetch. I dare not, madam, return without her.—'Tis well for us that her humours are divided among her hufband and the whole family; for if they were to light upon one,—where's the patience that could bear 'em'?

Spright. You know, Fetch, miss Friendless hath al-

ways had her full share of her.

Friendl. But, after all, mils Sprightly, I must go.

Enter Lady Willit and Lady Frankair.

La. Willit. I knew they were together.—You impertinent flut, why did not you being me an answer? [To Fetch.]—Well, miss, and does your awkward privy counsellor there, applaud you for being so obtinately bent against your own interest?—[To Sprightly.]—Why is lord Coartlove thy aversion, girl?—Only because he is my friend.—Who hast thou in thy eye for her? [To Friendless.]—Depend upon it, that malicious creature intends to sell thee, child. [To Sprightly.]

Spright. Let me have the honour and shame of my own actions; for, like your ladyship, I am influenc'd by my own passions only. I am as much averse to advice as you can be: do all you can, you see I take my own.

La. Willit. Ah Jenny, Jenny, thou art a devil.

Friendl. You wrong me, madam.-But gratitude keeps

me filent; I dare not trust myself with a reply.

La. Willit. That is to fay, you cou'd be faucy if you wou'd.—Nay, I cannot be furpriz'd at the infolence of every one in the family, when my husband sets'em an example.

Spright. Does your ladyship never accuse yourself

as well as other people?

La. Willit. I don't want accusers, mis Sprightly: I think that matter is but too evident.—That sullen creature, [pointing to Friendless] lady Frankair, is a proof, that mischief is the only cunning of fools.—What does the fellow want?

Enter Humphrey.

Humph. My master, madam; -no offence I hope to

La. Willie. And didst thou think this a likely place to find him in?—These awkward country clowns think

a man and his wife inseparable.

Humph. Nay, madam, I am not so fond of ill words, for that matter, as to seek to talk to you great ladies.—Then too, I have liv'd so long in a great family, that (as 'tis my duty) I leave my lady in the wrong whenever she pleases to be so; no offence I hope, madam.

[Going.

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La. Willit. This infufierable fool will eternally be talking.—Who wants your master?—That that creature's master should be mine!—Why does not the sellow answer me?—Who wants him?

Hamph. His uncle, madam, Mr. Barter.

La. Willit. My husband too out of the way! never was any thing so lucky.—Lay hold of this opportunity, my dear lady Frankair.—Tell Mr. Bacter, that I desire the favour of his company. [Exit Humphrey.]—Lady Frankair and I have business; so you two may go together and rail at me.—In a minute or two do you, Fetch, come and whisper me. [Exeunt Miss Sprightly, Miss Friendless, and Fetch.

Enter Mir. Darter.

La. Willit. After I have given your ladyship a sufficient time to tempt him as a woman (don't think, lady Frankair, that I suspect your parts)—I'll send lord Courtlove to secure your conquest by what governs the world, Interest.—Love alone will never do! men think as coolly, and a reasonably, child, upon these assairs as we.—Mr. Barter, your servant.

La. Frank. Business takes a man off from his friends so immoderately, that one hath very seldom the pleasure of seeing you.—Now, dear Mr. Barter, tell me sincerely; don't you at some hours of the day, think of what is more entertaining?—I can have no notion that a reasonable creature (as you are) can entirely lose himself in the city; for you should never persuade me that such conversation can possibly be agreeable.

Bart. Why not agreeable? We have our affectations, our vanities, our follies, and our vices.—We rail, we are civil, and laugh at one another with the fame familiarity and friendship as you do.—Then too, as you laugh at us, we laugh at you; so that we are never at a loss for something diverting and ridiculous. [Fetch enters and subijpers.

La. Willie. You'll excuse me, madam.—I beg your pardon, Mr. Barter: Tis an affair that cannot detain me long. You see I use you both without ceremony.

La. Exault. How cou'd you be so provoking, as mot to be at my last assembly ?—I hope you don't put me upon the soot of sending to you.

Bart. You know, madam, I had been at one before; and my curiofity was fully answer'd—Every body was talking round me, and not a creature had any thing to say;—not a man or woman but what was in the hurry of business, and not one of 'em had any thing to do, till at last I found all of them worn down, and dispirited with one another's impertinence, except a few friends who were feeking to ruin each other at the gaming table.

La. Frank. But, dear Mr. Barter, how can you be so severe? 'Tis impossible to enter into the diversions of the place at once.—'Tis what one may call the exchange of love and gallantry; the transactions and bargains are settled in the crowd, but the business is concluded in a tête a tête at their own houles.—You may depend upon it, by its being so much frequented, that it answers the men's and women's ends some way

or other.

Bart. But I have no schemes of that kind.

La. Frank. Why have you not?

Bart. At my time of life, madam, I shall not begin

to make myself ridiculous.

La. Frank. At my time of life!—When did you ever hear a woman make use of that expression?—Are not you a man? beyond dispute you make yourself tea times as ridiculous by forgetting you are one.—Were you once settled among us; I see you have it about you to relish life.—A woman is a better judge in this ease than you are of yourself.

Bart. I have not vanity enough to be work'd into a

fool by flattery.

La Frank. How can you take a thing so maliciously.

Bart. Really, madam, one wou'd not chuse to be an awkward fool!—the genteel sollies and vices never fit easy upon a man of business; the pretty sellows

owe 'em entirely to education.

La. Frank. Let me die, Mr. Barter, if I am notferious in this affair! Suppose now, by my brother's marriage to miss Sprightly (which I know your advice cou'd easily bring about) our families were link'd in the same interest; and that your nephew, by a considerable employment, was oblig'd to reside in town, there might be things too worth your acceptance; and, pray, what objections could you have to living among us?

Bart. I am net asham'd of my profession, madam. La. Frank. But you must allow, that at our end of the town we live with greater elegance.—Why is the pursuit of riches, but to attain ease and pleasure?

Bart. I hate luxury and oftentation.

La. Frank. To what purpose have you wealth?

wou'd you not enjoy it?

Bart. I do—Extravagance and profusion never enjoy'd it.—Besides, 'tis a life that I am unqualished for.

—I have the narrow stinted genius of honesty and independence, and shou'd but expose my education by living within my fortune.

La. Frank. But, dear Mr. Barter, after all (putting you out of the case) is it not monstrously absurd in your Nephew to set himself against his own interest? To abandon a preserment that is thrown in his way?—How

are families rais'd?

Bart. They ought to be rais'd, madam, by industry and honour.

Enter Lord Courtlove.

La. Frank. Dear brother, I am glad you are come to my affistance.—I know you will think Mr. Barter prodigiously in the wrong.

Ld. Court. Though I have as yet the misfortune to be very little known to him, I am so well acquainted with his character, that I own myself partial to his opinions.

La. Frank. I have been making downright court to him; and wou'd fain persuade him to divide himself between business and pleasure, and live at our end of the town.

Ld. Court. The life must unquestionably be more agreeable, and it might too be attended with its ad-

vantages.

Bart. Luxury, necessity, and dependance, are advantages inconsistent with our way of life.—Industry and commerce (however unfashionable) oblige us to occonomy and justice; and (notwithstanding the politer examples of the eworld) our credit does still, in a great measure, depend upon our moral character.

La. Frank. We all know you city people get a pro-

digious deal of money; but still a merchant—there's fomething in that word that gives one an idea of—of —of I don't know what:—In short, we ladies have an

unaccountable prejudice against you.

Bart. Is the name then a term of reproach?—Where is the profession that is so honourable?—What is it that supports every individual of our country? 'Tis commerce.—On what depends the glory, the credit, the power of the nation?—On commerce.—To what does the crown itself owe its splendor and dignity?—To commerce.—To what owe you the revenue of your own half-ruin'd estates? To commerce: and are you so ungrateful then to treat the profession with contempt by which you are maintain'd?

Ld. Court. A city life, fister, may be disagreeable to you fine ladies; but your's is not the opinion of all

the people of fashion and quality.

Bart. When people of rank and figure can profess gaming, I am not surprized that we are so contemptable; for commerce is the very reverse of it.—In gaming, one man's gain is tother's ruin; but com-

merce is for the mutual advantage of both.

Ld. Court. But you must allow, fir, that advantages have been made by a good correspondence at this end of the town; (which upon certain occasions might be of use to you.)—You know instances, many instances, among you of what I mean.—The countenance of men in power, early intelligence, a seasonable hint!—Some of your greatest fortunes have been rais'd this way.

Bart. Tis too evident, my lord.—But then one exorbitant fortune or this fort hath made at least a thousand beggars.—'Tis the most fraudulent, the most pernicious gaming, on lor a more specious denomination; and those who practise it, difference the profession of a merchant.

Ld. Court. Pardon me, sir; I meant the proposal as

a civility.

Bart. Your fister, my lord, I perceive is to statter me, and you are to bribe me to influence my nephew to fell his niece.—The case is plain; or, why all this solicitude, this artifice about miss Sprightly?

La. Frank. How can you, brother, talk to a creature who is so horridly out of humour?—One would

imagine Mr. Barter had a mind to the girl himfe. Ld. Court. Nay, dear fifter, keep your temper.

Bart. This whole proceeding, in the eye of the world, appears so very mercenary, so very corrupt, that

your honour suffers.—Pardon my freedom, my lord.

Ld. Court. As to notional honour, you are undoubtedly in the right of it; but what is that to the

practice of mankind?-

Bart. 'Tis you, my lord, and such as you that influence the manners of mankind.—Common charity obliges those of your rank to show clear and conspicuous proofs of honour and disinterestedness; for when ever you are mean and mercenary, the vulgar are hang'd for following your example.

La. Frank. Now is not this aftonishing, brother, that an arrant citizen should pretend to censure the

behaviour of a man of quality?

Ld. Ceurt. Common sense, alike in all men, can

diffinguish honour and infamy .-

Bart. When I speak in desence of probity and honour, I mean to show my respect to your lordship; and in that light I hope the freedoms I have taken will need no apology.

La. Frank. The creature begins to be intolerably

ill bred. Let us leave him.

Ld. Court. The resolution I have taken will convince you, that I think myself oblig'd to you. [To Barter.

La. Frank. Lady Willit expects us.—Sir, your servant.

Bart. 'This conversation I find hath detain'd us both
too long.—I wish I may have time to prepare the ac-

count before my nephew's return.

I.d. Court. When you are at leisure, I beg you wou'd give me leave to communicate my thoughts to you.—How unlike is an honest man to a flatterer! Mr. Barter, your most obedient—

[Exent Lord Courtlove and Lady Frankain.]

Bart. Honour alone supports a noble name; Without it, title but sets off the shame.

ACT V.

La'y WILLIT, FRIENDLESS.

Lady WILLIT.

YOU know, cousin Jenny, I have always been extremely kind to you.—Had there been a yard more of this lace I shou'd have made it up for my own wearing, the lappits are somewhat scrimp, 'tis true, but'tis entirely new, and predigious fine; and yet, girl, I can no more make thee grateful than I can make thee genteel.

Friendl. I can never forget my obligations.

La. Willit. Wilt thou never learn to live easy in a family? Is it not monstrous, to be so solicitous about pleasing my husband? Is there a woman in the world that cou'd forgive thee?—Recollect your behaviour; and you must own I have been too good to you.

Friendl. Might I be allow'd to vindicate myself.—
La. Willit. Nay, dear Jenny, you know I know you.
—For thy own sake and mine don't talk.—I don't remember I gave you that fan.

[Yakes her fan.

Friendl. Mr. Barter, madam, gave it to me— La. Willit. As a reward for the meritorious mischief thou hast done me—Here, take it, girl; by my treatment of late, 'tis plain thou hast richly deserv'd it.

Friendl. If I ever offended you, it was by unleason-

able fincerity and truth.

La. Willit. Sincerity and truth! I am furseited with the hypocritical cant.—My husband is eternally stunning me with these two hideous expressions, as an excuse for his insolence and ill-manners.—I talk to you now, cousin Jenny, as a friend.

Friendl. Your ladyship will always find me such.

La. Willit. Tell me truly then (for you are in the secrets of the samily) why is my husband grown more a brute than ever of late?

Friendl. I really think he loves you.

La. Willit. Suppose he does; art thou really sool enough to think that a motive to reconcile me to his brutal behaviour?—The love of a husband, girl, is not of that predigious consequence.

Friendl. The importunity of creditors in town, the frauds of his steward in the country must have made

him uneafy.

La. Willit. Don't be impertinent, Jenny.—How dare you think of the affairs of the family?—Answer the question I ask you.—Why am I thus outrageously infulted? Who hath set him against me?—That devilish

letter, Jenny.

Friendl. Miss Sprightly told me, that Forward did as good as own it, and that 'twas writ in pique and envy to Pert.—The occasion of jealousies is always to be avoided; for be the suspicion either true or false, the mischief is the same; and what hath now happen'd must convince you, that the vanity of sools hath embroil'd more families than real intrigues.

La. Willit. Thou art grown most assectedly wise,

Jenny.

Friendl. That daily flutter at your toilette may be only innocent amusement to you, but it may gall the

heart of a husband.

La. Willit. 'Tis then the company I keep, that gives you and him the offence—How intolerably like my husband the girl talks!—Dost thou think, child, that I was married to deny myself the common liberties of a married woman?—Would'st thou have a man and his wife so disagreeably malicious, as to be eternally intruding themselves into each other's company?—Ah, Jenny, Jenny! 'tis now a clear point who is his abettor: 'tis you that set him on.—Impertinence!—Get you out of my sight.

Enter Sir Thomas Willit.

Sir Tho. Nay, dear child, why are these unreason-

able passions?

La. Willit. Unreasonable passions!— You know, sir Thomas, I have had my unreasonable provocations.— Do you imagine that nobody hath the talent of saying or doing a shocking thing but yourself?

Sir Tho. You need not go, coulin Jenny.

La. Willit. Go, I say.

Sir Tho. Dear child, keep your temper.

La. Willit. I won't. — Hear her, believe her, and make me and yourself unhappy.—I shall not interrupt the conversation.

[Exit.

Sir Tho. Get yourself ready, cousin Jenny, to set out for the country upon the first notice; for the moment I take my resolution, nothing upon earth shall defer it.

But slay, child.—The present uneafiness of the samily can be no secret to you.

Friendl. Wou'd it were in my power to remedy it. Sir Tho. I am not so morose, to deny a wife the natural caprice and coquetry of the sex.—But of late her

conduct hath been insupportable.

Friendl. 'Tis the way of the world that offends you.

—Her behaviour is owing to imitation more than inclination.—Are not all the ladies of her acquaintance fo many precedents for every thing the fays or does?

—There is a fashion in conversation, in amusements, in follies, in vices, as well as in dress.

Sir Tho. This detestable town is more infectious than the plague: a woman lives not one day in it without

catching some fashionable vice or other.

Friendl. Were men to judge by appearances, the whole town wou'd be over-run with jealousy; for a woman is asham'd to seem to love her husband.—I am not vindicating the manners of the sex, yet I am an advocate for her innocence.

Sir Tho. Innocence! — Such innocence hath every bad consequence of guilt.—I don't know what to think

of her.

Friendl. Confider, fir, the fashionable hypocrify of

the age is to appear vicious.

Sir This is the first time I ever suspected you for her confident. —— But, as a woman, 'tis natural to think a husband must be in the wrong when he is jealous.

Friendl. I speak in justice to her, and in duty and

fincerity to you.

Sir Tho. Whatfoever they say behind one another's backs, to deceive a husband, one woman will vindicate another.—But it may be the girl's real opinion; she is credulous, and good-natur'd.—I have business now.—You may go, child.

[Exit Friendless.]

Enter Barter.

Bart. Were we to remove into another room, we should be less liable to be interrupted.—You see I have not forgot the offence I committed in the morning.

Sir Tho. I have no notion of these ceremonies and punctilios between man and wife. - Sit down, fir; we

will not be interrupted.

Bart. Your debts turn out greater than you imagin'd. These receipts have exhausted the whole sum.—Mrs. Giib, the lace-woman's bill, of a year and a half's standing (which was not in your list) amounts to a hundred and fifteen pounds.—Here's a bill too of Mr. Gloss, the mercer, of eighty three; and this of Mrs. Stangle, the embroiderer, of thirty-seven. I have order'd 'em to call upon me to-morrow, and, if you are fatisfied in their demands, I will discharge the debt, and place it to account.-You see, nephew, I am willing to do every thing in my power to forward the reasonable, the honest resolution you have taken.

Sir Tho. 'Tis not enough that a man means to be just, when by his negligence, indolence, or vanity in living beyond his fortune, he puts it out of his own power to be fo.-You are not supplying a squanderer, but retrieving a family; that is the obligation I shall

have to you.

Enter Fibber.

Fibb. Your honour's letters, sir, by the post. [Exit. Sir Tho. The feal is quite broken, and not so much as botch'd up again.—The curiofity or fears of mankind are prodigious.

Bart. 'Tis a grievance that is become so general, that no particular will take it upon him to complain.

Sir Tho. " Madam" --- The letter I find is directed to my wife.-How could the fellow be fuch a blunderer!—This is a liberty I never allow'd myself; but as 'tis my steward's hand, and can be no secret, you will excuse me.

[Reads.] " Madam, your ladyship must protect me " from the information of Trenchwell, or the money I " have advanc'd to you from time to time must all be

of brought to account."-

To what will not a woman condescend to gratify her [Sitting thoughtfully. extravagance!

Bart. No ill news, I hope.

Sir The. 'Tis not her fault; 'tis my own negligencc.

325

"In short, madam, my assairs are in such confusion, that unless I receive a satisfactory letter from your ladyship the very next post, I shall be oblig'd

" to make the best of my way to Calais."

SURVEY.

-Read it, fir.-Know me before you trust me. [Barter reads.]-Well!-Now I am to be trusted?

Bart. The more you want a friend, the more ready I

am to serve you.

Sir Tho. An hour may be of the utmost conse-

quence.-I have taken my resolution.

Bart. There are people of your's below, that flay for me. [Exit.

Enter Humphrey.

Sir Tho. Humphrey,—let the coach and fix be got ready with all the expedition possible.

Humph. Before the servants have din'd, sir!

Sir Tho. I don't dine in town.

Humph. Now I cou'd not help satisfying you, if you did not know where I was going.—But servants must not ask questions.

Sir Tho. Saddle-horses too for the servants .- D'ye

bear?

Humph. Yes, fir.

Sir Tho. Let 'em be ready, and in the way, for I shall not stay a minute for any one of 'em.—But hold, Humphrey—Tell my wife I wou'd speak with her immediately—Go then.

Humph. Methinks, that you might be fure you knew your own mind rightly, you had better fee my lady first.—Or, what hath been, may be; and we may, may hap, have every thing to undo again. [Exit.

Enter Lady Willit.

Sir The. Dear child, I am glad you are come. - I

had just sent to desire to speak to you.

La. Willit. And what disagreeable thing have you to say to me?—If it is about business, let me intreat you, dear sir Thomas, to keep it yourself; for I won't be plagu'd and worried every hour of my life with such impertinent trifles.

Sir The. As I am settling accounts with my cre-

ditors-

La. Willit. You know I hate accounts.—What have I to do with your creditors? wou'd you have me pay 'em?

Sir Tho. Do you know any thing of these bills, child?

La. Willit. To-morrow morning,—a week hence,—fome time or other, when I have nothing else to do,—if I don't forget it,—I will ask you for 'em.

Sir Tho. I only want to be fatisfied if any thing hath been paid —Some of the people themselves are below.

La. Willit. If you like to be entertain'd with their impertinence, send for 'em up.—Whether they or you dun me, the thing is much the same.—But after all, what wou'd you have me do?—Give me your hideous papers then. Sarab Glib—never was any thing like the impudence of that woman! she had the affurance t'other day to ask me for her money; a creature who takes such intolerable liberties, by my consent shou'd never be paid.—Gloss and Spangle too!—Once a week ever since we came to town have these odious names been laid upon my toilette.—Send the creatures away, I beg ou; people of sashion should not encourage 'em, and (for the quiet of one another) shou'd never comply with a dun.—Was it upon this important assair I was sent for i [Flings down the bills.

Sir Tho. Nay; flay, child.

La. Willit. I hate you when you are in this provoking wife way.

Sir Tha I have fomething of consequence to ac-

quaint you with.

La. Willit. I han't time to hear it now. Sir Tho. But I must speak with you.

La. Willit. Speak then,

Sir Tho. I have order'd the coach and fix to be at the door as fron as it can be got ready.

La. Willit. The coach and fix!

Sir I bo. To fet out for the country immediately.

La. Willit. Immediately!

Sir The. The very moment the coach is ready.

La. Willit. You might have been so civil to have ssk'd me if I wou'd have the horses kept in town.—Now, dear Sir Thomas, wou'd not a hir'd set have serv'd your purpose sull as well?

Sir The. Take nothing with you but what is abso-

327

Jutely necessary upon the road,—Every thing else,

child, shall be sent after us.

La. Willit. Am I a necessary part of your baggage, that I am to be bundled up with you at an hour's Warning?

Sir Tho. Our affairs, child, have made it abso-

lutely necessary.

La. Willit. Well! and do I detain you?

Sir Tho. You know 'tis impossible for us to stay in town.

La. Willit. That a dun or two can put you so hideously out of humour !- Don't you almost every where fee, that they are the everlasting retinue of a man of fortune?

Sir Tho. You must allow me to know my own af-

fairs. madam.

La. Willit. And you must allow me to know my

own mind-fir.

Sir Tho. My resolutions, madam, are taken; so fend for your maid, and order your things, for the coach will be at the door in less than half an hour.

La. Willie. In less than half an hour!-My head akes most intolerably; and it kills me to talk. Sits down.

Sir Tho. The journey, the air, the exercise, child.

will do you good.

La. Willit. To do me good was never a motive for your doing any thing .- I wonder how you can have the assurance to give that for a reason. Your usage, fir, of late hath prepared me to bear your absence for ten or twelve days; and you can have no business that can keep you longer .- Therefore say no more about it, for I will not go.

Sir The. But. dear child, consider-

La. Willit. I won't.

Sir Tho. 'Tis impossible the samily can subsist in town a day longer .- 'Tis in vain to dispute; the thing must be done.

La. Willit. Must !

Sir Tho. Will you get yourself ready then?

La. Willit. No.

Sir Tho. Shall I call your maid to you? -

La. Willit. No.

Sir Tho. Will you think reasonably?

La. Willit. No. [Sobbing and crying. Sir Tho. This is not to be borne—Nay; pr'ythee, child, don't give way to these passions.—'Twill be to no purpose to act this part over and over again.—Wipe your eyes, my dear; and when a thing must be done, tho' it is a husband's proposal, do it chearfully.

[Takes ber by the band.

La. Willit. For heaven's sake, sir Thomas, let me

alone

Sir Tho. Answer me then .-

La. Willit. I won't be haul'd and worried.

Sir Tho. You or I, my dear, must get the better of these capricious humours.— [Rings. Enter Humphrey.] Tell Fetch to come to your mistress.

Humpb. She's not in the house, sir.

Sir Tho. My cousin Jenny then. [Exit Humphrey] Speak to me, child.—These fits of unreasonable obstinacy are owing to my unreasonable compliance; and the low spirits you so often and so opportunely complain of, are owing to your too high spirits.—Leave off the fine lady, and be a reasonable woman.

La. Willit. Inhuman creature! ah- [Screams.

Enter Friendless.

Sir Tho. A glass of water and the hartshorn immediately, cousin Jenny.

Friendl. My lady is in her usual way, I see.

Sir Tho. But I am not in my usual way.—Leave her to me, child; and pack up those things that will be necessary upon the road.—The key, you see, is in the travelling-box.

Friendl. My lady will travel in her sultane, I suppose. Sir Tho. In any thing—Nay, pr'ythee, child, get the better of yourself, and order what you wou'd take with you.—What are you doing, cousin Jenny?

Friendl. This cordial-water box muft go, for my

lady never travels without it.

Sir Tho. Dispatch, girl, and ask no questions.

Friendl. And her toilette too-

Sir Tbo. Only the things that are necessary.—Every thing elie shall be sent after her. [The cover of the box falls down.

La. Willit. How can you kill one with these intolerable noises? [Starts.

Sir Tho. Recover your reason, my dear; and give her directions yourself.

La. Willit. How dar'd you touch any thing without my orders?—Lay every thing where you found it.—Audacious flut!

Sir Tho. Will you tell her then what you wou'd have done?

La. Willit. No.

Sir Tho. Pack it up then, coufin Jenny.

La. Willit. How !-did not you hear what I faid?

Sir Tho. You must go as you are then; for nothing shall detain me—I have affairs with my brother below; so agree the matter between yourselves. [Exit.

La. Willit. Are these the proofs of your gratitude to, ane, for all the kind things I have done for you?

Enter Fibber.

Fib. Lady Frankair, and three or four ladics more, to wait upon your ladyship.

La. Willit. Get you gone, both of you. [Exeund Fibber.

Enter Lady Frankair, Lady Rampant, Mrs. Buxom, and Mrs. Clackit.

La. Willit. The brute hath really ruffled me — [At the looking-glass.] I look horridly fluster'd.—To be got the better of by a husband!—Shou'd it ever be known, I shou'd be deserted by the men, and laugh'd at by the women.—Though I feel myself miserable, I won't make myself ridiculous. Lady Frankair, your servant.

La. Frank. What is the meaning of this sudden resolution?—If you go with him, child, you go to

eternal banishm.nt.

La. Ramp. Are you really leaving us, my dear?

Bux. I thought I had known you. Clack. Are you mad, child?

La. Ramp. What a wretched hideous thing is a

country-house !

Bux. 'Tis an everlasting tite a title (without the chance of one agreeable interruption) and with whom? with a husband.

La Willie, Ah l

La. Ramo. That is a terrible circumstance.

La. Willit. But he hath real bufiness, lady Rampant; and 'twas I prevail'd upon him.

Bux. A new opera next week, and lady Willit not

at it!

Clack. 'Tis incredible!

La. Ramp. 'Tis impossible!

Bux. Nay, madam, 'tis for our interest that you never shou'd come to town; for we shall have all the fine men flirting at us again.

La. Willit. The loss of a new opera is a mortification.—Sir Thomas, indeed, wou'd have persuaded me

to flay, but I know his affairs must suffer.

La. Ramp. You are grown mod unaccountably confiderate.

Clack. But, dear child, what an odious journey are

you taking?

Bux. Why fir T'bomas's house is a thousand miles off.

La. Willit. 'Tis a dreadful way, that's certain. | Sigbs.

Clack. Now, I protest, I wou'd not marry a man that had a country-house.—I should be in perpetual apprehensions, when a husband had such a hideous mortifying thing in his power.

Bux. You will with-

La. Ramp. You will be moap'd.

Clack. You will despair.

La. Ramp. Could you bear to be a country gentlewoman, Mrs. Clackit?

Clack. Let me die, if I should not hang myself.

Bux. How many days journey is it?

La. Willit. Dear madam, don't name it.—But 'tis my own choice; and as my going, so my return depends intirely upon myself.

La. Ramp.- How many women have been lost to all true pleasure, by trusting themselves with their hus-

bands a hundred miles from London!

Clack. Believe me, child, 'tis a most terrible undertaking.

Bux. 'Tis like hell; 'tis easy to get thither.—But

to return,—there's the point.

Clack. I advise you as a friend, my dear, let him do his business by himself, and don't trust yourself with him.

La. Willit. When I saw his affairs requir'd it, it was my duty to persuade him.

La. Ramp. The very sentiments of a notable country

housewife!

Clack. When a man and woman are come to take each other's advice, they have done with the world, and the world hath done with them .- So, my dear, I wish you a good journey.-Salutes ber-

La. Ramp. I am afraid we incommode your lady-Salutes ber-

ship.

Bux. 'Tis a mortifying thing to part with you, my

dear .- But I see you are in a hurry .- [Salutes ber-[Exeunt Clackit, Lady Rampant, and Buxoin-La. Frank. Really, child, you carried off your dif-

tress very handsomely.

Enter Fetch.

La. Willit. How dar'd you to be out of the way when I wanted you?

Fetch. Your ladyship's affairs call you into the coun-

try; and at present 'tis inconvenient to me -

La. Willit. To you!-hold your tongue, impertinence.

Fetch. I have borne this usage but too long.—I was your servant, madam.

La. Willit. Have done, I say.

Fetch. Your ladyship may spare your anger for her that shall succeed me. - All I ask, madam, is my discharge.

La. Willit. There's no bearing it. - Don't talk to me. Fetch. Your ladyship may treat your servants as you please; but as my circumstances are chang'd, your ladyship, methinks, might give me better language.

La. Willit. You will talk then !- Sir Thomas below, husty, will pay you your wages .- Get you gone.

Fetch. Nay, madam, for that matter, unless your ladyship can behave yourself more civilly-I shall cut short the conversation.—Madam, your servant. [Exit.

Enter Sprightly, in ber travelling babit,

Spright. Is not your ladyship ready yet? La. Willit. Dear child, what do you mean?-You have never given lord Courtleve a politive answer. 332

You may trifle with a lover too long.—I know you intend to have him. Such an offer!—You have too good sense to refuse it.

La. Frank. This is the only point, child, that can respite your sentence. [To lady Willit. They from in

earnest conversation with Sprightly.

Enter Sir Thomas, and Friendless.

Friendl. The letter that gave you so much disquiet, Fetch own'd to me was writ to her by Pert. As I have the happiness of your samily at heart, I thought it my duty to let you know it:—"Tis upon his account she hath quitted your service.—The step she hath taken I own surprizes me; but there is not so sure a trap for a woman as a coxcomb—A chambermaid is often the pursuit, when the lady loses her reputation.

Sir Tho. How happy have you made me by this discovery! [To Friendless.]—I expect the coach at the door, child, every moment. [To lady Willit.

La. Willit. And will you haul this girl out of town from so beneficial an offer? how can you ever answer it to her or yourself? can a day or two longer be of such consequence?

Spright. Put me out of the case, I beg you, my dear aunt. I long for the country; I dream of the country.—Wou'd I were there this instant.

La. Willit. How can you be so malicious?

Spright. The thing must soon discover itself; so I had as good own it.—My cousin Harry, just before he went to Oxford—'tis now above sour months—

La. Willit. What of him, child?

Spright. Married me; that's all.—There are reafons too that would have hindered me from keeping the fecret long; so, my sweet, kind aunt, you see there is a just impediment to this most honourable match of your proposal.—You may be surprized, you may be angry; I like him, I love him, and sure no woman alive was ever half so happy!—My friend here was witness to my happiness—Say what you will, you shall not put me out of humour, for the man is my own, and so is my fortune.

La. Willie. But after all, niece, your encouragement.

of lord Courtleve is not to be vindicated.

Spright. Your encouragement you mean.—The dear receature is now in the country ready to receive me. Wou'd I cou'd fly to him!—Now, if he is not as impatient as I am, I cou'd never forgive him.—But he is, he must be, and I believe him so.

Enter Lord Courtlove and Barter.

Ld. Court. Her person, her behaviour, her virtue, hath won me.—I shall not be embarrass'd with settlements, nor shall I be run out with extravagance.—! commit myself and fortune, sir, to your disposal.

Bart. As she hath a good understanding she must have gratitude.—Lord Courtlove, miss Friendless, of-

fers himself to you for a husband.

La. Frank. Dear brother, don't make yourself ridiculous. [Barter talks to Friendless.

La. Willit. 'Tis impossible he can be in earnest.

Ld. Court. Your whole conduct hath charm'd me.

Friendl. So generous an offer! and in my circumstance!

Bart. Is not to be refus'd.—I know he esteems you; and your happiness now depends upon your own behaviour.

Friendl. I have a dread of greatness, and never indulg'd a thought of ambition. Yet, considering I am taken from my present dependance, though I am thrown into an affluence of fortune, I must be less unhappy.

La. Willit. How unaccountably are women dispos'd of!—How insensible is that creature of her happiness!
—Now, dear fir Thomas, we must stay to see cousin

Jenny married.

Sir Tho. I beg you, child, press me no further.—
[To lady Willit.] The neversity will excuse the trouble I give you,—I must leave this and every other thing to you.

[To Barter.

La. Frank. Your ladyship hath forgot the seventyfive pounds:—I shou'd not have ask'd you for it, if I had not a troublesome play-debt of my own upon my hands.

La. Willit. From you too, lady Frankair! this is a dun that is insupportable.—I hope your lordship will insist upon his staying.

Sir Tho. 'Tis in vain, child.—There—read that letter from Survey.—Now ask me to stay in town an hour longer.

Bart. To night, miss Friendless, you are to be my charge; to-morrow I shall resign it to your lordship.

Spright. I wish your lordship joy.—In chusing her, you have made me and yourself happy.

Enter Humphrey.

Humph. The coach is ready, fir.

Sir Tho. There; take that box with you. [Exit

Spright. My dear Jenny, happiness attend you.

[Salutes her.

Sir Tho. I shall be impatient till I hear from you— [To Barter.] You will excuse ceremony, my lord.— Come, my dear.

La. Frank. Now, dear child, let me beg you not to forget me.—You know what I mean. [Salutes ber.

[Exit Sir Thomas, Lady Willit, and Sprightly. Bart. How happy might that woman have been if she would have acted in her own sphere!—Her affectation was not satisfied with her own sollies, but she must pick up those of every one of her acquaintance.—And how happy might that man have been, if he cou'd have been contented with the independance of his own hereditary estate!—The man hath recover'd his reason; and the woman, when she hath no more fashionable sools to keep her in countenance, must return to herself.—Vanity and affectation wou'd be now thrown away; for unless people can be conspicuously so, they never think it worth while to be ridiculous.

Those, who the gifts of fortune truly rate, Find and secure the independent state. How much we hazard by superstuous cost! In ev'ry debt some liberty is lost. He then whose fortune and expence agree, Is wise and great; for he alone is free,

THE

REHEARSAL

AT

GOATHAM.

OLE quid ad te? MARTIALS

ADVERTISEMENT.

In the life of Gines de Passamonte, alias Peter (a treatise which Cervantes mentions with great encomiums) we have this second adventure of his Puppetshew: it is there recorded to have happened in the town which lived in perpetual broils with the braying aldermen. In the following piece I have related the story in a dramatic way: I have too taken the liberty to make it conformable to our own customs, and made England the scene of the farce: but (knowing the captiousacis of guilt) to prevent particular persons from claiming general satire, I have chose to place the adventure in a sictitious country town, supposed to be remote from the great scenes of life. Whoever will be at the pains to compare it with the Spanish, will find that (excepting these particulars) I have, in every material circumstance, saithfully follow'd the original.



Dramatis Personæ.

M	E	N.	

Braywell.
Cackle.

Sir Nathaniel Ninny. Drone.

Slugg.

Sir Humphrey Humdrum.

Cudden.

Sir Headstrong Bustle.

Drawle. Noddipole. Pother.

Oaf. Golling.

Broach.

Pickle.

WOMEN.

Mrs. Braywell. Mrs. Cackle. Lady Ninny.

Mils Drawle. Lady Buffle.

Lady Humdrum. Mrs. Cudden.

Mrs. Pother. Mis Slugg.

Mis Noddipole. Mrs. Drone. Mrs. Broach.

Betty Broach.

SCENE, GOATHAM.

THE

REHEARSAL at GOATHAM.

SCENE, the great room of an inn, fet out for an assembly.

Miss Betty Broach, Jack Oaf, Will. Gosling.

GOSLING.

ISS Betty Broach is in all her airs to-day.

Oaf. And rot me, if I don't think her as well dress'd and as well-bred as any of your aldermen's wives! Now, Will. Gosling, would not you rather have her than any of them? pox take me if I would not.

Goss. Miss Betty hath an eye, that's certain.

Oas. Ay, Miss Betty hath an eye—and a lip—

[Kisse ber rudely.

Betty. How can you teaze and haul a body so! I believe, Mr. Oaf, I value dress as little as any woman in England; but do but see now, Mr. Gosling, how frightfully he hath tumbled me, and when the corporation-scass is at our house to-day, and it falls out too upon assembly-night, one would methinks appear a little like a Christian.

Oaf. Kissing and anger apart then, miss Betty, I came hither out of pure stark love and kindness to you and your family.—Mr. Broach at present seems to be in a good thriving way of business.

P

Betty. Bless us all, what's the matter?—
Goss. Nay, there is no harm done as yet.

Betty. To be fure my father hath been particularly oblig'd to Mr. Gosling, who will condescend to drink at our house, when his uncle Cackle keeps the Swan but down the next street.

Gost. But after all, miss Betty, how could Mr. Broach be so ill advis'd to let master Peter and his puppetshew

into his house?

Oaf. It may feem a trifle, madam, but rot me, if the thing is not of consequence.—I know it will infallibly turn out to his ruin.—Faith and troth I am ferious about it.

Betty. I don't understand you, Mr. Oas. The shew is for the amusement and entertainment of the town, and in all likelihood it will rather promote custom than lessen it.

Oaf. You are out, miss Betty, most damnably out.
Goss. How comes it to pass that he chuses our town for his shew?

Betty. As he chuses any other, to get money if he can.

Gost. You make slight of this matter, miss Betty, I

perceive.

Oaf. I must tell you then, miss Betty, that I know something of this sellow. The rascal is brib'd: Not that I think there is much in that, provided it were in a right cause; but the dog is brib'd against us. Brib'd to turn the whole corporation of Goatham into ridicule; this is matter of sact, miss Betty.—Now pray do you consider what will be the consequence of your sather's harbouring the rascal?

Gost. Nothing alive but puppets would dare to be so insolent; for we see all well-bred men now-a-days pay the due homage to riches and power as they ought; and your father, beyond dispute, will be look'd upon to be the consederate of these impudent creatures. Remember what I tell you. I know he is

brib'd, I know he is hir'd.

Betty. And pray who hath hir'd him? Whenever people are ridiculous, you need not purchase laughers; besides, whenever ridiculous people grow captious

and prevish, it only makes the laugh the stronger and more general. For do what we will, if some folks will have their sollies and absurdities, there are others who will have their laugh. I ask you, sir, who bath hir'd him.

Oaf. So you vindicate him then, madam;—if you knew who had hir'd the fellow, without doubt you would that inflant give him up. You know, mits Betty, the townsmen of Asiborough have, time out of mind, had an old grudge against our town—Now, who do you think hath set him upon us?

Goff. If you fuffer the shew to be play'd, you may

brew as good strong beer as you will-

Onf. And you yourself, in all your airs, miss Betty, may sit in the bar all day long to lure in customers.—You will not draw one of the corporation into your house, that I can tell you.

Goss. Miss Betty is fond of a puppetshew, to be

fure that's the case.

Betty. I own I am so fond of it, that I would not, because sools are captious, have the town lose its diversion.

Oaf. To fuffer Peter to come into the town at all was not usage that I expected from the corporation. After the theatrical entertainments I have writ, and I may say without vanity, writ up to their tastes—I think the town ow'd me so much, as not to suffer any interlopers in a dramatic way.

Betty. But, dear Mr. Ocf, consider this is only a puppershew. Sure you won't mention that and your

own works at the same time.

Oaf. The town, you know, is capricious,—and one would not have it follow a low, dull, vulgar, spiteful, bitter, satirical thing. I am concern'd for the credit of our town, that's all. I wou'd have it encourage only things of taste; and in that view, I own, it would be a mighty mortifying thing to see this sellow draw an audience.

Gost. Without doubt it would vex a man.—If the shew takes.—After all, it would draw custom to the

house; and though I like Betty Broach, I would not have my uncle entirely lose all his business.

[To Oaf aside.

Oaf. You see there's nothing to be done with her.— But yonder comes Broach and his wife.—Let me alone, you shall see how I'll work 'em.

Enter Mr. Broach, and Mrs. Broach.

Mr. Broach. I would have sworn, gentlemen, that I had left you drinking a bottle in the dining room with the corporation.—But I might indeed have known you were not among them, they were all so wise and grave.

Mrs. Broach. There are very few jokes that they relish.—You, gentlemen, have the wit just si ted for 'em,—and whenever you speak among 'em, I have observ'd you never want laughers; now that is being

yery obliging.

Betty. To be fure Mr. Oaf and Mr. Gosling have

been always the favourite wits of our top men.

Goft. Jack Oaf indeed is so comically profane upon all occasions, that he makes them all titter and laugh

'till they are ready to burst.

Oaf. You must know, Mrs. Broach, Will. Gosling thinks he hath the crack on his side for a bawdy jest. But, for all that, for your double entendres, you know Mrs. Broach, there are others may have been as successful as he perhaps.

Goff. You know we promis'd to go back to 'em.

Oaf. 'Twas out of friendship to you, Mr. Broach, that we left 'em. We have been talking to miss Betty upon the subject already.

Gost. This puppet shew, Mr. Broach, I'm afraid will

break you.

Mrs. Broach. Break him!——Oaf. Ay, break him, by Jupiter!

Goff. You are a mad-man it you suffer it to be play'd an your house.

Oaf. Is it pleasant, d'ye think, to have the whole

corporation upon your back?

Broach. Now, to my thinking, the magistrates seem'd fond of it.

Ohf. Dear Broach, I beg your pardon for that. 'Tis the way of our magistrates not to be what they feem; and give me leave to fay, I know 'em better than you. Why, dear Broach, you would not have a man of confequence fay a thing and do it, or fay the thing he thinks—Tho' we are but a country corporation,—you must allow us to know a little of the way of the world.—One would have thought, Broach, you too might have known a little of the ways and manners of men in office.

Broach. But what is there then in this piece that can make it of such dreadful consequence?

O.f. Treason, for ought I know.-I don't know

what we may not make it.

Gost. And if it is so, Mr. Broach,—'tis not the puppets you will find that will be call'd to account for it.

Oaf. To be fure you must quit the town.—I know it to be a heavy, biting, stupid, malignant satire upon the whole corporation. I know too the sellow was set on by the town of Asiborough. If, after this, you suffer it, Mr. Broach, though hitherto I have thought well of you, I know what I shall think of the matter.

Broach. I know there are idle reports about master Peter and his shew.—But have you seen it, Mr. Oas Phave you read it, Mr. Gosling ?

Oaf. I cannot say that.

Gift. But we know enough of the thing in general.

Oaf. There are things quoted.

Geft. Passages, very obnoxious passages.

Broach. Why then, gentlemen, I must acquaint you that I have heard it repeated; and I could find out none of those dreadful obnoxious passages. I heard nothing that possibly could give offence.

Oaf. As they are not levell'd at you, you might very eafily overlook them. Believe me, Mr. Broach,

the fellow hath impos'd upon you.

Broach. You must excuse me, gentlemen, if I take upon me to believe my own ears in this affair.

Goff. This will never do, Jack.

Oaf. But it shall do, before I have done with it. I fay it shall not be play'd, and of that I'll bett you fifty pounds, and I say done first.

Goll. But you forget that we are engag'd in t'other

room.

Oaf. If the magistrates still stick out, we can set their wives upon 'em at last, and then they must do it.—Broach, your servant.—When you have consider'd better of this affair—

Goss. You will have reason to thank us. [Exeunt Oaf

and Goiling.

Mrs. Breach. But after all, husband, you know our aldermen are a captious fort of gentry; if they but furmife any thing against a man, they never fail of doing him all the real mischies in their power. I think, in prudence, you should not venture to disoblige them.

Betty The whole of the matter is, Will. Gosting is askaid the public shews at our house may make his uncie's less frequented. The splutter Jack Oas makes, is the envy and rancour of an author; that's all. I hope my father knows 'em; if he does, I am sure he does not heed 'em.

Broach. I know that they are the spies and bustoons of our aldermen, and that there lies their whole merit and interest; that they have a noify kind of impertinence too, which sools giggle and laugh at for wit. In short, they are the sussome flatterers of knaves, and (themselves included) the admiration of sools. 'Tistue, they have a general acquaintance, for every body, but men of sense and honesty, like 'em. Know'em, girl! yes, girl, I know'em, and would trust'em with my money sooner than my conversation.

Mrs. Broach. My husband, I find, does know 'em .-

Betty. To a hair.

Mrs. Broach. Poor master Peter little thinks how many formidable enemies he hath already, who neither know him, nor are known by him. But yonder he comes; he and you may have something to say to one another, so we'll leave you.

[Exempt Mrs. Broach and Betty.

Enter Peter.

Peter. Landlord, your servant. After the satigue of the day, one requires a little refreshment; if you will do me the honour to take a glass with me, order a bottle of what you yourself like (for I know I shall like your taste) into my room.

Broach. A bottle of neat — into the Dragon, prefently. I hope, master Peter, the room I have lett

you is for your purpole.

Peter. Never was any thing more convenient, and every thing is ready against the evening. Your town, landlord, seems to be a pretty polite kind of place.

Broach. I am no townsman born, fir; a few years ago only, I purchas'd my freedom; for 'tis reckoned a very thriving place for public-houses. As for what is reckoned genteel, master Peter, you would think your-felf in a great city. We have our balls, our assemblies, and now and then our plays too; we drink, we game, we whore, we run in debt; and in all sorts of extravagancies are perfectly in the mode. But, indeed, fir, I must own that we do abound in knaves and fools; our leading men have not sense enough to be honest; and all I fear is, that they will want parts to relish your performance.

Peter. But fure, fir, your town by this time must have learnt to be polite enough to encourage what it

does not understand.

Broach. As for that matter, fir, I should not question your success, provided there were no such things as informers, lies, and prejudice. You have enemies, fir; particular enemies I cannot call 'em neither, but people who wish ill to every creature but themselves. We have such too about our topping men, who are the only people apt to believe 'em, because they are stater'd by 'em. I dare not explain myself further. As I am at present a townsman, you know, 'tis but prudence in me to keep my tongue within my teeth; I am afraid my good wishes for you, fir, hath made me to say too much already.

Peter. After the odd unaccountable things that have happened to me, I can wonder at nothing. My puppet-

shew, to be sure, hath one great sign of merit, in its time it hath suffer'd violent persecution. My little actors have still the wounds and scars upon 'em that they received by the sword of Don Quixete. In my own country I was almost demolished by a mad-man; but I cannot be in such danger now, for sools are an innocent kind of people, and not so mischievous.

Broach. By your way of thinking, mafter Peter, 'tis a fign you have not liv'd long in our town.' Mischief is the only spirit fools have; they look upon it too as the best and chief privilege of power, which they every now and then take care to let their neighbours know.

shat I can tell you.

Peter. But may not I know my enemics? who are

they, Mr. Broach?

Broach. Those who are afraid you have merit; and if ever you make it appear, you at once make all sools your enemies. It hath ever been so in all times, and in all countries. But 'tis high time to leave the assembly room; some ladies, I see, are coming, and the bottle, master Peter, stays for us. Over that, conversation always grows more free and easy.

[Exeunt,

Inter Mrs. Cackle, Lady Ninny, Lady Humdrum, Lady Bustle, Mrs. Braywell, Mrs. Pother, Mrs. Cudden, Mrs. Drone, Miss Slugg, Miss Drawle, Miss Noddipole. They enter two or three in a party, as in conwersation.

La. Ninny. Nay, dear Mrs. Cackle-

Mrs. Cackle. Pardon me, lady Ninny, I know my

duty.

La. Humd. Because that creature's spouse was made a knight before mine, she always takes occasion to go just before me in all public places; not that I value precedence a rush, but one hates to see any body so perk'd up, and so fond of it; that's all.

Mrs. Cudden. As for that matter, Lady Humdrum, to be fure there is nobody carries a title, and does it more justice than your ladyship. You have the prefence of a lady. That, madam, every body that scea

your ladyship must allow you.

La. Humd. You were always, Mrs. Cudden, extremely civil. If people of distinction knew how to behave themselves to one another as well, we should have less ill blood among us, and there would not be

so much scandal stirring.

Mrs. Bray. To be fure, madam, scandal is grown fo rise, that if one ever does an imprudent, indiscreet thing, our neighbours buz it about, before one can have an opportunity to find a friend to communicate it to ones-self. O, dear Lady Bustle, I beg ten thousand pardons. Let me die, if I saw your ladyship.

La. Bufile. But, dear Mrs. Braywell, now—there is no occasion for all this sluster. Really it is disagreeable to have a title, it is so troublesome to one's friends. Miss Harriet Noddipole! Come hither, child. Don't you think, Mrs. Drone, the girl is very genteel to-

nighti

Mrs. Drone. As for that matter, madam, I know miss Harriet hath not a scrap about her, but what is directly from London, and (as we all know) she oftener sets us the fashion than any girl in town.

La. Humd. I thought, child, you had drest your own

heads.

Mrs. Cackle. I vow 'tis mighty pretty.

La. Ninny. Charming! Mrs. Bray. Delightful!

Mrs. Cudden. Sure never was any thing half so agreeable. Is not this your own handy-work, mis

Harrict?

Harriet. Excuse me, madam, I leave thimbles to milliners. I hate what your good houswives call work. For those creatures indeed, who do not know how to amuse themselves any other way, 'tis well enough. I can't endure to be able, what they call to do any thing. Now there's miss Sukey Slugg, yonder the comes with Mrs. Pother and miss Charlotte Drawle.—Why, now that girl is very awkward: every body may see she dresses her own heads. Miss Sukey, your servant.

Mirs. Pother. One may know by miss Harriet that

the men are not come yet.

Charlotte. Nay, for that matter, Mrs. Pother, I must

own myself like her; for whenever there are men in the room, I hate to converse with women.

Mrs. Pother. To be fure, miss Charlotte, that is very

natural at your time of life.

Sukey. But I wonder how any girl can have that affurance to own it. Besides, forward girls do not always make forward men.

Mrs. Bray. Beyond all dispute, madam, there was never so hard a case as lady Buftle's, last night. I am afraid it will be too much trouble to your ladyship to tell you her game, she hath told it so often, madam.

La. Buftle. None of these apologies, I beg you. You must know then, madam, I played without. I play'd in black—in spades; aye, 'twas in spades. I had five matadores and two kings. Now you know, madam, if ! had been eldest hand, the matter would have been out of dispute. You was by, Mrs. Cackle; pray, madam, do you remember who led? 'Twas - let me fee - fir Nathaniel Ninny. No! it could not be him, for he fat directly over against me. Now I remember it, 'twas Mr. Brayweil. - Mr. Braywell - yes, 'twas so, led a ciamond; I took it with my king, which to my forrow, was trump'd. My other king was called out of my hand very unluckily the very next card; that fir Nathaniel took from me with his only trump, for you must know all the rest now lay in a hand. In short, madam, they drew all the loose cards out of my hand 'till I had only the five matadores. One fees, madam, the thing is just possible to happen, and that's all.

Harriet. Hath your ladyship made your party to-

night?

La. Bufile. We fill want one, child. But if Jack Oaf is not already engag'd, we may depend upon him. He and Will. Gosling are always sure men. But now I think on't, I won't play to-night.

La. Humd. Now I chose not to engage myself, for nothing upon earth should keep me from the puppet-

fhew.

Mrs. Cackle. Dear Madam, who ever thought of flaying from it. The whole town will be there to-night for certain.

La. Ninny. There is no body more fond of en-

couraging public diversions than I am, I would not miss it for the world. Now, would you believe it, madam, when I was in London—No—I am downright asham'd to tell you how much it cost me in opera's.—And I have no ear for music neither, nor do I understand one word of Italian. I know it sounds odd to say it; but for all that, madam, without any affectation, I do think an opera charming.

To them, Jack Oaf, Will. Gosling, with feveral men, who minyle in conversation with the ladies, whispering, flaying at eards, &c.

Mrs. Cudden. Nay, for that matter, madam, I would not have you think I faid any thing against miss Charalone Drawle's understanding. To be fure, that is what all the world must allow her, for there is no woman alive knows quadrille more thoroughly; and she almost always wins at it too.

Mrs. Pother. Why, you don't think the girl cheats.

Mrs. Cudden. I don't fay that.

Sukey. But, to be fure, madam, every lady that plays (for felf-defence) ought to know how.

Oaf. And is your ladyship really in earnest ? [To lady Humdrum, after aubispering ber.

Gost. 'Tis downright madness.

La. Humd. I tell you, Mr. Oaf, I will not be of any party at cards to night. For nothing shall keep me from the shew.

Oaf. Perhaps your ladyship may like to fee your friends and relations turn'd into ridicule.

Goff. Nay, for ought I know, ladies, you may hear fomething of yourselves too. Now, madam, you know, let the thing be how it will, all women have done fomething or other that they don't care the whole town should know.

Mrs. Drone. To be sure 'tis disagreeable to be put into a stutter.

Harriet. But, dear Jack Oaf, now,—what fignifies a joke or two upon the aldermen, supposing the puppets are so impertinent? Don't we, who are their wives and daughters, love now and then to laugh at them among ourselves?

P 6

La. Ninny. I beg you, miss Noddipole—don't be indiscreet, and quote any thing I may accidentally have said.

Mrs. Pother. Nay, miss Harriet Noddipole had better hold her tongue upon this subject, for to be sure no body hath talk'd freer of her father and uncles than she hath done.

La. Bufile. But, dear Mr. Oaf, I am sure sir Headfirong Bufile, for that matter, is not afraid of any thing a puppet can say of him. It would be downright ridiculous in us to keep from the shew. Don't your ladyship think so?

Mrs. Bray. I am fure I have heard enough already of what mankind fays of my spouse, to be concern'd at any thing the most audacious pupper can say.

Mrs. Cackle. Jack Oaf and Will Gosling, to divert themselves, had a mind to put us all in a fuss; but it

won't do.

Oaf. If alderman Braywell and fir Headstrong Bustle had not been called away from dinner, I am positive, Will, we should have carried our point among the corporation.

Gost. Pox take 'em—the women, you see, Jack, will

not bite.

Oaf. Let us look out for fir Head/Irong and alderman Braywell. They are so fair a hit, upon so many accounts, that you know they are captious upon all occasions. We must trump up some new story—

casions. We must trump up some new story—
Gost. And I'll vouch it. To be sure, Jack, you have a most prevailing turn that way. Let us about it

this moment.

Oaf. There will be no cards to-night, I see.—So we'll just make a short visit, and be with you again, ladies, before the shew. [Exeunt Oaf and Gosling.

To them enter Alderman Cackle, Sir Nathaniel Ninny, Sir Humphry Humdrum, Mr. Cudden, Mr. Drone, Mr. Slugg, Mr. Drawle, Mr. Pother, Mr. Noddipole.

Cudden. Now is not this a fine fight, alderman.

Cackle. What, to see our wives squandering and gaming, and running us in debt! neighbour Cudden?

Drone. 'Tis a fight that I have been so long us'd to, that, for my part, I cannot see where the fineness of it lies.

Pother. Sir Nathaniel here is a fort of gamester himfelf, and goes halves with his wife in ruining his family.

Drone. You have been among the ladies, Mr. Slugg. Do they know any thing of Jack Ouf and Will.

Gosting ?

Slugg. They are gone (herridly out of humour) to make a short visit—They said they would be back time enough for the snew.

Noddi. The ladies are all a-gog for it.

Sir H. Humd. Jack Oaf is in the wrong. Indeed he is, I thought Will. Golling too had a better understanding. A puppet-shew is an innocent thing—Mr. Drene, if I remember, you declar'd your opinion very frankly upon this point in t'other room.

Drone. To be fure, fir Humphry, I am for it in the main. But for all that, after what Jack Oaf and Will. Gosling have faid, we must conclude that this master

Peter is a very suspicious person.

Noddi. After we have seen the shew, Mr. Drone, 'tis

time enough to declare our opinion.

Sir N. Ninny. That, indeed, Mr. Noddibole, may be time enough for us who are no critics; but there is Oaf and Gosling now are so well acquainted with the manner and flyle of our writers, that they no sooner hear an author's name, but they decide upon the performance.

Noddi. To be fure. For they can fearce be called critics, who must hear and read a thing before they will venture to declare their opinion. Any body can do that.

Sir H. Humd. Would fir Headstrong and Mr. Braywell had finish'd their affairs! The moment they come back, we'll adjourn to the shew.

Sir N. Ninny. In the mean time, fir Humpbry, sup-

pose we join in the dance. The siddles have struck up, and the company, you see, are preparing to begin.

Enter Sir Headstrong Bustle and Mr. Braywell.

Sir H. Hund. I am forry, fir Headstrong, you were not here a little sooner.

Sir N. Ninny. Nay, for that matter, we could have provided you too, Mr. alderman Braywell, with a partner.

Enter Pickle, giving about Bills. Trumpet and Drum

Pickle. Just going to begin, ladies. We are this moment going to begin, gentlemen. Figures almost as large as the life! They move, walk, and speak as naturally and as well as any of us, gentlemen. Walk in, ladies; walk in, gentlemen, and take your places.

La. Hund. And what is your shew, I pray you, sir?

What is the name of it?

Pickle. It hath been the wonder and delight of all Europe, ladies! 'Tis the celebrated dramatic entertainment, called Melifendra.—Make room there—Make room for the ladies—Pray don't stop up the way—Take money there—I beg you, gentlemen, make way for the ladies.

[Exeunt aldermen, &c.

Enter Jack Oaf, Will. Gosling.

Oaf. What's all the company gone? [To Pickle. Pickle. Into the shew-room, and we are just going to play away; just going to begin, gentlemen.

Goss. To be sure then sir Headstrong and Mr. Bray-well must be there. Mr. Broach, you know, told us they came into this room.

Oaf. We have nothing for it but to fend a letter. I can disguise my hand. Pen, ink, and paper here.

Goss. Let a porter too be ready to carry a note immediately. [Oaf writing, and repeating as he writes.

Oaf. At any rate, fir, put a stop to the playing the puppet-shew. Alderman Braywell is personally and most maliciously abus'd; fir Headstrong Bustle is most inhumanly ridicul'd; nay, the whole corporation are no better treated. You will be made the common jest of Goatham, and if you do not put a stop to it, the town of Asstrongth (for it was they set it on foot) will have their ends. This, as a friend, I thought sit to let you know.

Gofl. This will do, Jack, I'm sure this must work.

[Enter porter.

Oaf. Deliver this to alderman Braywill—immediately—you will find him at the shew. But don't say from whence you came, and there's hush money for you—you dog, go. But, to prevent suspicion, let us go there before him. D'ye hear, don't be long after us.

[Exeunt.

SCENE, The puppet-shew-room.

The whole corporation and their wives, &c. To them enter Jack Oaf and Will. Gosling, who place them-felves among the audience.

Sir N. Ninny. Come, the prologue—the prologue.

[Porter delivers the letter, and goes out.

Pickle. Courteous spectators, see with your own eyes, Hear with your ears; and there's an end of lies.

Bray. Hold! stop, not a word more, I charge you. Cast your eye upon that letter, sir Headstrong.

[They all rife, some read and shake their beads; all in commotion.

Sir Headst. Never was any thing so audacious—A word more, sirrah, shall lay you by the heels. Hand it about among the corporation, sir Humphry.

Audience. The prologue, the prologue. Sir Headst. I charge you, fellow—not a word more. Oaf. What's the matter, fir Nathaniel?

Sir N. Ninny. Look you there-

Oaf. I was not to be believ'd.

Sir Headst. To what end hath a man riches and power, if he cannot crush the wretches who have the insolence to expose the ways by which he got them! This is not to be borne!

To thein master Peter.

Peter. I beg you, gentlemen, let me know my offence.

Braywell. We know it, and that is fufficient for us to proceed upon. We are not brought so low to suffer every paultry fellow to vindicate himself that we think sit to accuse.

Sir Headst. Such liberties are not to be taken. Call us to an account for our actions! Expose us to

the public!

Bray. I have been so long of the corporation indeed to fine purpose, if at this time of day I am not above public centure.

Sir Headit. I won't be talk'd of at all. Who shall

dare to talk of their betters?

Cudden. You and your puppets shall be taught better

manners, you impertinent fellow, you.

Peter. See it, hear it, gentlemen; you will then find I have been injur'd, and that you have been impos'd upon.

Brayw. Impos'd upon! how impudently the fellow

talks before us!

Sir N. Ninny. This is calling us downright fools to our faces! Were you ever impos'd upon, fir Humphry?

Peter. But I hope, firs, you will not disappoint the audience: consider, gentlemen, it will be a great loss

to me.

Cackle. And so much the better.

Sir Headst. Such audacious wretches should starve, who, because they are poor, are so insolently honest in every thing they say, that a rich man cannot enjoy his property in quiet for 'em.

Bray. You shall not only dismis the audience, fellow, but return the money.

Pother. We must keep these wretches down. 'Tis

right to keep mankind in dependance.

Sir Headft. 'Tis the rascals who live by their industry, who are so impertinent to us. We should suffer no body in town to get money but by our licence, and then we should never be treated with disrespect. So I tell you once again, it shall not be play'd.

La. Humd. Sir Headstrong is horridly provoking now, to hinder us of our diversion, don't you think so, lady

Ninny ?

La. Ninny. Nay, I can't say but I should have lik'd to have heard it—Yet, after all, who knows what: an impertinent fellow might have said of any of us? Not that I am asraid of any thing the fellow can say of me.

Harriet. But out of curiofity one would hear a little.

fample of it.

La. Bufle. After all, fir Headstrong, I cannot think the fellow's request so very unreasonable, to be heard

first, and judg'd afterwards.

Drawle. There is, without doubt, a little too much compliance in granting it. Yet there have been men in authority who have allowed it. My memory, alack-a-day, is weak, and I cannot remember precedents.

Sir Headst. I have said it, Mr. Drawle, and I never

retract: the thing shall not be play'd.

Sir N. Ninny. To be fure, fir Headstrong, it can never be expected that one of your good sense and resolution should ever retract, or be convinc'd you have been in the wrong—We only ask, that the fellow may be allow'd to give some short account of his shew, or a rehearsal of some of the parts of it; there can be no harm, in that sure.

Cackle. Why, we know very well what is in it, fire

Nathaniel.

Sir Headst. And when a man is determin'd what to: do, what fignifies hearing what a man has to say forchimself? La. Bufile. Do, dear fir Headstrong; let us hear fomething of it.

Sir Hendst. It looks so like condescension-

La. Bujile. Not at all, fir Headjirong; for, right or wrong, you may still abide by your point.

Sir Headst. The ladies have a curiosity to hear some

of your impertinence-You can foon fatisfy them.

Peter. All I ask, is to show and prove myself inoffensive. What I propos'd to represent, ladies, was the celebrated dramatic entertainment, called Melifendra; so often play'd in most of the capital cities of Europe.

Sir N. Ninny. Who is Melisendra? Who can he

mean by Milifendra ?

Peter. 'I'is an ancient history, Sir.

Sir H. Humd. That may be—but for all that if my name began with an M, as indeed it doth end with it, I should have a shrewd suspicion it might mean some-body else.

Sir N. Ninny. Nay, he is very near me; for an Nia the very next letter that follows it. My name is Ninny,

you know.

La. Ninny. Dear sir Nathaniel, don't interrupt the fellow.

Peter. There stands my interpreter.—Begin, repeat, Pickle. We are not permitted to draw the curtain; suppose it drawn, and now say away.

Pickle. Melifendra, ladies, wife to don Gayferos, is imprison'd by the Moors in Spain; in the town of San-

suenna, now called Saragosa.

Cudden. Why in Spain? Why must it be in Spain? Did not you, Mr. Drone, sell serges formerly to some merchant or other who traded to Spain? I beg you to recollect yoursels—He'll be about some of us presently; that I can see,

Pickle. Pray, gentlemen, have a little patience; it will be impossible else to go on. The first figure, gallants, we present you is don Gayseres, who is so unmindful of the beautiful captive Melisendra, that you see him playing at tables. Charlemagne, the suppos'd sather of Melisendra, peeps out, chides, and beats him.

for his neglect of her. The emperor, you fee, is in a huff—Now, mind, ladies and gentlemen, how herates his suppos'd fon-in-law don Gayferos. Pray, silence, gentlemen.

At tables, don! was ever such a sot! His money squander'd, and his wife forgot! Haste, rife, reclaim thy poor distressed beauty: This cudge! else shall ding thee into duty.

Sir N. Ninny. Here's a rascal now. Hold, you dog. He might as well have called me by my name. If I did get drunk, and lose my money at play, and I have not what you call reclaim'd my wise; he means, redeem'd some of her trinkets at the pawnbrokers.—'Tis plain who you mean by your don Gayseros. Are family secrets to be divulg'd, rascal?

La. Ninny. How can you be so ridiculous, sir Na-

sbaniel? I beg you don't talk of me.

Sir N. Ninny. I was afraid he was going to fay somewhat about—

La. Ninny. Hold your tongue, I tell you.

Si: N. Ninny. Did you ever tell any body of this fecret before, my dear?

La. Ninny. No, 'tis yourself have told every body of

it now; you-

Sir N. Ninny. What ?

La. Ninny. I was going to fay, fool. But you know, my dear, I have a great command of myself before company. But, dear sir Nathaniel, now don't interrupt him—Let the fellow go on.

Pickle. Don Gayferos now slings down the tables, and calls for his armour; his man (Punch) brings it to him. Now listen, gallants, 'Tis don Gayferos

that speaks.

Thus clad in steel I go to risk my life.
To which his servant says,
To bring home peace, sir?
No, replies don Gayseros,
To bring home my wise.

Sir H. Humd. Never was such audacious impertinence! My wise and I have our private wars and battles, as other married solks have; but what's that to any body else? My lady and I brought in, in a puppetshew! this is intolerable. To be sure we shall hear something of you and Mrs. Pother by and by—for I don't believe you have got the better of her yet.

Oaf. This indeed was too plain, fir Humpbry, downright scandalous! the fellow should not be suffer'd. [Lady Humdrum and Sir Humphry seem in-

a violent dispute.

Pickle. The next figure, ladies, is his coufin Roldan, who offers to affift him, and in these words encourages him to the undertaking:

Do, cousin, what all worthy knights should do; Pride, av'rice, rapine, every vice subdue.

Sir H. Buffle. Let us have no more of this speech.

You are very insolent, sellow.

Gost. Pride, avarice, rapine, vice! Are these words fit to be mention'd before the magnitrates of our town? Every child can tell who he means.

Sir H. Bustle. He hath said his worst of me. Ia m

above calumny-fo go on with your impudence.

Pickle. His coufin Roldan now lends don Gayferos his

fword Durindana.

Sir N. Ninny. His cousin Roldan! Roldan then ('tis a clear point) must mean you, Mr. Cudden, for you are my cousin you know; and to be sure there is some very malignant reslection in this unintelligible passage that he is afraid to explain, and we shall never find out.

Drazule. 'Tis manifest, sir Nathaniel, that it is a most bitter inuendo—but indeed I cannot say at what or

at whom it is levell'd.

Peter. Pray, gentlemen, have patience.—Hear it out,

and you will find you mistake the thing entirely.

Pickle. Now the scene changes to the tower of Saragosa. Melisendra appears at the window in a Meorish habit, expecting her spouse from Paris.

Sir Headst. Paris! That now is at me.

Bray. No. 'Tis at me.

Sir Headst. I won't have Paris mention'd.

Bray. All the world must apply it to me. Do but consider, fir Headstrong, I had a relation once there who was bubbled, and bubbled me too to that most conspicuous degree, that we were both look'd upon as fools—

Oaf. Excuse me, Mr. alderman Braywell, notwith-standing what you say of your kinsman, the thing is manifeltly levell'd at sir Headstrong. And there was not so much folly in the assair neither; for all the town agrees that neither Mr. Pother nor sir Headstrong are a doct the poorer for all that bubbling assair.

Pether. And why should we, I pray? for, you know, when one is to do the corporation service, one may very freely make use of the corporation's money.

Oaf. Take my advice; forbid the play at once, and

hear no more of it.

Peter. Let him go on, I beg you-indeed, gentle-

men, you will find me inoffenfive.

Pickle. A Moor steals softly behind Melisendra, and kisses her. Then in an open gallery appears the grave Moorish monarch Marsilius, king of Sansuena. Upon seeing his kinsman and favourite so saucy, he sentences him arbitrarily and immediately to be whipt through the public streets, without form or process, or

the shadow of legal proceeding.

Sir Headst. Legal proceeding! I knew he would have tother slap at me. I don't see why I should be twitted in the teeth upon this score, for I am sure I am for legal proceeding upon all occasions, but when the corporation's or my own affairs require that it should be dispensed withal. You were out, you see, Mr. Oaf, the Moor Marsilius is meant at me. Beyond all dispute, I am the Moor.

Oaf. No doubt on't, though you are only a private man, you are so considerable a member of the corporation, that the rascal would make you as black as ever he could. As you say, fir, the Moor Marsilius must be you.

Gost. And to be fure every body knows who he means

by his kinsman and favourite, who is so saucy.

Oaf. Mr. Pother is not so blind but he can see where it is meant.

 G_2/l . Nay, for that matter, Jack Oaf, by the description, we cannot say which of his kinsmen or favourites he means.—You cannot positively say that

he does mean Mr. Pother.

Peter. The guilty person can frequently make applications that no body can make but himself. Upon my word, gentlemen, I am persectly astonish'd at your observations. I hate private slander. As for general satire; the satirist is not to be accus'd of calumny; he that takes it to himself is the proclaimer and publisher of his own folly and guilt. I protest, gentlemen, you have told me several things that I did not know before.—Proceed, Pickle, proceed.

Pickle. By this time, you must know, don Gayseres is arriv'd at Saragosa; and there meeting accidentally with some of his own countrymen and neighbours

Drawle. Hold, hold, sir. My ears very much-

ceive me, or he mention'd neighbours.

Drone. You were not mistaken, Mr. Drawle, I heard it but too plain.

Cackle. Ay. There he is at us all. For you know

all of us are neighbours to some body or other.

Drawle. You are out, Mr. alderman Cackle. For he must mean, and can only mean, my worthy neighbour sir Nathaniel Ninny and myself; for we really are neighbours, call one another neighbours, and live next door to one another.

Cacile. No such matter, Mr. Drawle. The case is

plain, he's at all of us.

Sir H. Humd. We'll have no more of this impertinence.

Sir Headst. We'll hear no more on't; neighboursnothing can be more unguarded!

Bray. Return the money, rascal, and dismis the

audience.

La. Bufile. You are too hafty, husband. Because you yourself know what you are, you think every body else knows it too.—Now that does not always follow.

Audience. The shew, the shew.-Play away.

Sir Headst. Mr. Noddipole, I charge you, keep the peace.

Broach. Till now I never believ'd half that was faid

against them.

Mrs. Broach. Indeed, husband, I thought 'em only fools.

Audience. The aldermen—fmoak the aldermen—huzza! [Hooting at'em as they go out.

Peter. Because knaves and fools are a captious set of people, I am to be deny'd the common privileges of industry.

Pickle. 'Tis very hard, 'tis very unlucky. But you have had the satisfaction, sir, to see the sools expose

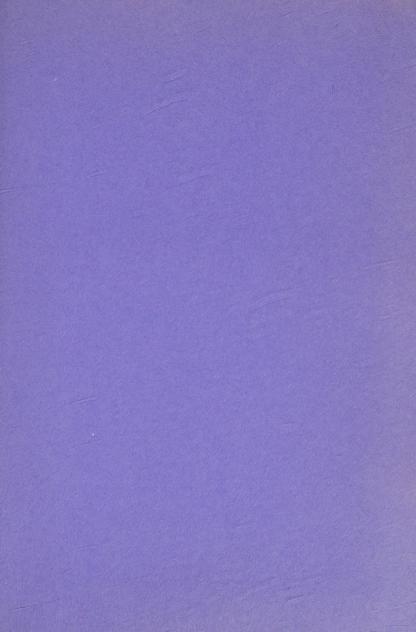
themselves.

Peter. There is nothing to be done here; they have the power, and we must submit—So to-morrow we'll leave the town. This adventure of ours hath indeed answer'd the main end of a good play. For

The drift of plays, by Aristotle's rules, Is, what you've seen—exposing knaves and sools.

FINIS.







PR Gay, John.
3473 The poetical, dramatic, and miscAl ellaneous works of John Gay.
1970
Vol.4

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